

FXS H.323 Gateway
User Manual
(BOSSTELBOX1S, BOSSTELBOX2,
BOSSTELBOX4)

Version 3.1

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Preface

Congratulations on your purchase of the VoIP Gateway.

➤ [About this User's Manual](#)

This user's guide gives hardware specifications and explains web configuration and command line configuration for the 1AFXS, 2FXS, 2AFXS, and 4AFXS.

➤ [General Syntax Conventions](#)

- Mouse action sequences are denoted using a comma. For example, click start, Settings, Control Panel, Network means first you click Start, Click or move the mouse pointer over Settings the click or move the mouse pointer over Control Panel and finally click (or double-click) Network.
- "Enter" means for your to type one or more characters.

➤ [Naming Conventions](#)

- "1AFXS" Gateway provides one Phone port and four Ethernet Port.
- "2FXS" Gateway provides two Phone port and one Ethernet Port.
- "2AFXS" Gateway provides two Phone port and one Ethernet Port.
- "4AFXS" Gateway provides four Phone port and two Ethernet Port.

➤ [Related Documentation](#)

- This user's guide provides hardware connection details and configuration and management instruction for the managements VoIP Gateway.

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Part I:

VoIP Gateway Overview

This part introduces the general features default settings and hardware of the VoIP Gateway.

Chapter 1

VoIP Gateway Overview

The chapter introduces the VoIP Gateway general feature, factory default settings and hardware.

1.1 VoIP Gateway Overview

VoIP Gateway, which based on ITU-T H.323 v3, provides voice and fax over IP networks. Its simplified operation and configuration features are the most suitable for residential and SOHO application. There are four models for VoIP Gateway, which are 1AFXS, 2FXS, 2AFXS, and 4AFXS. One more added switch hub for A series is the only difference. User can choose 2 ports or 4 ports as request in A series. Just an IP address and 2/4 phone sets bring you to Voice over IP world.

1.2 Features of The VoIP Gateway

➤ VoIP Gateway Features

- ITU-T H.323 v4 compliance
- Ethernet:
 - ◆ FXS-01: Four 10/100 Base-T Ethernet RJ45 ports (Auto LAN MDI/MDIX).
 - ◆ FXS-02: One 10Base-T Ethernet port.
 - ◆ FXS-02A/FXS-04A: Two 10/100 Base-T Ethernet ports
- Configuration interface: RS-232, TELNET and HTTP web management
- Automatic Gatekeeper Discovery
- Dimensions:
 - ◆ 1AFXS: 165(W) x 29(H) x 139mm(D)
 - ◆ 2FXS: 165(W) x 25(H) x 100mm(D)
 - ◆ 2AFXS/4AFXS: 222(W) x 34(H) x 143mm(D)
- Transmit Voice and T.38 fax simultaneously
- Support T.38 ECM function (Error Correction in high speed fax Mode)
- Provides call progress tone
- E.164 Common Dial Plan
- DTMF Dialing
- Inband/Outband DTMF
- TFTP/FTP software upgrade
- Remote configuration/reset
- LED indication for system status
- Support Static IP, DHCP and PPPoE

- Set the ring back tone from the IP or local
- FAX redundancy support
- RAS and Signal port exchangeable
- GK id support and GK auto discovery

➤ **Audio feature**

- Codec: G.711 a/μlaw, G.723.1 (6.3kbps), G.729A, G.729B, G.729AB
- VAD (Voice Activity Detection)
- CNG (Comfort Noise Generate)
- G.168/165-compliant adaptive echo cancellation
- Dynamic Jitter Buffer
- Bad Frame Interpolation
- Voice/DTMF Gain Settings
- Generate Caller ID (DTMF or FSK)
- Provide In-band or Out-band DTMF generation/detection
- Provide Progress tone

➤ **System Monitoring**

- System status (Link, Ready, Status, TEL, Power).

➤ **Remote Firmware Upgrade**

You can use FTP/TFTP to perform configuration backup/restore and firmware upgrade for the VoIP Gateway from a remote location.

➤ **Security**

- Password protection for system management
- VLAN

1.3 Default Settings

The following are the settings of the default profile

- Login: root
- Password: Null (default)

1.3.1 IP Parameters

- IP Address = 10.1.1.3
- Subnet mask = 255.0.0.0
- Default gateway = 10.1.1.254
- **LAN IP address = 192.168.123.123 (Only 1AFXS)**

1.3.2 Telnet and Web Login Password

- Login = root
- Password = Null (default)

1.4 Front Panels

The LEDs on the front panel indicate the operational status of the Gateway.



Figure 1-1 1AFXS Gateway Front Panel

The LEDs on the front panel indicate the operational status of the Gateway.



Figure 1-2 2FXS Gateway Front Panel



Figure 1-3 2AFXS Gateway Front Panel



Figure 1-4 4AFXS Gateway Front Panel

1.5 Back Panel Ports

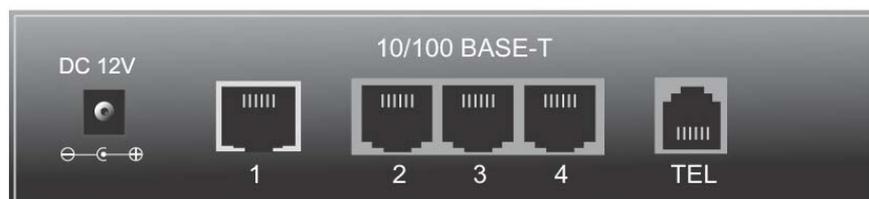


Figure 1-5 1AFXS Gateway Back Panel Ports



Figure 1-6 2FXS Gateway Back Panel Ports



Figure 1-7 2AFXS Gateway Back Panel Ports



Figure 1-8 4AFXS Gateway Back Panel Ports

1.6 Hardware Specifications

These are the hardware details of the 2FXS, 2AFXS, 4AFXS.

1.6.1 1AFXS LEDs

The following table describes the LED functions:

Table 1-1 1AFXS LEDs Descriptions

LEDs	Functions	Indicator Status	Active	Description
Power	Power	Green	On	The Power adapter is connected to the Gateway.
			Off	The system is off or not receiving power.
TEL	TEL	Red	On	The Telephone is Off-Hook.
			Off	The Telephone is On-Hook.
Ready	Ready	Green	Slow Blinking	The VoIP Gateway is in normal mode.
			Fast Blinking	The VoIP Gateway is in downloading mode.
Status	Status	Green	Off	The VoIP Gateway is in Peer-to-Peer Mode.
			On	The VoIP Gateway has successfully registered to Gatekeeper when it is in Gatekeeper mode.
			Blinking	The VoIP Gateway is not registered to Gatekeeper when it is in Gatekeeper mode. The VoIP Gateway is in downloading mode.
Active			Blinking	Ethernet data is being transmitted/received.
100/10	LAN	Green	On	The 100M LAN is connected.
			Off	The 10M LAN is connected.

LEDs	Functions	Indicator Status	Active	Description
Link	LAN	Green	On	The VoIP Gateway is physically connected to the Ethernet correctly.
Full/HLF DPX	Full/HLF DPX	Green	On	Light on means current transmitting mode is full duplex.
			Off	Light off means half-duplex.

1.6.2 2FXS LEDs

The following table describes the LED functions:

Table 1-2 2FXS LEDs Descriptions

LEDs	Functions	Indicator Status	Active	Description
Power	Power	Green	On	The Power adapter is connected to the Gateway.
			Off	The system is off or not receiving power.
TEL(1-2)	TEL	Red	On	The Telephone is Off-Hook.
			Off	The Telephone is On-Hook.
Status	Status	Green	Off	The VoIP Gateway is in Peer-to-Peer Mode.
			On	The VoIP Gateway has successfully registered to Gatekeeper when it is in Gatekeeper mode.
			Blinking	The VoIP Gateway is not registered to Gatekeeper when it is in Gatekeeper mode. The VoIP Gateway is in downloading mode.
Ready	Ready	Green	Slow Blinking	The VoIP Gateway is in normal mode.
			Fast Blinking	The VoIP Gateway is in downloading mode.
Active			Blinking	Ethernet data is being transmitted/received.
Link	LAN	Green	On	The VoIP Gateway is physically

LEDs	Functions	Indicator Status	Active	Description
				connected to the Ethernet correctly. OR The VoIP Gateway is connected to a 10M LAN.
			Off	The 10M LAN is not connected.

1.6.3 2AFXS LEDs

The following table describes the LED functions:

Table 1-3 2AFXS LEDs Functions

LEDs	Functions	Indicator Status	Active	Description
LAN				Switch to another device, such as PC
Link/ACT	Link/ACT	Green	Blinking	While plugging on the Ethernet cable, it must light on and the flash if some data is being TX/RX.
			OFF	The Ethernet cable is not connected.
10/100M	LAN	Green	Off	The 10M LAN is connected.
			On	The 100M LAN is connected.
WAN				Uplink to the HUB/Router directly.
Link/ACT	Link/ACT	Green	Blinking	While plugging on the Ethernet cable, it must light on and the flash if some data is being TX/RX.
			OFF	The Ethernet cable is not connected.
10/100M	WAN	Green	Off	The 10M WAN is connected.
			On	The 100M WAN is connected.
Ready	Ready	Green	Slow Blinking	The VoIP Gateway is in normal mode.
			Fast Blinking	The VoIP Gateway is in downloading mode.
Status	Status	Green	Off	The VoIP Gateway is in Peer-to-Peer Mode.
			On	The VoIP Gateway has successfully registered to

LEDs	Functions	Indicator Status	Active	Description
				Gatekeeper when it is in Gatekeeper mode.
			Blinking	The VoIP Gateway is not registered to Gatekeeper when it is in Gatekeeper mode. The VoIP Gateway is in downloading mode.
TEL(1-2)	TEL	Red	On	The Telephone is Off-Hook.
			Off	The Telephone is On-Hook.
Power	Power	Green	On	The Power adapter is connected to the Gateway.
			Off	The system is off or not receiving power.

1.6.4 4AFXS LEDs

Table 1-4 LEDs Functions

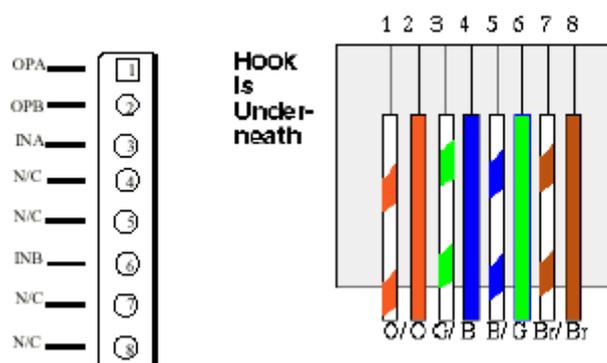
LEDs	Functions	Indicator Status	Active	Description
LAN				Switch to another device, such as PC
Link/ACT	Link/ACT	Green	Blinking	While plugging on the Ethernet cable, it must light on and the flash if some data is being TX/RX.
			OFF	The Ethernet cable is not connected.
10/100M	LAN	Green	Off	The 10M LAN is connected.
			On	The 100M LAN is connected.
WAN				Uplink to the HUB/Router directly.
Link/ACT	Link/ACT	Green	Blinking	While plugging on the Ethernet cable, it must light on and the flash if some data is being TX/RX.
			OFF	The Ethernet cable is not connected.
10/100M	WAN	Green	Off	The 10M WAN is connected.
			On	The 100M WAN is connected.
Ready	Ready	Green	Slow	The VoIP Gateway is in normal

LEDs	Functions	Indicator Status	Active	Description
			Blinking	mode.
			Fast Blinking	The VoIP Gateway is in downloading mode.
Status	Status	Green	Off	The VoIP Gateway is in Peer-to-Peer Mode.
			On	The VoIP Gateway has successfully registered to Gatekeeper when it is in Gatekeeper mode.
			Blinking	The VoIP Gateway is not registered to Gatekeeper when it is in Gatekeeper mode. The VoIP Gateway is in downloading mode.
TEL(1-4)	TEL	Red	On	The Telephone is Off-Hook.
			Off	The Telephone is On-Hook.
Power	Power	Green	On	The Power adapter is connected to the Gateway.
			Off	The system is off or not receiving power.

1.6.5 Back Panel Port

➤ Ethernet Port:

Ethernet port is for connecting VoIP Gateway to network, transmit rate supports 10/100 Base-T.

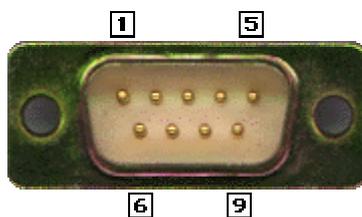


Ethernet connector (LAN)

➤ **COM Port:**

RS232 console port (DB-9pin male connector)

Note: use straightforward cable to connect to your computer.



PINOUTS

Pin	Name	Dir	Description
2	RXD	←	Receive Data
3	TXD	→	Transmit Data
5	GND	—	System Ground

➤ **TEL Port:**

RJ-11 connector, FXS interface. To connect analog phone sets or trunk line of PABX.

➤ **12V DC Port:**

DC Power supply.

1.6.6 Back Panel Connections

This section outlines how to connect your VoIP Gateway to the LAN and the WAN. In the case of connecting a Cable Modem you must connect the coaxial cable from your cable service to the threaded coaxial cable connect on the back of the cable modem.

Step 1. Connecting the Console Port

For the initial configuration of your VoIP Gateway, you need to use terminal emulator software on a workstation and connect it to the VoIP Gateway the console port. Connect the 9-pin end of the console cable to the console port of the VoIP Gateway and the other end to a serial port (COM1, COM2 or other COM port) of your workstation. You can use an extension RS-232 cable if the enclosed one is too short. After the initial setup, you can modify the configuration remotely through telnet connections.

Step 2. Connect the VoIP Gateway to the WAN port

Connect the WAN port (silver) on the VoIP Gateway to the Ethernet port on the cable modem using the cable that came with your cable modem. The Ethernet port on the cable modem is sometimes labeled “PC” or “Workstation”.

Step 3. Connecting the PC to the LAN

If you have more than one PC, you must use an external hub. Connect the 10/100M LAN Port (gold) on the VoIP Gateway to a port on the hub using a straight through Ethernet cable. If you only have one PC, you can connect the VoIP Gateway to the PC directly without a hub. For a single PC, connect the 10/100M LAN port on the VoIP Gateway to the Network Adapter on the PC using a crossover cable (red tag).

Step 4. Connecting the Power Adapter to your VoIP Gateway

Connect the power adapter to the port labeled **POWER** on the rear panel VoIP Gateway.

Caution: To prevent damage to the VoIP Gateway, first make sure you have the correct AC power adapter. Please see the Appendices for AC power adapter specifications for your region.

Step 5. Grounding the VoIP Gateway

If you want to ground the VoIP Gateway then connect a grounded wire to the F.G. (Frame Ground) of the VoIP Gateway.

1.7 Additional Installation Requirements

In addition to the contents of your package, there are other hardware and software requirements you need before you can install and use your VoIP Gateway. These requirements include:

1. A computer with an Ethernet NIC (Network Interface Card) installed.
2. A computer equipped with communications software configured to the following parameters:
 - ◆ VT100 terminal emulation.
 - ◆ 9600 Baud.
 - ◆ No parity, 8 Data bits, 1 stop bit, Flow Control set to None.
3. Use Internet Explorer 5.5 and later or Netscape Navigator 6 and later versions.
4. Analog telephone set
5. Software tools: Gatekeeper (optional)

After the VoIP Gateway is properly set up, you can make future changes to the configuration through telnet connections

1.8 Setting Up the TCP/IP Protocol

If you are not sure whether the TCP/IP Protocol has been installed, follow these setups to check, and if necessary, install TCP/IP onto your PCs.

Step 1. Click the [Start] button, Choose [Settings], then [Control Panel].

Double-click the [Network] icon. Your Network window should appear as follows.

Step 2. Select the [Configuration] tab.

Import:

For Windows 2000 & Windows XP Setting, you will find that they differs with Windows 98/ME/NT slightly. See the Following for reference.

Click the “Local Area Connection” icon on the lower right hand side of your desktop screen.

In the [Local Area Connection Status] windows, click the [Properties] button the your Network windows will appear.

There is only one tab, [General], in the Network window.

Step 3. Click whether the TCP/IP Protocol has already been installed onto your computer’s Ethernet card. Note that TCP/IP Protocol an be installed for a computer’s Dial-Up Adapter as well as for the Ethernet cad.

- If yes, go to set 7.
- If no, click the [Add] button

Step 4. Double-click [Protocol] in the Select Network Component Type or highlight [Protocol] then click [Add].

Step 5. Highlight [Microsoft] under the list of manufactures

Step 6. After a new second, you will be returned to the Network window. The TCP/IP Protocol should now be on the list of installed network components.

Step 7. Click the [Properties] button. The TCP/IP Properties windows consist of several tabs. Choose the [IP Address] tab.

Step 8. Select [Specify an IP Address] and enter [10.1.1.1] in the [IP Address] location (where xxx is a number between 2 and 254 used by the VoIP Gateway to identify each computer), and the default [Subnet Mask: 255.0.0.0]. Note than no two computers on the same LAN can have the same IP address.

Step 9. Click on the [DNS Configuration] tab and select [Enable DNS]. Then click the [Add] button.

Step 10. Click on the [Gateway] tab and enter the High-Performance VoIP Gateway default gateway value 10.1.1.254 in the [new gateway] field, then click [Add] Button.

Step 11. Click [OK] button, Restart your PC to complete the TCP/IP installation.

1.9 Power Up Your VoIP Gateway

At this point, you should have connected the console port, the LAN Port, the WAN port and the power port to the appropriate devices or lines. Plug the power

adapter into a wall outlet. The Power LED should be on. The Status LED will come on after the system tests are complete. The WAN LED and one of the LAN LEDs come on immediately after the Status LED come on, if connections have been made to the LAN and WAN ports.

:

Part II:

Web Configuration with VoIP Gateway

This part tells how to access and navigate the web configurator and perform initial configuration. It also describes the Getting Started web configuration when you use the VoIP Gateway.

Chapter 2

Web Configuration with FXS Introduction

This Chapter describes how to login into the WEB and navigate through it.

2.1 Web Configuration with FXS Overview

The embedded web configuration allows you to use a web browser to manage the VoIP Gateway.

2.2 Accessing the Web Configuration

You will need a computer with and Ethernet 10BaseT, 100Base-TX Network Interface Card (NIC). Connect to the LAN port in the FXS.

Use Internet Explorer 5.5 and later or Netscape Navigator 6 and later versions.

Use the following instructions to login on to the web configuration.

2.3 Login and welcome screen

Step 1. Start your web browser.

Step 2. Launch your web browser and enter [10.1.1.3] (the default IP address of the VoIP Gateway) in the Location or Address field. Press Enter.

Step 3. The Password screen now appears. Type [root] in the user name field (it may display automatically for you) and your password (default [Null]) in the password field.

Step 4. Click OK.



Figure 2-1 Login Screen

Step 5. After a successful login, you will see the welcome screen show next.

2.4 Welcome Screen

This is the web configuration welcome screen. Click a link on the navigation panel to go to the corresponding screen.

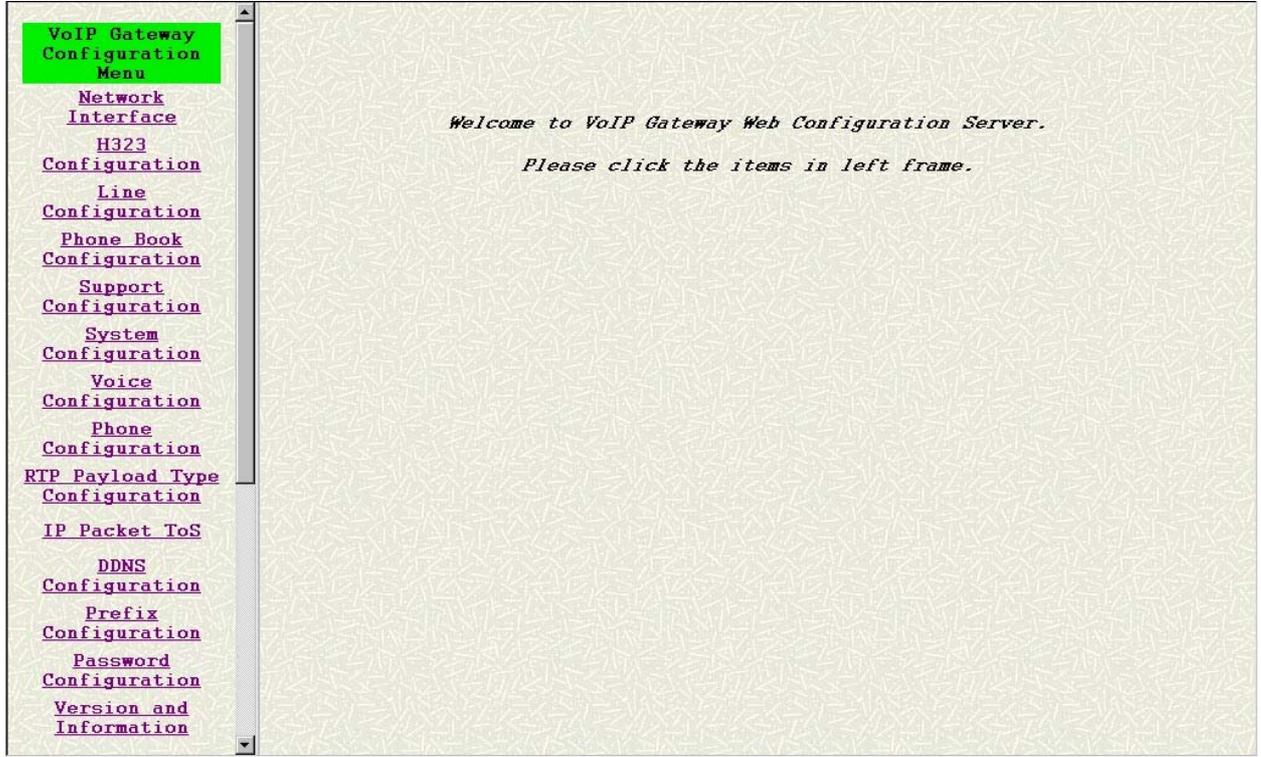
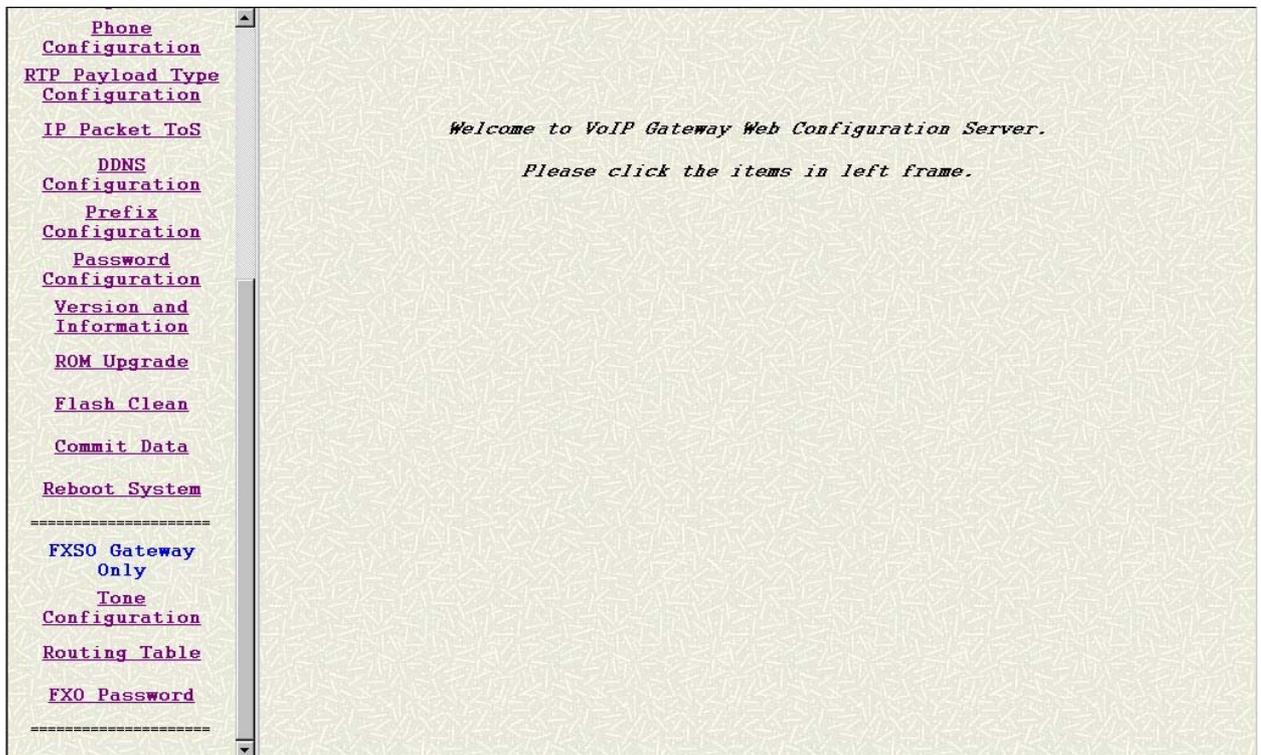


Figure 2-2 VoIP Gateway web configuration welcome screen



The following table describes the screen.

Table 2-1 Navigation Panel Links

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Network Interface	This link takes you to a screen where you can configure the VoIP Gateway Network Interface Information.
H323 Information	This link takes you to a screen where you can setup up H323 Information.
Line Status	This link takes you to a screen. When will set hotline, no answer forward; understand Line registration and use status of the VoIP Gateway.
Phone Book	This link takes you to a screen where you can set up Phone Book Information.
Support Configuration	This link takes you to a screen where you can set up Support Functions Configuration.
System Configuration	This link takes you to a screen where you can set up System Configuration.
Voice Setting	This link takes you to a screen where you can set up Voice Configuration.
Phone Configuration	This link takes you to a screen. When will set phone patterns of the VoIP Gateway.
RTP Payload Type configuration	This link takes you to a screen. When will set RTP Payload Type patterns of the VoIP Gateway.
IP Packet ToS	This link takes you to a screen. When will set IP Pack ToS of the VoIP Gateway.
DDNS Configuration	This link takes you to a screen. When will use DDNS of the VoIP Gateway.
Prefix Configuration	This link takes you to a screen. When will set prefix number of the VoIP Gateway.
Version and Information	This link takes you to a screen. When will understand Version and Information of the VoIP Gateway.
Password	This link takes you to a screen. When will change passwords.
ROM Upgrade	This link takes you to a screen. When will change ROM Upgrade configuration.
Flash Clean	This link takes you to a screen. When will clean flash memory information back to factory setting.
Commit Data	This link takes you to a screen. When will save your

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
	changes to the non-volatile memory.
Reboot System	This link takes you to a screen. When will reboot VoIP Gateway.
FXSO Gateway Only	FXO Gateway special setting. Only use FXO port can set.
Route Table	This link takes you to a screen. When will set Routing Table is a rule to define the destination of the calls you make (FXO Gateway only).
Tone Configuration	This link takes you to a screen. When will set Tone pattern (FXO Gateway only).
FXO Password	This link takes you to a screen. When will set use FXO password (FXO Gateway only).

2.5 Saving Your Configuration

Click OK to save your changes back to the VoIP Gateway volatile memory. The VoIP Gateway loses these changes if it is turned off or loses power, so use the Commit Data link on the navigation panel to the left to save your changes to the non-volatile memory when your are done configuring.

2.6 Navigating the Web Configuration

The web configuration uses one level. For example, to configure [Network Interface], click the link on the navigation panel to open the configuration screen.

Network Interface	
IP Mode:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Static <input type="radio"/> DHCP <input type="radio"/> PPPoE
IP Address:	<input type="text" value="192"/> . <input type="text" value="168"/> . <input type="text" value="13"/> . <input type="text" value="81"/>
Subnet Mask:	<input type="text" value="255"/> . <input type="text" value="255"/> . <input type="text" value="248"/> . <input type="text" value="0"/>
Default Routing Gateway:	<input type="text" value="192"/> . <input type="text" value="168"/> . <input type="text" value="8"/> . <input type="text" value="254"/>
LAN Port IP for NAT:	<input type="text" value="192"/> . <input type="text" value="168"/> . <input type="text" value="123"/> . <input type="text" value="123"/>
DNS primary:	<input type="text" value="168"/> . <input type="text" value="95"/> . <input type="text" value="1"/> . <input type="text" value="1"/>
DNS secondary:	<input type="text" value="168"/> . <input type="text" value="95"/> . <input type="text" value="1"/> . <input type="text" value="2"/>
HITP Port:	<input type="text" value="80"/>
SNTP:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
SNTP Server Address:	<input type="text" value="168"/> . <input type="text" value="95"/> . <input type="text" value="195"/> . <input type="text" value="12"/>
GMT:	<input type="text" value="8"/>
IP Sharing:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
IP Sharing Server Address:	<input type="text" value="192"/> . <input type="text" value="168"/> . <input type="text" value="15"/> . <input type="text" value="202"/>
IP Change:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
PPPoE User Name:	<input type="text" value="84460791@hinet.net"/>
PPPoE Password:	<input type="text" value="*****"/>

Figure 2-3 Network Interface Screen

Chapter 3 Initial Configuration

This Chapter covers the basic configuration needed to set up and use the VoIP Gateway. Refer to the other part describes about individual fields within screens.

3.1 Initial Configuration Overview

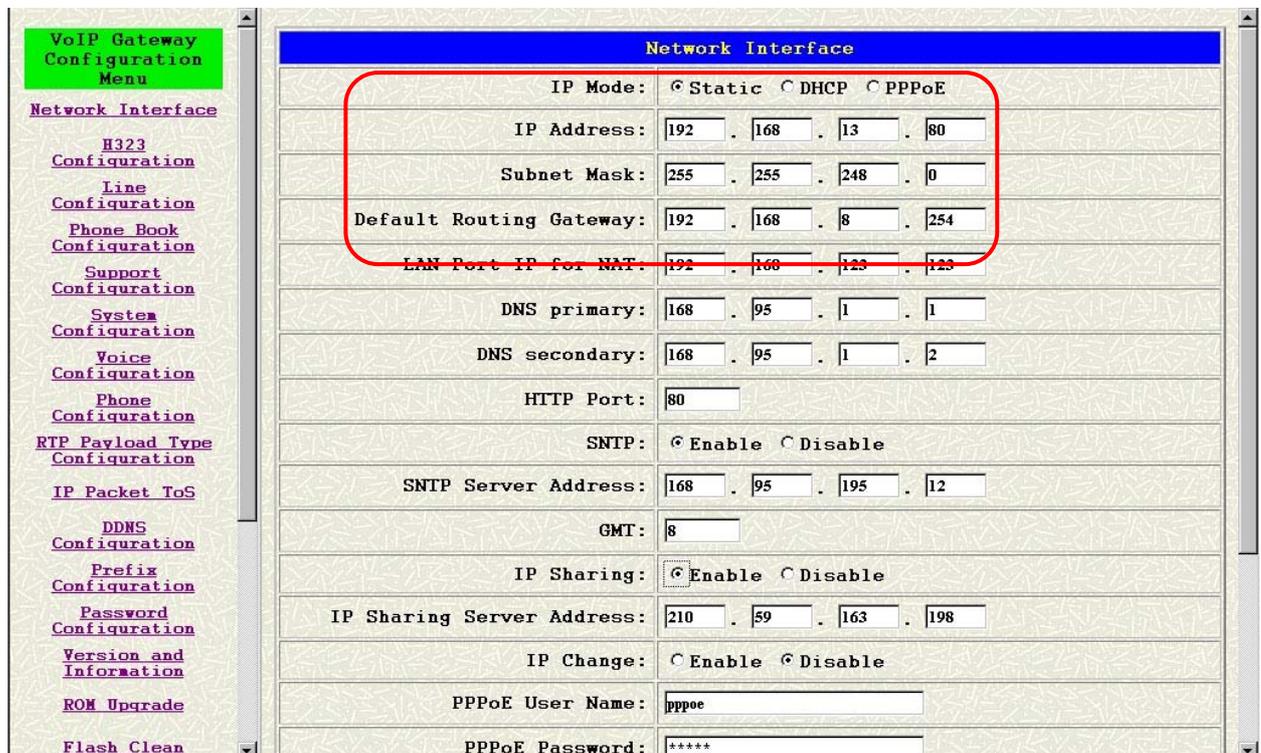
This chapter describes the procedure for the initial configuration of the VoIP Gateway. Refer to the relevant chapters in this User's Guide for descriptions of the fields and buttons within individual screens.

3.2 General Configuration

The VoIP Gateway the factory with a default IP address of 10.1.1.3 and a subnet mask of 255.0.0.0, default gateway of 10.1.1.254.

3.3 Static IP address

Step 1. Configuration the VoIP Gateway IP address. Click [Network Interface] on the navigation panel. In the Network Interface screen, type a new IP address, subnet mask and the default routing gateway (e.g. IP Address: 192.168.13.80, Subnet mask: 255.255.248.0, Default routing gateway: 192.168.8.254) and click the OK button.



Network Interface	
IP Mode:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Static <input type="radio"/> DHCP <input type="radio"/> PPPoE
IP Address:	192 . 168 . 13 . 80
Subnet Mask:	255 . 255 . 248 . 0
Default Routing Gateway:	192 . 168 . 8 . 254
LAN Port IP for NAT:	192 . 168 . 123 . 123
DNS primary:	168 . 95 . 1 . 1
DNS secondary:	168 . 95 . 1 . 2
HTTP Port:	80
SNTP:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
SNTP Server Address:	168 . 95 . 195 . 12
GMT:	8
IP Sharing:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
IP Sharing Server Address:	210 . 59 . 163 . 198
IP Change:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
PPPoE User Name:	pppoe
PPPoE Password:	*****

<p>VoIP Gateway Configuration Menu</p> <p><u>Network Interface</u></p> <p><u>H323 Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Line Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Phone Book Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Support Configuration</u></p> <p><u>System Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Voice Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Phone Configuration</u></p> <p><u>RTP Payload Type Configuration</u></p> <p><u>IP Packet ToS</u></p> <p><u>DDNS Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Prefix Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Password Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Version and Information</u></p> <p><u>ROM Upgrade</u></p> <p><u>Flash Clean</u></p>	DNS primary:	168 . 95 . 1 . 1
	DNS secondary:	168 . 95 . 1 . 2
	HTTP Port:	80
	SNTP:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
	SNTP Server Address:	168 . 95 . 195 . 12
	GMT:	8
	IP Sharing:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
	IP Sharing Server Address:	210 . 59 . 163 . 198
	IP Change:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
	PPPoE User Name:	pppoe
	PPPoE Password:	*****
	PPPoE IP Address:	
	PPPoE Destination:	
	PPPoE DNS primary:	
	Reboot After Remote Host Disconnection:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
	OK	

Figure 3-1 Network Interface

Step 2. Click [Commit Data] on the navigation panel. In the Commit Configuration Data screen, click the [Commit] button. In the Commit Configuration Data screen to Display [Commit to Flash OK!], When the Commit Data Ok.

<p><u>Support Configuration</u></p> <p><u>System Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Voice Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Phone Configuration</u></p> <p><u>RTP Payload Type Configuration</u></p> <p><u>IP Packet ToS</u></p> <p><u>DDNS Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Prefix Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Password Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Version and Information</u></p> <p><u>ROM Upgrade</u></p> <p><u>Flash Clean</u></p> <p><u>Commit Data</u></p> <p><u>Reboot System</u></p> <hr/> <p><u>FXSO Gateway Only</u></p> <p><u>Tone Configuration</u></p>	Commit Configuration Data	
	It will take few seconds...	
	COMMIT	

Figure 3-2 Commit Configuration Data

Step 3. Click [Reboot System] on the navigation panel. In the VoIP Gateway screen, click the [Reboot] button. It will take 40 seconds to reboot.

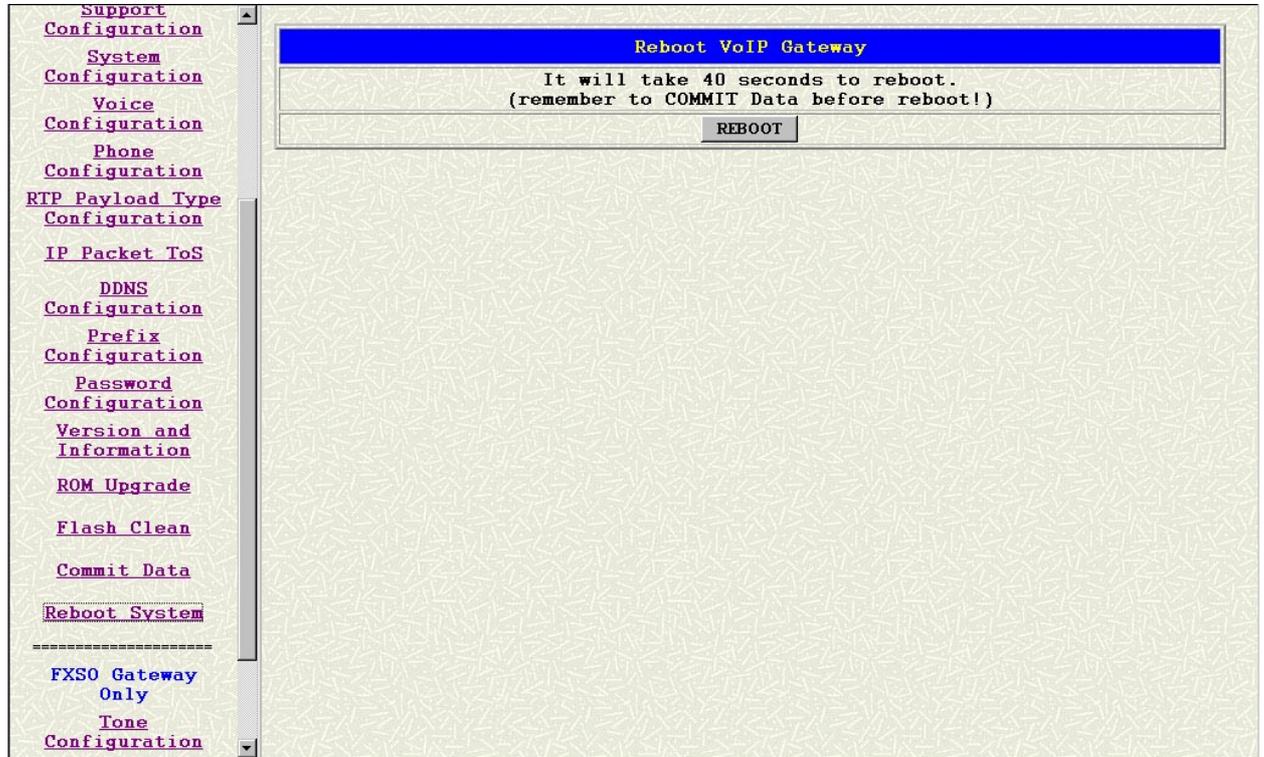
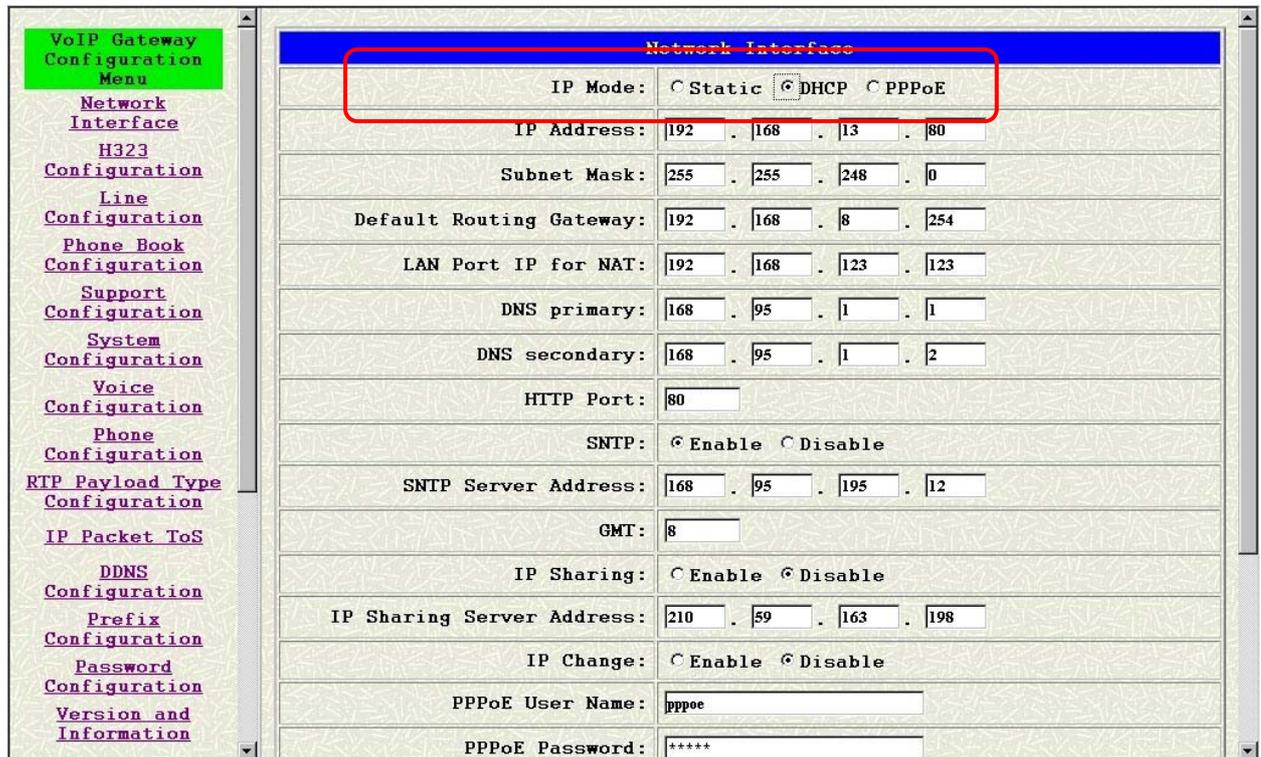


Figure 3-3 Reboot VoIP Gateway

Step 4. Close the current browser windows and launch your web browser again. Enter the new IP address in the Location or Address field.

3.4 DHCP mode

Step 1. Configuration the VoIP Gateway IP address for DHCP Mode. Click [Network Interface] on the navigation panel. In the Network Interface screen, enable the DHCP function if you are using the cable modem or DHCP server and click the [OK] button.



Network Interface	
IP Mode:	<input type="radio"/> Static <input checked="" type="radio"/> DHCP <input type="radio"/> PPPoE
IP Address:	192 . 168 . 13 . 80
Subnet Mask:	255 . 255 . 248 . 0
Default Routing Gateway:	192 . 168 . 8 . 254
LAN Port IP for NAT:	192 . 168 . 123 . 123
DNS primary:	168 . 95 . 1 . 1
DNS secondary:	168 . 95 . 1 . 2
HTTP Port:	80
SNTP:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
SNTP Server Address:	168 . 95 . 195 . 12
GMT:	8
IP Sharing:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
IP Sharing Server Address:	210 . 59 . 163 . 198
IP Change:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
PPPoE User Name:	pppoe
PPPoE Password:	*****

Figure 3-4 Network Interface

- Step 2. Click [Commit Data] on the navigation panel. In the Commit Configuration Data screen, click the Commit button. In the Commit Configuration Data screen to Display [Commit to Flash OK!], When the Commit Data Ok.
- Step 3. Click [Reboot System] on the navigation panel. In the VoIP VoIP Gateway screen, click the [Reboot] button. It will take 40 seconds to reboot.
- Step 4. Close the current browser windows and launch your web browser again. Enter the new IP address in the Location or Address field.

3.5 PPPoE mode



Step 1. Configuration the VoIP Gateway IP address for PPPoE Mode. Click [Network Interface] on the navigation panel. In the Network Interface screen, Select IP mode: PPPoE, and put the info of the PPPoE User Name, password, and Reboot After Remote Host Disconnection: Enable (e.g. User: 123456@hinet.net, password: 123456) and click the [OK] button.

<p>VoIP Gateway Configuration Menu</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Network Interface H323 Configuration Line Configuration Phone Book Configuration Support Configuration System Configuration Voice Configuration Phone Configuration RTP Payload Type Configuration IP Packet ToS DDNS Configuration Prefix Configuration Password Configuration Version and Information 	Network Interface			
	IP Mode: <input type="radio"/> Static <input type="radio"/> DHCP <input checked="" type="radio"/> PPPoE			
	IP Address:	192	. 168	. 13 . 81
	Subnet Mask:	255	. 255	. 248 . 0
	Default Routing Gateway:	192	. 168	. 8 . 254
	LAN Port IP for NAT:	192	. 168	. 123 . 123
	DNS primary:	168	. 95	. 1 . 1
	DNS secondary:	168	. 95	. 1 . 2
	HTTP Port:	80		
	SNTP:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable		
	SNTP Server Address:	168	. 95	. 195 . 12
	GMT:	8		
	IP Sharing:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable		
	IP Sharing Server Address:	192	. 168	. 15 . 202
	IP Change:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable		
PPPoE User Name:	84460791@hinet.net			
PPPoE Password:	*****			

<p>VoIP Gateway Configuration Menu</p> <p>Network Interface</p> <p>H323 Configuration</p> <p>Line Configuration</p> <p>Phone Book Configuration</p> <p>Support Configuration</p> <p>System Configuration</p> <p>Voice Configuration</p> <p>Phone Configuration</p> <p>RTP Payload Type Configuration</p> <p>IP Packet ToS</p> <p>DDNS Configuration</p> <p>Prefix Configuration</p> <p>Password Configuration</p> <p>Version and Information</p>	DNS primary:	168 . 95 . 1 . 1
	DNS secondary:	168 . 95 . 1 . 2
	HTTP Port:	80
	SNTP:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
	SNTP Server Address:	168 . 95 . 195 . 12
	GMT:	8
	IP Sharing:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
	IP Sharing Server Address:	192 . 168 . 15 . 202
	IP Change:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
	PPPoE User Name:	84460791@hinet.net
	PPPoE Password:	*****
	PPPoE IP Address:	
	PPPoE Destination:	
	PPPoE DNS primary:	
	Reboot After Remote Host Disconnection:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
<input type="button" value="OK"/>		

Figure 3-5 PPPoE Device Configuration

- Step 2.** Click [Commit Data] on the navigation panel. In the Commit Configuration Data screen, click the Commit button. In the Commit Configuration Data screen to Display [Commit to Flash OK!], When the Commit Data Ok.
- Step 3.** Click [Reboot System] on the navigation panel. In the VoIP VoIP Gateway screen, click the [Reboot] button. It will take 40 seconds to reboot.
- Step 4.** Close the current browser windows and launch your web browser again. Enter the new IP address in the Location or Address field. .

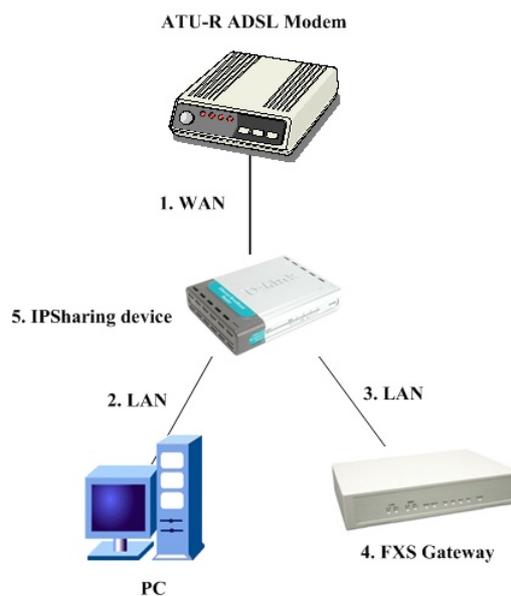
VoIP Gateway Configuration Menu <u>Network Interface</u> H323 Configuration Line Configuration Phone Book Configuration Support Configuration System Configuration Voice Configuration Phone Configuration RTP Payload Type Configuration IP Packet ToS DDNS Configuration Prefix Configuration Password Configuration Version and Information ROM Upgrade Flash Clean	DNS primary:	168 . 95 . 1 . 1
	DNS secondary:	168 . 95 . 1 . 2
	HTTP Port:	80
	SNTP:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
	SNTP Server Address:	168 . 95 . 195 . 12
	GMT:	8
	IP Sharing:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
	IP Sharing Server Address:	210 . 59 . 163 . 198
	IP Change:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
	PPPoE User Name:	84460791@hinet.net
	PPPoE Password:	*****
	PPPoE IP Address:	61.216.37.79
	PPPoE Destination:	61.216.37.254
	PPPoE DNS primary:	168.95.192.1
	Reboot After Remote Host Disconnection:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
	OK	

3.6 IP Sharing Configuration

The function is only for the user who is using the IP Sharing device. It is said Gateway is connected to the IP Sharing device.

The IP Sharing Device must support the DMZ or Virtual server functions

An e.g. such as ADSL network is in the following.



Step 1. The WAN IP Address obtained from ADSL has two kinds of methods.

Step 2. One is fixed IP Address, while user applies for one or more fixed IP Addresses.

Step 3. Another is dynamic IP Address while user applies for dial-up connection way. The LAN IP Address of User's PC can be set as DHCP client in order to gain a valid one.

Step 4. Another IP Address for Gateway must be set as an fixed one in order for that IP Sharing device pass forwarding the relevant information from WAN to LAN. Besides, a valid IP Address meets the IP Sharing device (LAN site) is the element.

Step 5. VoIP Gateway must enable the IP Sharing function for the fixed/dynamic WAN IP Address.

Note:

With Dynamic WAN IP Address, a valid Gatekeeper for VoIP Gateway to get register on is a must. In other word, it is not workable in Peer-to-Peer mode while dynamic WAN IP Address.

Step 6. IP Sharing device must have a function to do IP/Port mapping. Some is named as DMZ, some is named as virtual server whatever. The VoIP messages from WAN have to completely pass forward to the LAN. It is said if the VoIP Gateway is assigned a virtual fixed IP Address such as 192.168.1.5, IP Sharing device must forward the VoIP message to 192.168.1.5.

Step 7. Configuration the VoIP Gateway IP address for IP Sharing Mode. Click [Network Interface] on the navigation panel. In the Network Interface screen, enter the IP address, Subnet mask and the default gateway in the network table. Please follow up your IP Sharing device

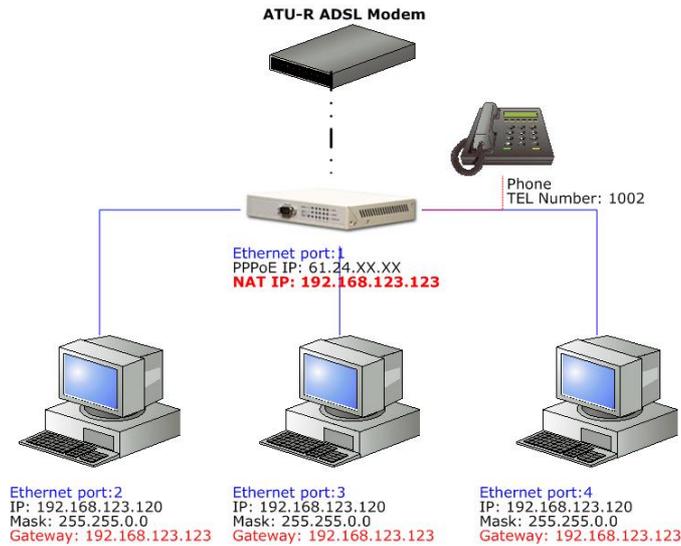
Step 8. Enable the IP sharing function and put the static IP address in the IP Sharing server address (e.g. 210.59.163.198) and click the OK button.

Network Interface	
IP Mode:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Static <input type="radio"/> DHCP <input type="radio"/> PPPoE
IP Address:	192 . 168 . 13 . 80
Subnet Mask:	255 . 255 . 248 . 0
Default Routing Gateway:	192 . 168 . 8 . 254
LAN Port IP for NAT:	192 . 168 . 123 . 123
DNS primary:	168 . 95 . 1 . 1
DNS secondary:	168 . 95 . 1 . 2
HTTP Port:	80
SNTP:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
SNTP Server Address:	168 . 95 . 195 . 12
GMT:	8
IP Sharing:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
IP Sharing Server Address:	210 . 59 . 163 . 198
IP Change:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
PPPoE User Name:	pppoe
PPPoE Password:	*****

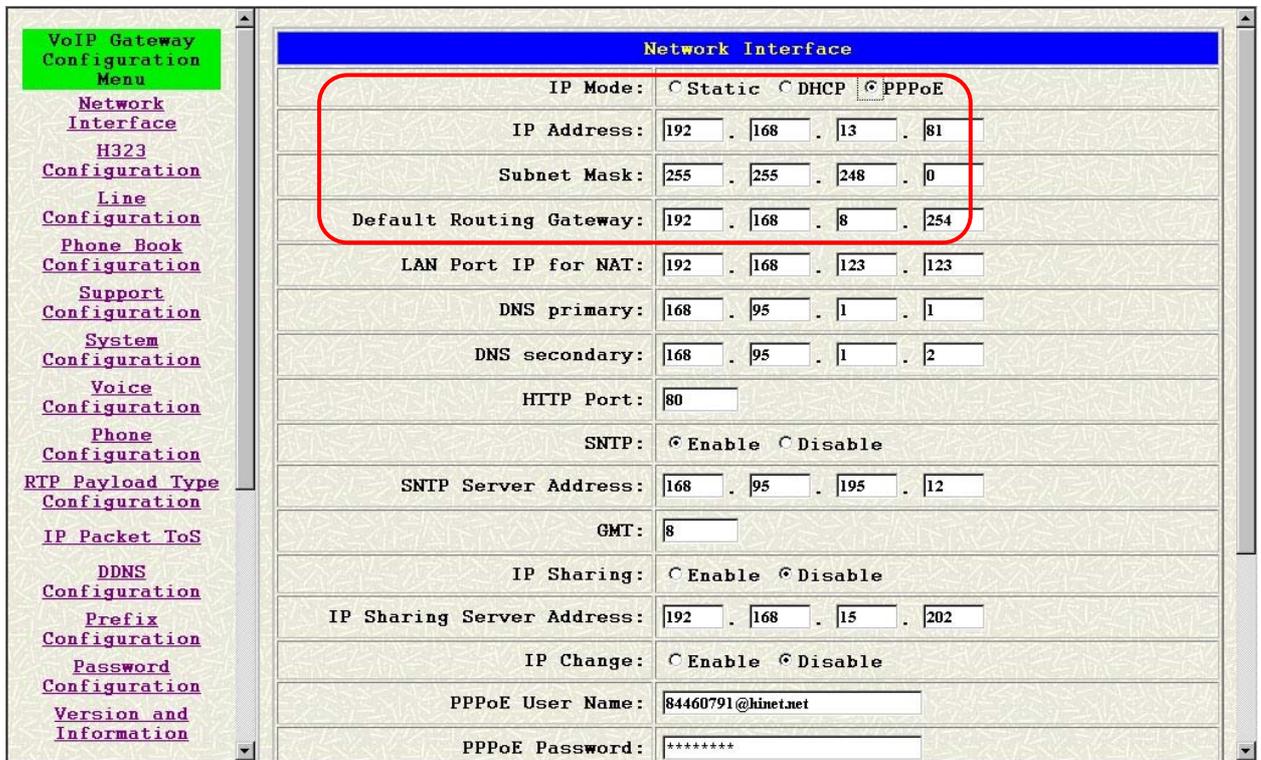
Figure 3-6 Enable the IP sharing function

- Step 9. Click [Commit Data] on the navigation panel. In the Commit Configuration Data screen, click the Commit button. In the Commit Configuration Data screen to Display [Commit to Flash OK!], When the Commit Data Ok.
- Step 10. Click [Reboot System] on the navigation panel. In the VoIP Gateway screen, click the [Reboot] button. It will take 40 seconds to reboot.
- Step 11. Close the current browser windows and launch your web browser again. Enter the new IP address in the Location or Address field.

3.7 PPPoE (NAT) mode (1A-FXS)



Step 1. Configuration the VoIP Gateway IP address for PPPoE Mode. Click PPPoE Configuration on the navigation panel. In the PPPoE Configuration screen, On the Device and put the info of the PPPoE User Name and password (e.g. User: 123456@hinet.net, password: 123456) and click the OK button.



Network Interface	
IP Mode:	<input type="radio"/> Static <input type="radio"/> DHCP <input checked="" type="radio"/> PPPoE
IP Address:	192 . 168 . 13 . 81
Subnet Mask:	255 . 255 . 248 . 0
Default Routing Gateway:	192 . 168 . 8 . 254
LAN Port IP for NAT:	192 . 168 . 123 . 123
DNS primary:	168 . 95 . 1 . 1
DNS secondary:	168 . 95 . 1 . 2
HTTP Port:	80
SNTP:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
SNTP Server Address:	168 . 95 . 195 . 12
GMT:	8
IP Sharing:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
IP Sharing Server Address:	192 . 168 . 15 . 202
IP Change:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
PPPoE User Name:	84460791@hinet.net
PPPoE Password:	*****

<p>VoIP Gateway Configuration Menu</p> <p>Network Interface</p> <p>H323 Configuration</p> <p>Line Configuration</p> <p>Phone Book Configuration</p> <p>Support Configuration</p> <p>System Configuration</p> <p>Voice Configuration</p> <p>Phone Configuration</p> <p>RTP Payload Type Configuration</p> <p>IP Packet ToS</p> <p>DDNS Configuration</p> <p>Prefix Configuration</p> <p>Password Configuration</p> <p>Version and Information</p>	DNS primary:	168 . 95 . 1 . 1
	DNS secondary:	168 . 95 . 1 . 2
	HTTP Port:	80
	SNTP:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
	SNTP Server Address:	168 . 95 . 195 . 12
	GMT:	8
	IP Sharing:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
	IP Sharing Server Address:	192 . 168 . 15 . 202
	IP Change:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
	PPPoE User Name:	84460791@hinet.net
	PPPoE Password:	*****
	PPPoE IP Address:	
	PPPoE Destination:	
	PPPoE DNS primary:	
	Reboot After Remote Host Disconnection:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
<input type="button" value="OK"/>		

Figure 3-7 PPPoE Device Configuration

- Step 2.** Click Commit Data on the navigation panel. In the Commit Configuration Data screen, click the Commit button. In the Commit Configuration Data screen to Display Commit to Flash OK!, When the Commit Data Ok.
- Step 3.** Click [Reboot System] on the navigation panel. In the VoIP Gateway screen, click the [Reboot] button. It will take 40 seconds to reboot.
- Step 4.** Close the current browser windows and launch your web browser again. Enter the new IP address in the Location or Address field.

<p>VoIP Gateway Configuration Menu</p> <p><u>Network Interface</u></p> <p><u>H323 Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Line Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Phone Book Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Support Configuration</u></p> <p><u>System Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Voice Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Phone Configuration</u></p> <p><u>RTP Payload Type Configuration</u></p> <p><u>IP Packet ToS</u></p> <p><u>DDNS Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Prefix Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Password Configuration</u></p> <p><u>Version and Information</u></p> <p><u>ROM Upgrade</u></p> <p><u>Flash Clean</u></p>	DNS primary:	168 . 95 . 1 . 1
	DNS secondary:	168 . 95 . 1 . 2
	HTTP Port:	80
	SNTP:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
	SNTP Server Address:	168 . 95 . 195 . 12
	GMT:	8
	IP Sharing:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
	IP Sharing Server Address:	210 . 59 . 163 . 198
	IP Change:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
	PPPoE User Name:	84460791@hinet.net
	PPPoE Password:	*****
	PPPoE IP Address:	61.216.37.79
	PPPoE Destination:	61.216.37.254
	PPPoE DNS primary:	168.95.192.1
	Reboot After Remote Host Disconnection:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
	<input type="button" value="OK"/>	

Step 5. Setup PC use LAN IP connection Network

Select [Specify an IP Address] and enter [192.168.123.111] in the [IP Address] location (where xxx is a number between 2 and 254 used by the VoIP Gateway to identify each computer), and the default [Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0]. Note than no two computers on the same LAN can have the same IP address. VoIP Gateway default gateway value 192.168.123.123 in the [new gateway] field. Then save your change.

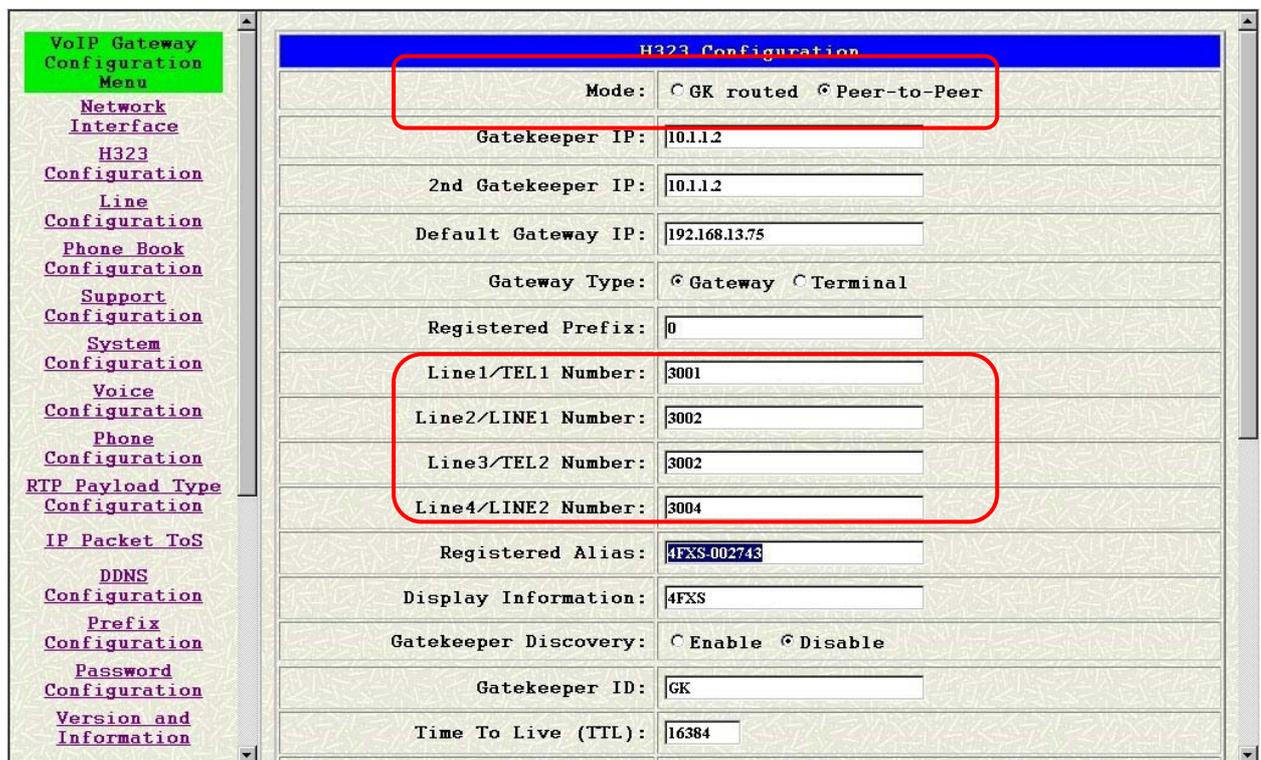
Chapter 4

Making a VoIP Call

This Chapter covers the basic configuration the gateway for making VoIP calls. One is the Peer-to-Peer mode, another is GK routed mode. The configurations and functions are different. Please make sure about the mode you want and follow up the step to configure your gateway.

4.1 Configure the gateway into the Peer-to-Peer mode

Step 1. Configuration the VoIP Gateway H323 Configuration. Click [H323 Configuration] on the navigation panel. In the H323 Configuration screen, select Peer-to-Peer Mode function, set line number (e.g. Line1 Number 3001, Line2 Number: 3002) and click the [OK] button.



H323 Configuration	
Mode:	<input type="radio"/> GK routed <input checked="" type="radio"/> Peer-to-Peer
Gatekeeper IP:	10.1.1.2
2nd Gatekeeper IP:	10.1.1.2
Default Gateway IP:	192.168.13.75
Gateway Type:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Gateway <input type="radio"/> Terminal
Registered Prefix:	0
Line1/TEL1 Number:	3001
Line2/LINE1 Number:	3002
Line3/TEL2 Number:	3002
Line4/LINE2 Number:	3004
Registered Alias:	4FXS-002743
Display Information:	4FXS
Gatekeeper Discovery:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Gatekeeper ID:	GK
Time To Live (TTL):	16384

<p>VoIP Gateway Configuration Menu</p> <p>Network Interface</p> <p>H323 Configuration</p> <p>Line Configuration</p> <p>Phone Book Configuration</p> <p>Support Configuration</p> <p>System Configuration</p> <p>Voice Configuration</p> <p>Phone Configuration</p> <p>RTP Payload Type Configuration</p> <p>IP Packet ToS</p> <p>DDNS Configuration</p> <p>Prefix Configuration</p> <p>Password Configuration</p> <p>Version and Information</p>	Display Information:	4FXS
	Gatekeeper Discovery:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
	Gatekeeper ID:	GK
	Time To Live (TTL):	16384
	RTP Port:	60
	Gatekeeper finding port:	1718
	Gatekeeper RAS Port:	1719
	H225 RAS Port:	1024
	H225 Call Signal Port:	1720
	Destination H225 Call Signal Port:	1720
	Allocate Port Range Start:	1024
	Allocate Port Range End:	1043
	Response Timeout:	15
	Connection Timeout:	200
	H.235 Security Token:	*
OK		

Figure 4-1 H323 Configuration – Peer to Peer mode Screen

Step 2. Configuration the VoIP Gateway Phone Book. Click [Phone Book] on the navigation panel. In the Phone Book screen, enter the Index, Name, IP address and e164 (phone number) of the destination and click the Add Data button.

Phone Book						
Index	Name	E164	IP Address	Port	Drop	Insert

New Record						
Index	Name	E164	IP Address	Port	Drop Prefix	Insert Prefix
<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="text"/>				
Add Data		Delete Data				

Figure 4-2 Phone Book

Step 3. E.g. enter the Index: 1, Name: test1, e164 No.: 20, IP address: 192.168.13.80 and of the destination and click the [Add Data] button.

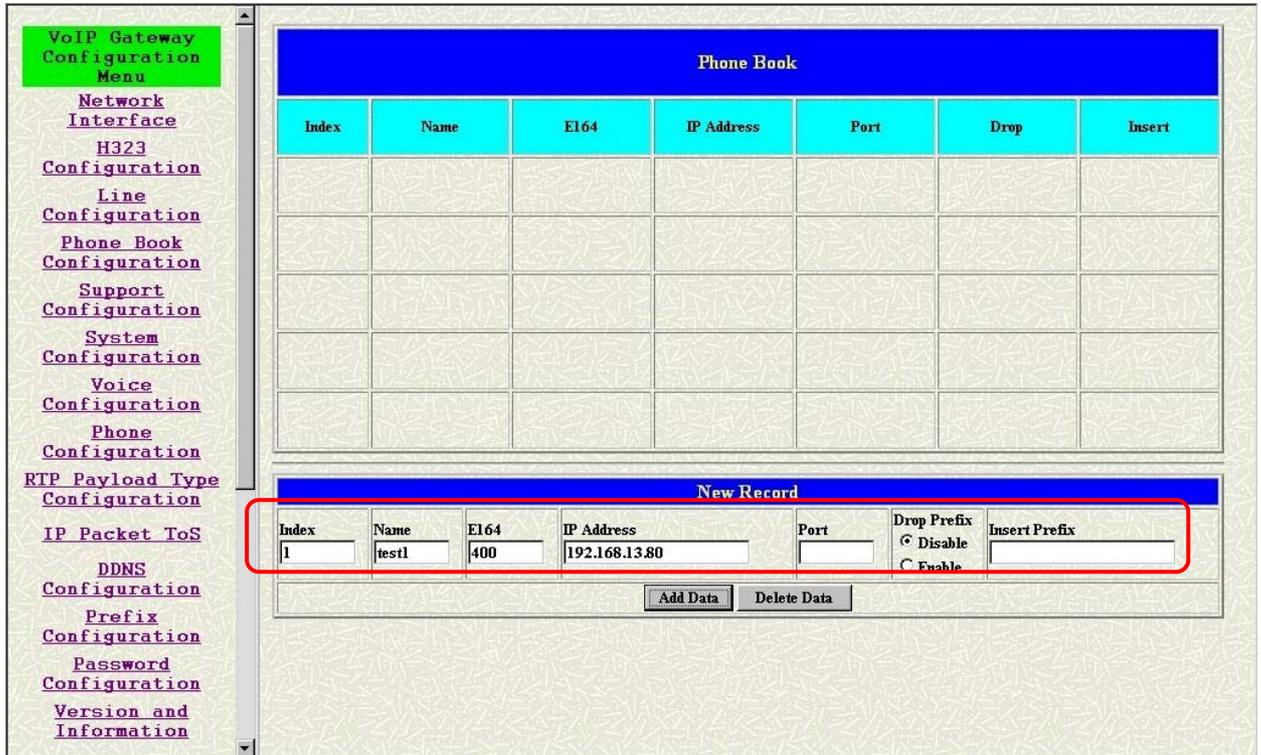


Figure 4-3 Phone Book – New Record

Step 4. On table will display on the first index.

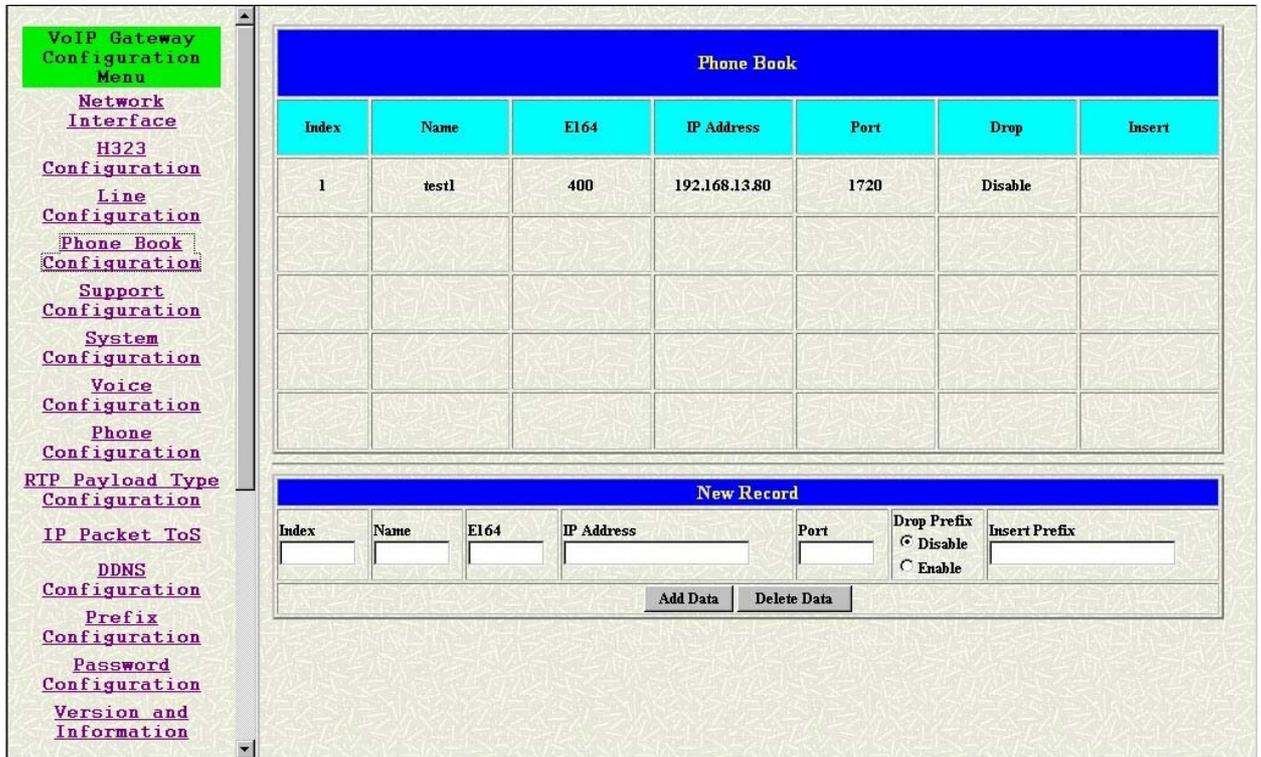


Figure 4-4 Phone Book

Step 5. Click [Commit Data] on the navigation panel. In the Commit Configuration Data screen, click the [Commit] button. In the Commit Configuration Data screen to Display [Commit to Flash OK!], When the Commit Data Ok.

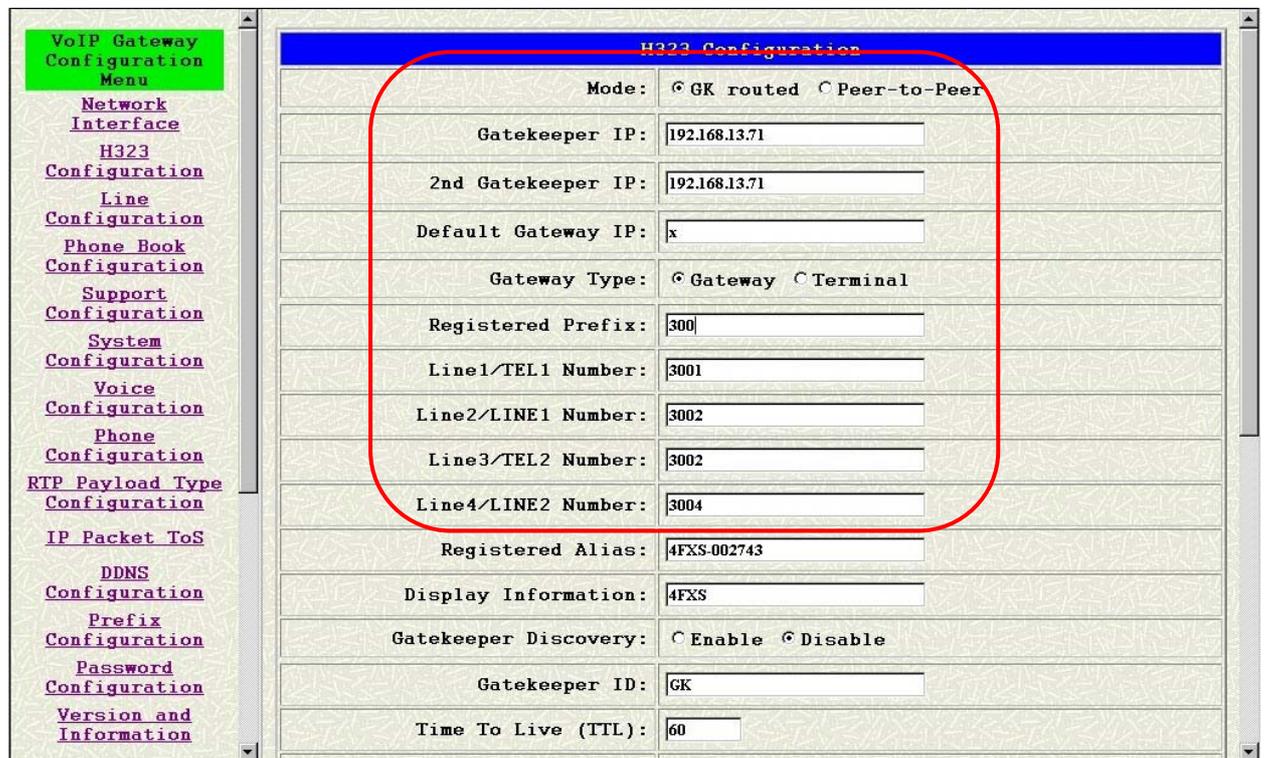
Step 6. Click [Reboot System] on the navigation panel. In the VoIP VoIP Gateway screen, click the [Reboot] button. It will take 40 seconds to reboot.

4.2 Configure the gateway into the GK routed mode

4.2.1 Gateway Type: Gateway

Step 1. Configuration the VoIP Gateway H323 Configuration. Click [H323 Configuration] on the navigation panel. In the H323 Configuration screen, select GK routed Mode function.

Step 2. To change the GK information from your service provider Gatekeeper IP, 2nd Gatekeeper IP, Gateway Type, Registered Prefix, Line1 Number, Line 2 Number, Line 3 Number and Line 4 Number (e.g. Gatekeeper IP: 192.168.13.71, 2nd Gatekeeper IP: 192.168.13.71, Gateway Type: Gateway, Registered Prefix: 300, Line1 Number: 3001, Line2 Number: 3002, Line3 Number: 3003, Line 4 Number: 3004), and click the [OK] button.



H323 Configuration	
Mode:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> GK routed <input type="radio"/> Peer-to-Peer
Gatekeeper IP:	<input type="text" value="192.168.13.71"/>
2nd Gatekeeper IP:	<input type="text" value="192.168.13.71"/>
Default Gateway IP:	<input type="text" value="x"/>
Gateway Type:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Gateway <input type="radio"/> Terminal
Registered Prefix:	<input type="text" value="300"/>
Line1/TEL1 Number:	<input type="text" value="3001"/>
Line2/LINE1 Number:	<input type="text" value="3002"/>
Line3/TEL2 Number:	<input type="text" value="3002"/>
Line4/LINE2 Number:	<input type="text" value="3004"/>
Registered Alias:	<input type="text" value="4FXS-002743"/>
Display Information:	<input type="text" value="4FXS"/>
Gatekeeper Discovery:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Gatekeeper ID:	<input type="text" value="GK"/>
Time To Live (TTL):	<input type="text" value="60"/>

<p>VoIP Gateway Configuration Menu</p> <p>Network Interface</p> <p>H323 Configuration</p> <p>Line Configuration</p> <p>Phone Book Configuration</p> <p>Support Configuration</p> <p>System Configuration</p> <p>Voice Configuration</p> <p>Phone Configuration</p> <p>RTP Payload Type Configuration</p> <p>IP Packet ToS</p> <p>DDNS Configuration</p> <p>Prefix Configuration</p> <p>Password Configuration</p> <p>Version and Information</p>	Display Information:	4FXS
	Gatekeeper Discovery:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
	Gatekeeper ID:	GK
	Time To Live (TTL):	60
	RTP Port:	16384
	Gatekeeper finding port:	1718
	Gatekeeper RAS Port:	1719
	H225 RAS Port:	1024
	H225 Call Signal Port:	1720
	Destination H225 Call Signal Port:	1720
	Allocate Port Range Start:	1024
	Allocate Port Range End:	1043
	Response Timeout:	15
	Connection Timeout:	200
	H.235 Security Token:	*****
<input type="button" value="OK"/>		

Figure 4-5 Configure the GK info

Step 3. Click Commit Data on the navigation panel. In the Commit Configuration Data screen, click the Commit button. In the Commit Configuration Data screen to Display [Commit to Flash OK!], When the Commit Data Ok.

Step 4. Click [Reboot System] on the navigation panel. In the VoIP VoIP Gateway screen, click the [Reboot] button. It will take 40 seconds to reboot.

4.2.2 Gateway Type: Terminal

Step 1. Configuration the VoIP Gateway H323 Configuration. Click [H323 Configuration] on the navigation panel. In the H323 Configuration screen, select GK routed Mode function.

Step 2. To change the GK information from your service provider Gatekeeper IP, 2nd Gatekeeper IP, Gateway Type, Line1 Number, Line 2 Number (e.g. Gatekeeper IP: 192.168.13.71, 2nd Gatekeeper IP: 192.168.13.71, Gateway Type: Terminal, Line1 Number: 3001, Line2 Number: 3002, Line3 Number: 3003, Line 4 Number: 3004), and click the [OK] button.

H323 Configuration	
Mode:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> GK routed <input type="radio"/> Peer-to-Peer
Gatekeeper IP:	<input type="text" value="192.168.13.71"/>
2nd Gatekeeper IP:	<input type="text" value="192.168.13.71"/>
Default Gateway IP:	<input type="text" value="x"/>
Gateway Type:	<input type="radio"/> Gateway <input checked="" type="radio"/> Terminal
Registered Prefix:	<input type="text" value="x"/>
Line1/TEL1 Number:	<input type="text" value="3001"/>
Line2/LINE1 Number:	<input type="text" value="3002"/>
Line3/TEL2 Number:	<input type="text" value="3002"/>
Line4/LINE2 Number:	<input type="text" value="3004"/>
Registered Alias:	<input type="text" value="4FXS-002743"/>
Display Information:	<input type="text" value="4FXS"/>
Gatekeeper Discovery:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Gatekeeper ID:	<input type="text" value="GK"/>
Time To Live (TTL):	<input type="text" value="60"/>

- Step 3. Click Commit Data on the navigation panel. In the Commit Configuration Data screen, click the Commit button. In the Commit Configuration Data screen to Display [Commit to Flash OK!], When the Commit Data Ok.
- Step 4. Click [Reboot System] on the navigation panel. In the VoIP VoIP Gateway screen, click the [Reboot] button. It will take 40 seconds to reboot.

Chapter 5 Upgrade ROM Version

This Chapter covers the basic how to upgrade VoIP Gateway ROM Version.

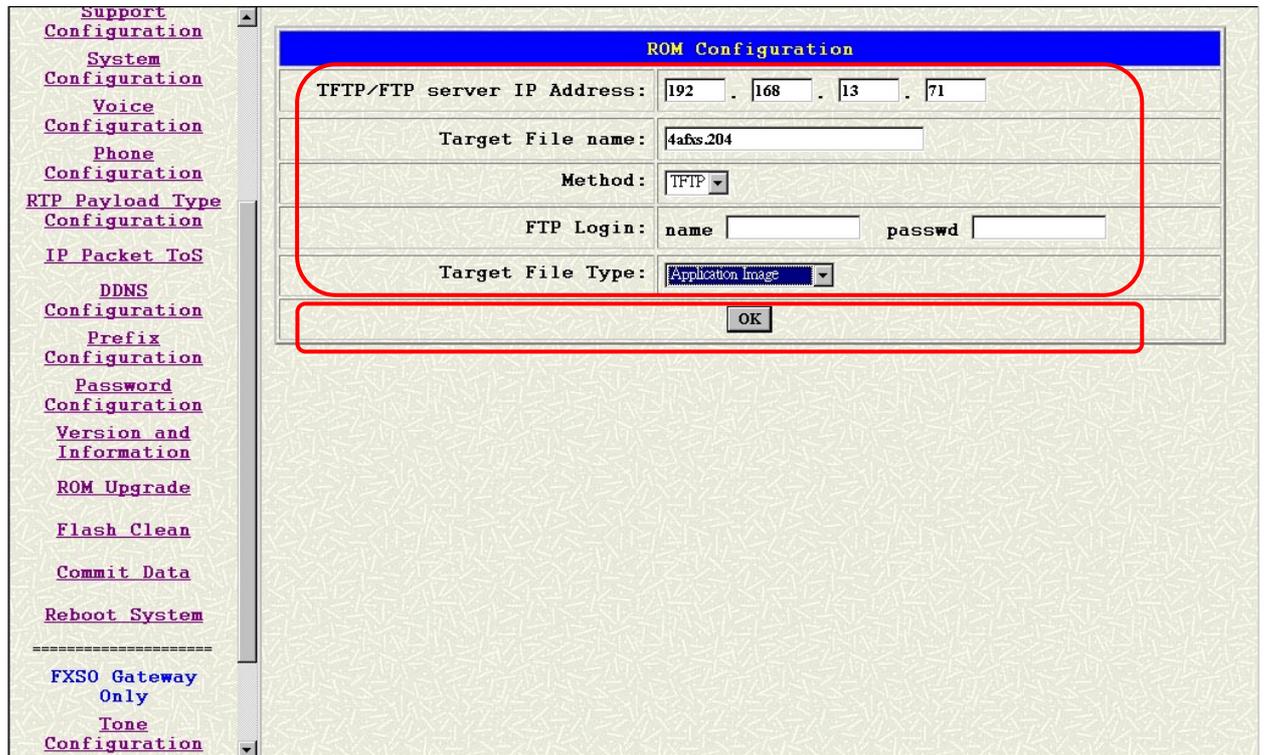
5.1 Before you start downloading

Step 1. Please confirm Host PC, which is installed as TFTP / FTP server and device is in available network.

Step 2. Remember the current configuration, such as [H323 Configuration] [Line configuration], [Phone Book].

5.2 Update Application Version

Step 1. Update the VoIP Gateway ROM Version. Click [ROM Upgrade] on the navigation panel. In the [ROM Configuration] screen, type a Server IP address, Target File Name, Method, Target File Type (e.g. Server IP Address: 192.168.4.71, Target File Name: 4afxs.204, Method: TFTP, Target File Type: Application image) and click the [OK] button.



ROM Configuration	
TFTP/FTP server IP Address:	192 . 168 . 13 . 71
Target File name:	4afxs.204
Method:	TFTP
FTP Login:	name <input type="text"/> passwd <input type="text"/>
Target File Type:	Application Image
<input type="button" value="OK"/>	

Figure 5-1 ROM Configuration

Step 2. In the screen to Display [Please issue FLASH CLEAN to consist software version.] information. When the ROM Upgrade file ok.

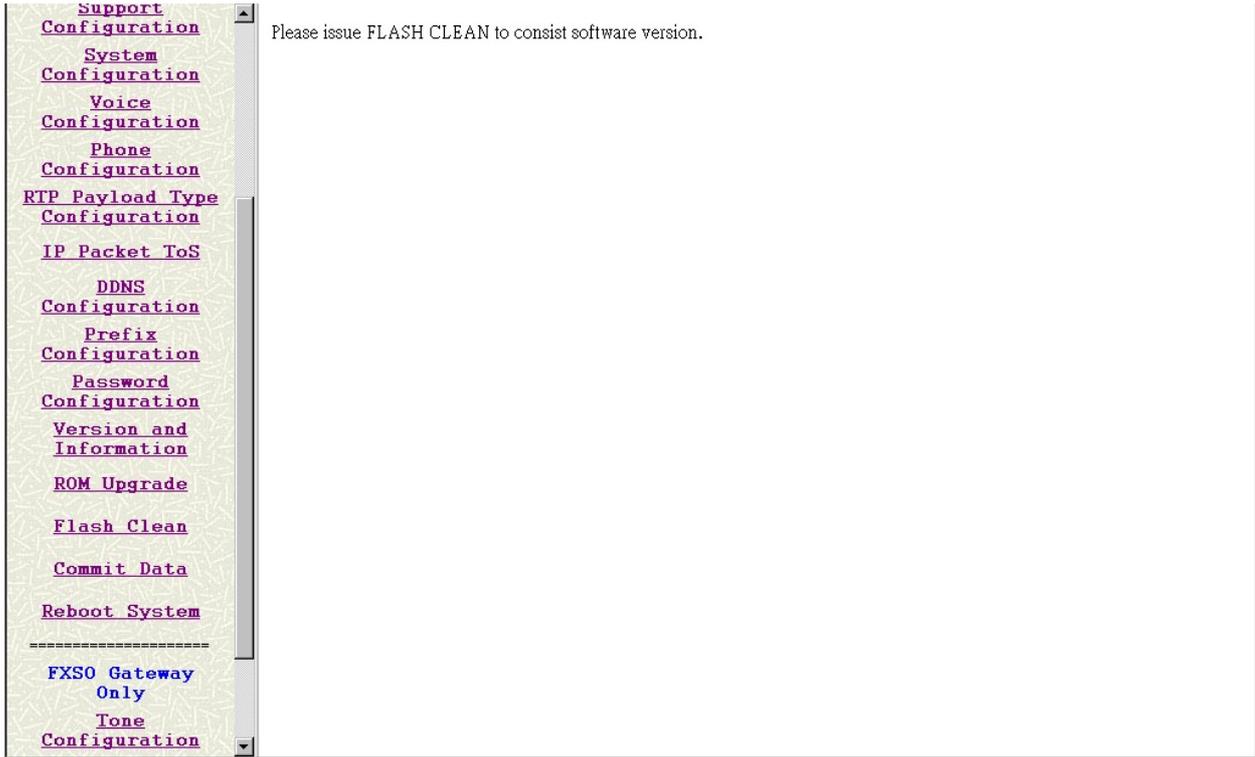


Figure 5-2 ROM File Upgrade ok

Step 3. Click [Flash Clean] on the navigation panel. In the Flash Clean screen, click the [CLEAN] button.



Figure 5-3 Flash Clean

Step 4. In the Flash Clean screen to Display [Flash cleaned!! Please reboot your system!!], When the Flash Clean Ok.

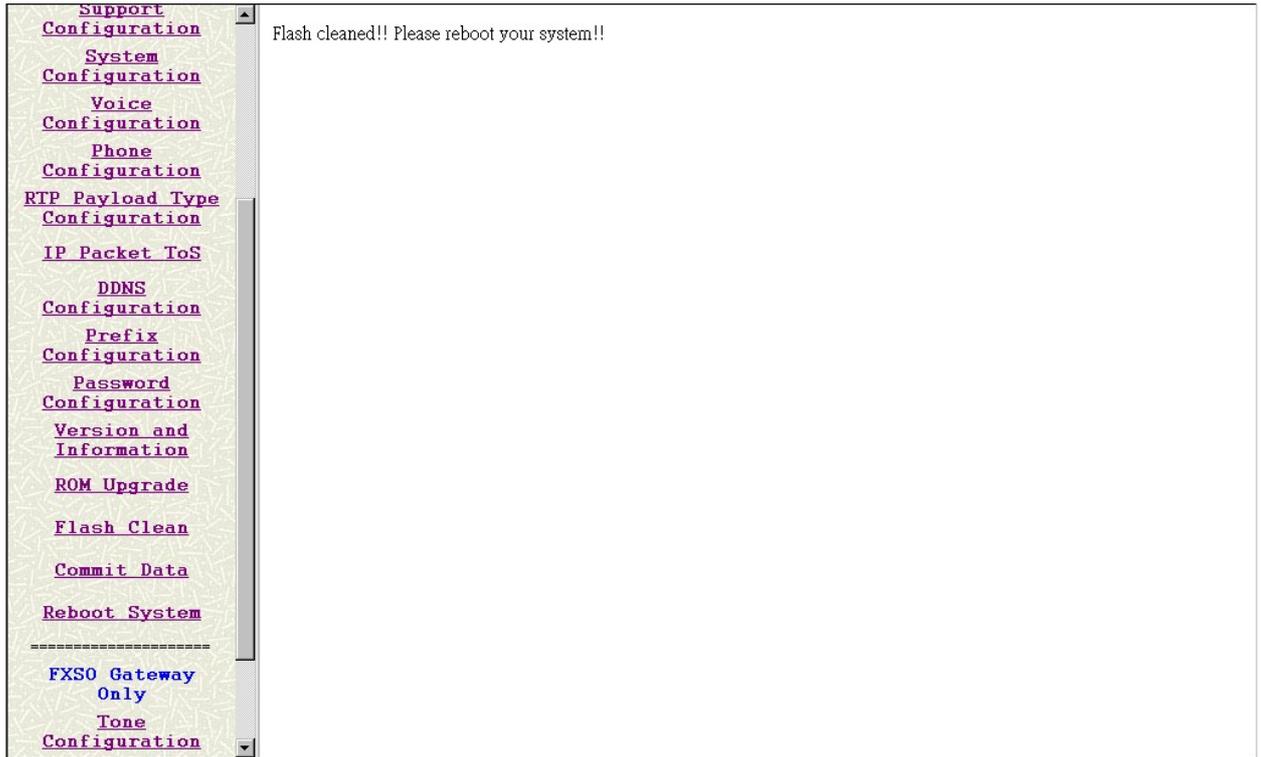
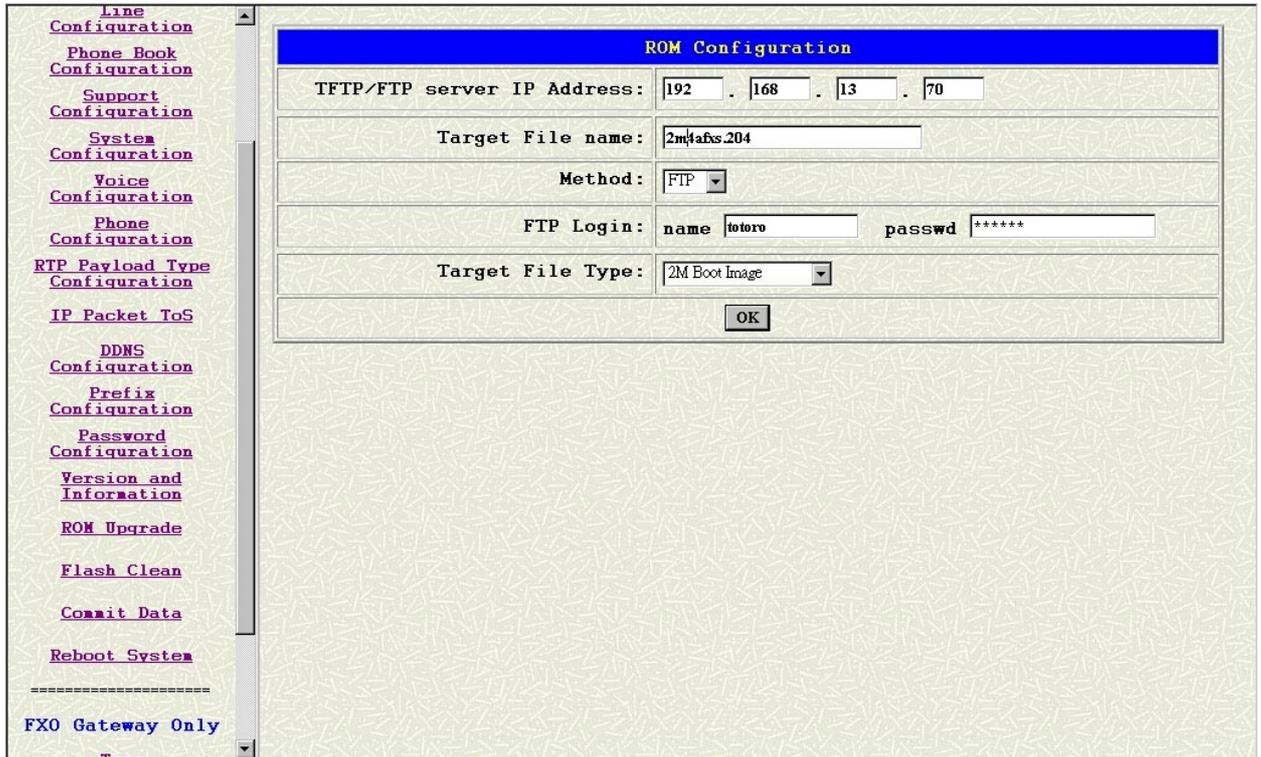


Figure 5-4 Flash Clean OK

- Step 5. Click [Reboot System] on the navigation panel. In the Reboot VoIP Gateway screen, click the [Reboot] button. It will take 40 seconds to reboot.
- Step 6. Close the current browser windows and launch your web browser again. Enter the IP address in the Location or Address field.

5.3 Update Boot2m Version

- Step 1. Update the VoIP Gateway 2mROM Version. Click [ROM Upgrade] on the navigation panel. In the [ROM Configuration] screen, type a Server IP address, Target File Name, Method, Target File Type (e.g. Server IP Address: 192.168.4.71, Target File Name: 2m4afx.204, Method: FTP, FTP Login name: totoro, passwd: totoro, Target File Type: 2m Boot image) and click the [OK] button.



Step 2. In the screen to Display [Please issue FLASH CLEAN to consist software version] information. When the ROM Upgrade file ok.



Figure 5-5 ROM File Upgrade ok

Step 3. Click [Flash Clean] on the navigation panel. In the Flash Clean screen, click the [CLEAN] button.



Figure 5-6 Flash Clean

Step 4. In the Flash Clean screen to Display [Flash cleaned!! Please reboot your system!!], When the Flash Clean Ok.

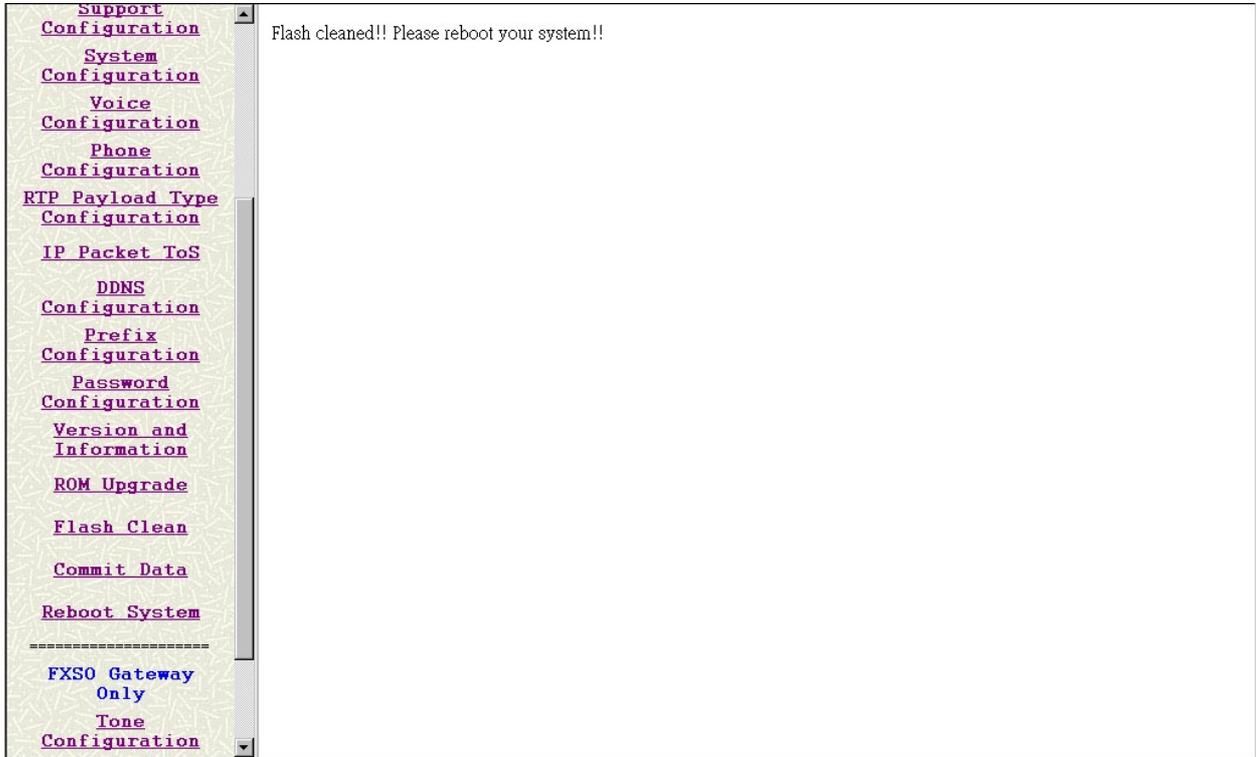


Figure 5-7 Flash Clean OK

Step 5. Click [Reboot system] on the navigation panel. In the Reboot VoIP Gateway screen, click the [Reboot] button. It will take 40

seconds to reboot.

Step 6. Close the current browser windows and launch your web browser again. Enter the IP address in the Location or Address field.

Chapter 6

Network Interface Screen

This Chapter covers setup Network Interface identification information for VoIP Gateway.

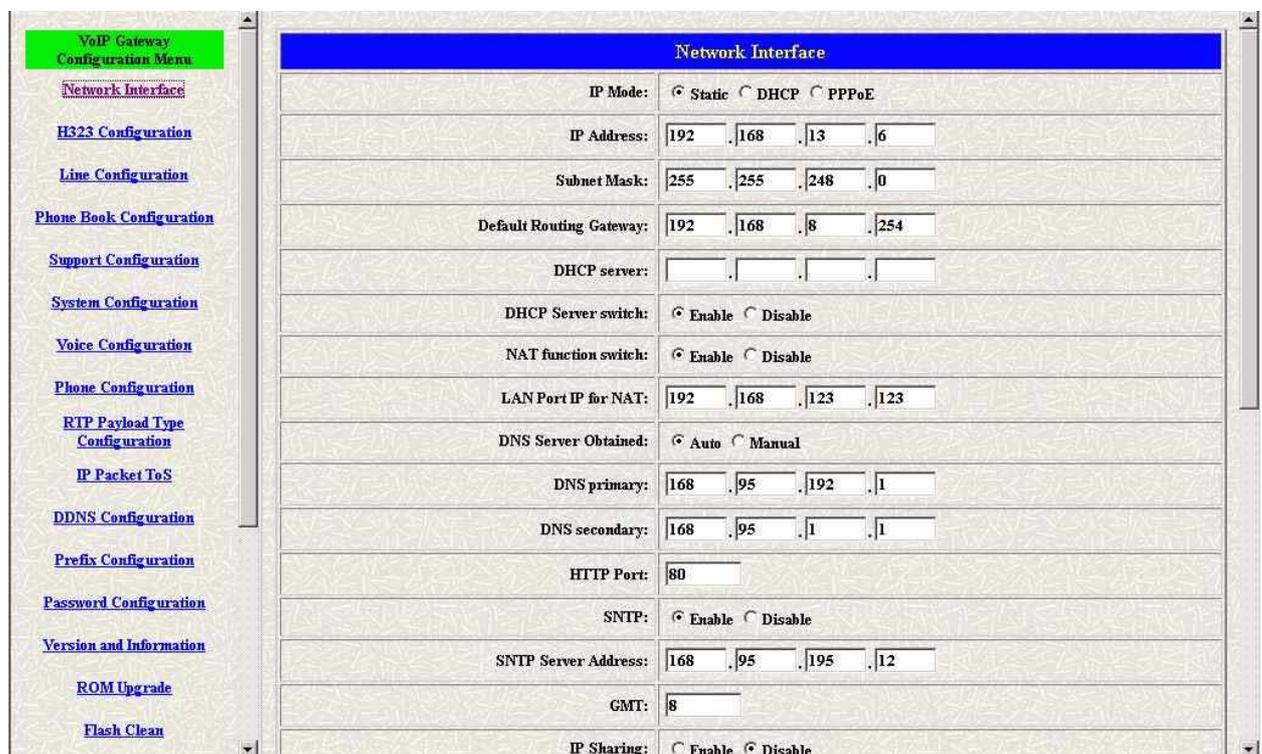
6.1 Network Interface Overview

The web configuration provides Network Interface screen.

6.2 Network Interface Screen

Click [Network Interface] in the navigation panel and open the Network Interface Screen.

Use this screen to setup Network Interface identification information for the VoIP Gateway.



Network Interface	
IP Mode:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Static <input type="radio"/> DHCP <input type="radio"/> PPPoE
IP Address:	192 . 168 . 13 . 6
Subnet Mask:	255 . 255 . 248 . 0
Default Routing Gateway:	192 . 168 . 8 . 254
DHCP server:	<input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/>
DHCP Server switch:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
NAT function switch:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
LAN Port IP for NAT:	192 . 168 . 123 . 123
DNS Server Obtained:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Auto <input type="radio"/> Manual
DNS primary:	168 . 95 . 192 . 1
DNS secondary:	168 . 95 . 1 . 1
HTTP Port:	80
SNTP:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
SNTP Server Address:	168 . 95 . 195 . 12
GMT:	8
IP Sharing:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable

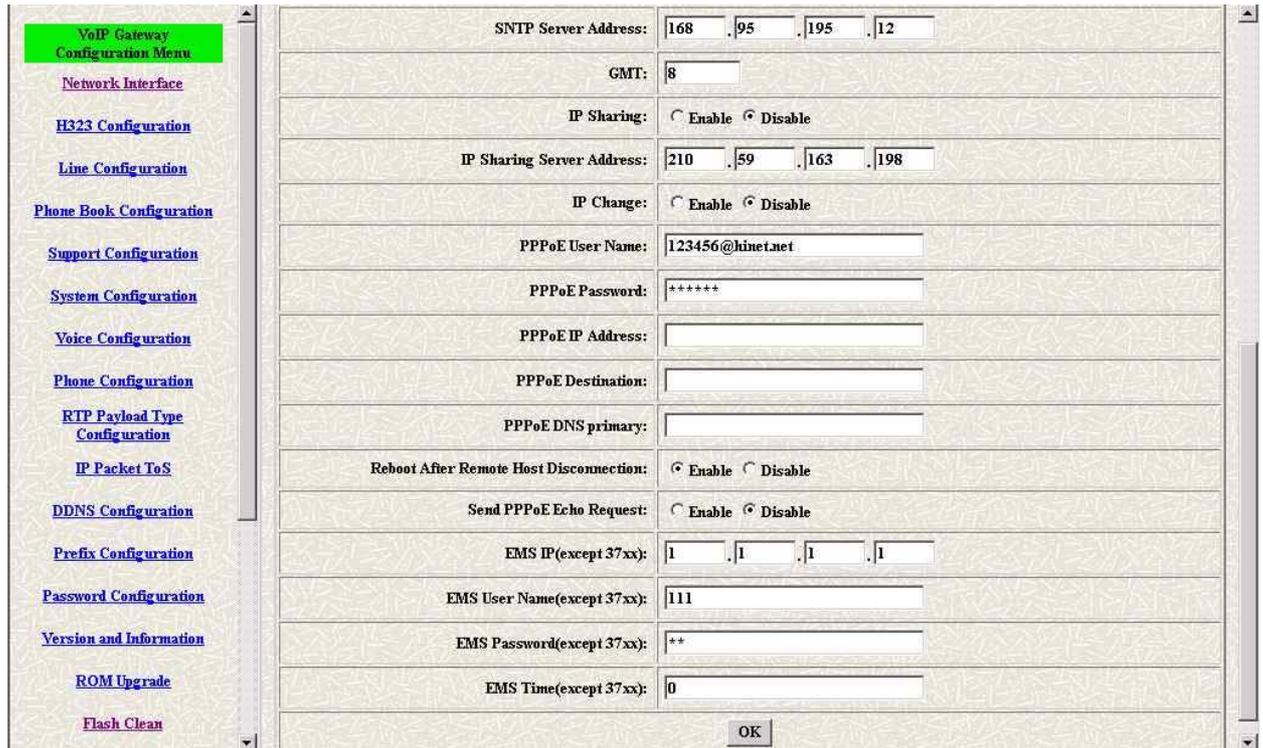


Figure 6-1 Network Interface

The following table describes this screen.

Table 6-1 Network Interface

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
IP Mode	Select use defines the networking type for this gateway. It could support the Static, DHCP and PPPoE function.
IP Address	Enter the IP Address of the VoIP Gateway in dotted decimal notation for e.g. 192.168.4.92. Range of IP Address setting (0.0.0.0~255.255.55.255).
Subnet Mask	Enter the IP Subnet Mask of your VoIP Gateway in dotted decimal notation for e.g. 255.255.0.0.
Default Routing Gateway	Enter the IP Address of the default-outgoing gateway of your VoIP Gateway in dotted decimal notation for e.g. 192.168.1.254.
DHCP Server switch	Specify DHCP server Function (1AFXS and IAD series gateway only).
NAT function switch	Specify NAT Function (1AFXS and IAD series gateway only).
LAN Port IP for	Specify LAN port IP address for NAT function (1AFXS

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
NAT	and IAD series gateway only).
HTTP Port	Set VoIP Gateway HTTP Port Number e.g. 80.
DNS primary	Enter the DNS IP Address in dotted decimal notation for e.g. 168.95.1.1
DNS Secondary	Enter the DNS secondary IP Address in dotted decimal notation for e.g. 168.95.1.1
SNTP	Select enable/disable Simple Network Time Protocol.
SNTP Server Address	Set specifies a SNTP Server as network time source in dotted decimal notation for e.g. 168.95.192.12.
GMT	Set local time zone according to GMT e.g. 8.
IP Sharing	Select enable IP Sharing function, when you specify usage of and IP Sharing device.
IP Sharing Server Address	Enter specify a global fixed IP Address, user can add this IP Address in dotted decimal notation for e.g. 210.11.22.33. However, dynamic IP Address is not working in Peer-to-Peer mode.
PPPoE User Name	Set the PPPoE connection account in this table. Please get this info from your ISP.
PPPoE Password	Set the PPPoE connection password in this table. Please get this info from your ISP.
PPPoE IP Address	The field display the IP address. When VoIP Gateway after the connection success, which the gateway got from the ISP.
PPPoE Destination	The field display the default gateway address. When VoIP Gateway after the connection success, which the gateway got from the ISP.
PPPoE DNS primary	The field display the DNS IP address. When after the connection success, will show you the DNS ip address from the ISP.
Reboot After Remote Host Disconnection	Select enable or disable this function will make the gateway restart automatically if the PPPoE connection is disconnected or the IP address was taken back by the ISP.
Send PPPoE Echo Request	When the IP mode is in PPPoE mode, select enable or disable this function will make the gateway send echo request packet or not.

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
EMS IP	Set EMS server IP address.
EMS User Name	Set EMS authentication user name.
EMS Password	Set EMS authentication password
EMS Time	Set EMS refresh time.
OK [button]	Click [OK] button to save your changes back to the VoIP Gateway volatile memory.

Note:

EMS is a centrally managed solution for Welltheh Voip device. When you upgrade the firmware of BOSSLAN VoIP device, EMS can provide you an easy way to set up your Welltheh Voip device without reconfiguring the device's setting.

For more information, please refer to the EMS user manua

Chapter 7

H323 Configuration Screen

This Chapter covers setup H.323 related parameters.

7.1 H323 Configuration Overview

The web configurator provides H.323 Configuration screen.

7.2 H323 Configuration Screen

Click [H323 Configuration] in the navigation panel and open the [H323 Configuration] Screen.



H323 Configuration	
Mode:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> GK routed <input type="radio"/> Peer-to-Peer
Gatekeeper IP:	<input type="text" value="10.1.1.2"/>
2nd Gatekeeper IP:	<input type="text" value="10.1.1.2"/>
Default Gateway IP:	<input type="text" value="x"/>
Gateway Type:	<input type="radio"/> Terminal <input checked="" type="radio"/> Gateway1 <input type="radio"/> Gateway2
Registered Prefix:	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Line1/TEL1 Number:	<input type="text" value="000"/>
Line2/LINE1 Number:	<input type="text" value="001"/>
Line3/TEL2 Number:	<input type="text" value="002"/>
Line4/LINE2 Number:	<input type="text" value="003"/>
Line5 Number:	<input type="text"/>
Line6 Number:	<input type="text"/>
Registered Alias:	<input type="text" value="4FXS-0031a6"/>
Display Information:	<input type="text" value="4FXS"/>
Gatekeeper Discovery:	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable



Figure 7-1 H323 Configuration

The following table describes this screen.

Table 7-1 H323 Configuration

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Mode	Select Gatekeeper routed mode or Peer-to-Peer mode.
GateKeeper IP Address	Set Gatekeeper IP Address in dotted decimal notation e.g.192.168.4.71.
2nd GateKeeper IP	Set redundancy second 2 Gatekeeper IP Address in dotted decimal notation e.g.192.168.4.71.
Default Gateway IP	All the calls will be routed to this destination if the destination couldn't be found in the Phone Book configuration. Support the Peer-to-Peer mode only.
Gateway Type	Select registration Gateway Type is Gateway mode or Terminal mode.
Registered Prefix	Set Prefix number while registration Gateway Type is Gateway example 60 (max 20 digits).
Line1 Number	Set Line1 number e.g.601 (1~20 digits).
Line2 Number	Set Line2 number e.g.602 (1~20 digits).
Line3 Number	Set Line3 number e.g.603 (1~20 digits).
Line4 Number	Set Line4 number e.g.604 (1~20 digits).

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Line5 Number	Set Line5 number e.g.605 (1~20 digits) (For BOSSTELPBX6 FXO gateway only).
Line6 Number	Set Line6 number e.g.606 (1~20 digits). (For BOSSTELPBX6 FXO gateway only).
Registered Alias	Set IP side Registration alias as h323 ID.
Display Information	Set string representing display information for repertory to the called party.
Gatekeeper ID	The name of the GK. It has used with the Gatekeeper Discovery function. Support the GK mode only.
Gatekeeper Discovery	Select Gatekeeper auto Discovery is enable/disable.
Time To Live (TTL)	Set RAS TTL Time, example 60 (0~3600 second).
RTP Port	Set RTP port number, example 16384 (1024 to 65532).
Gatekeeper finding port	Set Gatekeeper finding port e.g.1718 (1024 to 65535).
Gatekeeper RAS Port	Set Gatekeeper RAS Port e.g.1719 (1024 to 65535).
H225 RAS Port	Set H225 Call RAS Port e.g.1024 (1024 to 65535).
H225 Call Signal Port	Set H225 Call Signal Port e.g.1720 (1024 to 65535).
Destination H225 Call Signal Port	The destination Call Signal Port. Support the GK and Peer-to-Peer mode both (1024 to 65535).
Allocate Port Range Start	The port range for this gateway (1024 to 19999).
Allocate Port Range End	The port range for this gateway (1024 to 19999).
Response Timeout	Set max waiting time for 1st response to a new call e.g.15 (1~200).
Connection Timeout	Set max waiting times for call establishment after receiving 1st response of a new all e.g.200 (1~20000).
H.235 Security Token	Support H235 security password for the registration (1~20 digits).
OK [button]	Click [OK] button to save your changes back to the VoIP Gateway volatile memory.

Note:

Line1 & Line2 number must follow the prefix number if device is configured as Gateway type. For example, if prefix number is 999, the line1 & line2 number are 9991 & 9992.

Line number field auto display data follow VoIP Gateway line port number, if you see Line number field display [-1], you can't set it.

Chapter 8

Line Configuration Screen

This chapter explains the Line Status Information Screen.

8.1 Line Configuration Overview

The web configurator provides Line Status Information screen.

8.2 Line Configuration Screen

Click [Line Configuration] in the navigation panel to open the Line Configuration] Information screen.



Figure 8-1 Line Configuration Information

The following table describes this screen.

Table 8-1 Line Status Information

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Line Number	This field Display the Line Number. (Line5 and Line6 are for BOSSTELPBX6 FXO gateway only)
Type	This field Display the port type. There is only display FXS Type. It couldn't be changed.
Hunting Group	Define the group number of this port. When the port is busy, the call could be transferred to another port in the same group.

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
	Only the same type could be configured in the same group.
Hotline	Set the hotline number, the hotline mode will be enabled if you enter the hotline number. The default setting is disabled.
No Answer Forward	Set the port no answer will be forward other number. This is only for the E164 number or the phone numbers you want to transfer.
Registration	This field Display the VoIP Gateway registered on the GK or not.
Status	This field Display line status is Ready or Busy.
OK [button]	Click [OK] button to save your changes back to the VoIP Gateway volatile memory.

Note:

Hunting Group field auto display data follow VoIP Gateway line port number, if you see Hunting Group field display [Null], you can't set it.

Chapter 9

Phone Book Configuration Screen

This Chapter covers Phone Book function allows users to define their own numbers, which mapping to real IP address. It is effective only in peer-to-peer mode. When adding a record to Phone Book, users do not have to reboot the machine, and the record will be effective immediately.

9.1 Phone Book Configuration Overview

The web configuration allows you to Set up Phone Book that tell the VoIP Gateway how to call management traffic when you configuration P2P mode.

9.2 Phone Book Configuration Screen

Click [Phone Book Configuration] in the navigation panel and open the [Phone Book] Screen.

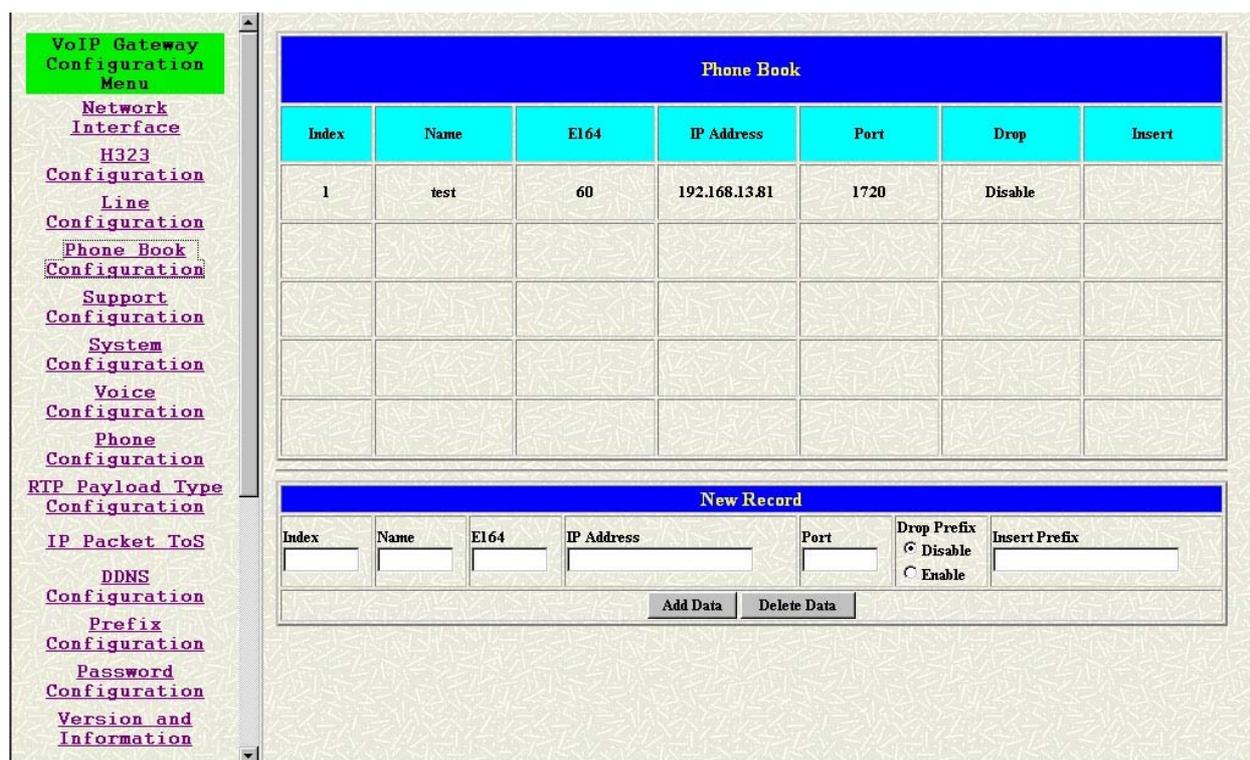


Figure 9-1 Phone Book

The following table describes this screen.

Table 9-1 Phone Book

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Index	The field displays the index number.
Name	The field displays the descriptive name.

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
E164	The field displays the descriptive E164 number.
IP Address	The field displays the IP Address or Domain name.
Port	The field displays the call signal port of the destination (default: 1720).
Drop Prefix	The field displays the drop function.
Insert Prefix	The field displays the insert digits number.
New Record	
Index	Set up an Index number from 1 to 100, to the parameter to show specific phone number.
Name	Set up a descriptive name (max 20 byte).
IP Address	Set up IP Address or Domain Name.
E164	Set up e164 (telephone) number (max 20 digits)
Port	Set up the call signal port of the destination (default: 1720).
Drop Prefix	Select enable or disable drop prefix function. The function is enable means to drop e.164 number when dialing out. The function is disable means to keep e 164 number.
Insert Prefix	Set up the insert digits number (1~20 digits).
Add Data [button]	Click [Add Data] button to insert the information table.
Delete Date [button]	Input the index number on index filed, and then click [Delete Data] button will to delete the record from the table.

Note:

The e164 number defined in phone book will fully carry to destination. It is not just a representative number for destination's IP Address. In other words, user dial this e164 number to reach destination, destination will receive the number and find out if it is matched to its e164, including Line number in some particular device.

User can store to 40 entries in the phone book.

Chapter 10

Support Configuration Screen

This Chapter provides some extra functions that might be needed by users.

10.1 Support Configuration Overview

The web configuration provides Support Configuration screen.

10.2 Support Configuration Screen

Click [Support configuration] in the navigation panel and open the [Support Configuration] Screen.



Figure 10-1 Support Configuration

The following table describes this screen.

Table 10-1 Support Configuration

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
T.38 FAX	Select enable/disable for T.38 FAX function. When T.38 ability is on, VoIP Gateway will automatically defer codec (G.723 or G.729a) to T.38 when FAX signal is detected.
T.38 FAX Request Mode	Enable or Disable the T.38 Request function. Enable this function will let the gateway establish the FAX connection

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
	more fast.
T.38 FAX ECM	Select enable/disable for T.38 FAX ECM function. Support the error correction in the high speed fax mode
T.38 FXS ASN.1	Select enable/disable for T.38 FXS ASN.1. Support the ASN.1 function.
Fax Redundancy Depth	Select enable/disable for Fax Redundancy Depth. This support function could make the data for the FAX sending for twice. But this will take more bandwidth (0~2).
Fast Start	Select enable/disable for Fast Start function. Fast Start function can shorten the connection time if the opposite party also supports Fast Start.
H.245 Tunneling	Select enable/disable for H.245 Tunneling function. If the function is on, VoIP Gateway will send H.245 (Call Control messages) via H.225's (Call Signal messages) link. The function is effective only when both side support h245 tunnel.
H.245 Message After Fast Start	Select enable/disable for H.245 Message After Fast Start function. If the function is ON, VoIP Gateway will send H.245 messages after Fast Start.
Early H.245	Select enable/disable for Early H.245 Message. The function is effective only when both sides support early H.245.
H.450	Select enable/disable for H450 related features, which include transfer, hold and forward.
OK [button]	Click [OK] button to save your changes back to the VoIP Gateway volatile memory.

Note:

It is not recommended to change the value in this web, only if users do know well the application. This might cause incompatibility with other devices.

Chapter 11 System Configuration Screen

This Chapter covers System Information and configuration.

11.1 System Configuration Overview

The web configuration provides System Configuration screen.

11.2 System Configuration Screen

Click [System Configuration] in the navigation panel and open the [System Configuration] Screen.





Figure 11-1 System Configuration

The following table describes this screen.

Table 11-1 System Configuration

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Inter Digit Time	The call will be sent out if user didn't enter the digits after this timer. From 1 to 10.
Forward time	It supports the No Answer Forward function. If users configure it for 10, the call will be forwarded when it rings about 10 seconds. From 5 to 65535.
Keypad DTMF Type	Select In-Band: The DTMF signal sending by RTP. Out-Band: The DTMF signal sending not by RTP. Including the H.245 (Alpha), H.245 (Signal), Q.931 and RFC 2833.
User defined Prefix Switch	Select on/off for User defined local zone prefix switch. If user enables prefix function, once user dials out, gateway will automatically add prefix number before number user dialed.
User defined Prefix Disable	Disable the defined prefix after press the selected digit (0,1~9, *)

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
User defined Prefix	This will be added in the first digits of the numbers that users had dialed. Can also define IP address here in P2P mode, once user press “#”, Gateway will call out this IP address.
Ring Before Answer (FXS+ FXO)	This will help the users to answer the calls from PSTN into this gateway quickly. The call will be connected by one time ring if users configure this for 1. From 1 to 10 (FXO Only).
Codec Select Method	This could support that the codec will follow the MSD (Master Slave Determination) or the caller side. Master: Follow the result from the Master Slave Determination. Caller: Follow the caller side.
Reverse (FXS)	Enable or disable the Reverse signal generation function.
Local Generate Ring Back Tone	To enable or disable the ring back tone generation from the local side.
Round Trip	During the period of conversation, if the network is failed. Enable this function will let the call disconnected.
Gateway Prefix	To keep or drop the prefix number of this gateway. This only support the Gateway type in the GK routed mode.
End of Dial	To enable or disable the end of dial function. This function key will be the digit “#”.
Dial to PSTN side (162)	Press “*#” to relay to PSTN. (This function for the IAD 162 gateway only.)
Detect silence voice (FXO)	(FXO Only)
Ring Time (FXS+ FXO)	It for the ring detection from the PSTN. The ring detection will be failed if users configure it too long (FXO Only).
Ring Before Answer (FXS+ FXO)	This will help the users to answer the calls from PSTN into this gateway quickly. The call will be connected by one time ring if users configure this for 1. From 1 to 10 (FXO Only).

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Delay to add DTMF (FXO)	The timer for the DTMF signal sending if the calls are from the IP to PSTN side. It could only support the one-stage-dialing function (FXO Only).
Auto connect time (FXO)	The FXO will send the connect message to the IP side is this timer is up in the one-stage-dialing function. It could only support the one-stage-dialing function (FXO Only).
FXO Type (FXS+ FXO)	Users could configure the entire calls need the 2nd stage dialing or not. Normal: The 1st or 2nd stage dialing will depend on the dialing plan from the users. If user dial the number of the FXO port, that will be the 2nd stage dialing. Force 2nd dial: Every call will need the 2nd stage dialing type (FXO Only).
Hardware Type (FXS+ FXO)	Set the hardware detection type, select auto detect/ 1FXS+ 1FXO/ 2FXS+ 2FXO mode (FXO Only).
OK [button]	Click [OK] button to save your changes back to the VoIP Gateway volatile memory.

Note:

The default value is to auto detect hardware type. Usually it is not necessary to change this setting. Please make sure about your Hardware Type, Gateway may be not functional if set wrong hardware type.

Chapter 12 Voice Configuration Screen

This Chapter covers voice is associated with the audio setting information.

12.1 Voice Configuration Overview

The web configuration provides Voice Configuration screen.

12.2 Voice Configuration Screen

Click [Voice Configuration] in the navigation panel and open the [Voice Configuration] Screen.



Figure 12-1 Voice Configuration

The following table describes this screen.

Table 12-1 Voice Configuration

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Codec Priority	Set priority preference of installed codes, G.723, G.711A, G.711U, G.729, G.729A, G.729B, G.729AB.
Frame Size	Set Specify sending packet size, G.723: 30/60/90, G.711A, G.711U, G.729, G.729A, G.729B, G.729AB: 20/40/60ms. The smaller the packet size, the shorter the delay time. If network is in good condition, smaller sending packet size is recommended.

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Line1/ TEL1 Volume	Set voice volume stands for volume, which can be heard from VoIP Gateway side (0~63, default: 28). Set input gain stands for volume, which the opposite party hears (0~38, default: 28). Set dtmf volume stands for DTMF volume/level (0~31, default: 23).
Line2/ Line1 Volume	Set voice volume stands for volume, which can be heard from VoIP Gateway side (0~63, default: 28). Set input gain stands for volume, which the opposite party hears (0~38, default: 28). Set dtmf volume stands for DTMF volume/level (0~31, default: 23).
Line3/ TEL2 Volume	Set voice volume stands for volume, which can be heard from VoIP Gateway side (0~63, default: 28). Set input gain stands for volume, which the opposite party hears (0~38, default: 28). Set dtmf volume stands for DTMF volume/level (0~31, default: 23).
Line4/ Line2 Volume	Set voice volume stands for volume, which can be heard from VoIP Gateway side (0~63, default: 28). Set input gain stands for volume, which the opposite party hears (0~38, default: 28). Set dtmf volume stands for DTMF volume/level (0~31, default: 23).
Line5 Volume	For BOSSTELPBX6 FXO gateway only
Line6 Volume	For BOSSTELPBX6 FXO gateway only
G723 Silence Suppression	Select enable/disable for G723 silence suppression and comfort noise generation setting.
Echo Canceller	Setting enable/disable of echo canceller.
Jitter Buffer	Setting of jitter buffer min/max delay.
OK [button]	Click [OK] button to save your changes back to the VoIP Gateway volatile memory.

Note:

Well the application before you change voice parameters, because this might cause incompatibility.

Chapter 13

Phone Configuration Screen

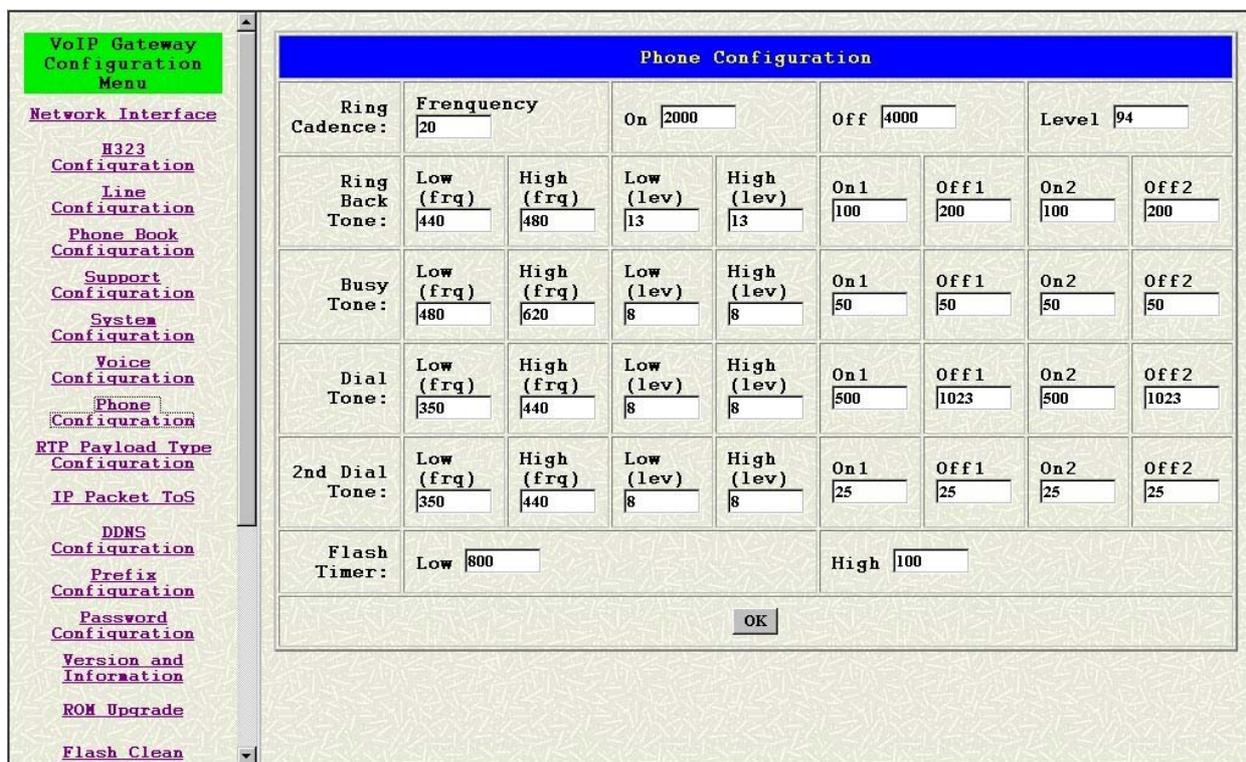
This Chapter covers VoIP Gateway progress tone is configurable. Default tone value is set according to U.S. tone specification. Users may adjust the values according to their own country's tone specification or users-defined tone specification.

13.1 Phone Configuration Overview

The web configurator provides [Phone Configuration] screen.

13.2 Phone Configuration Screen

Click [Phone Configuration] in the navigation panel and open the [Phone Configuration] Screen.



Phone Configuration								
Ring Cadence:	Frequency 20	On 2000		Off 4000		Level 94		
Ring Back Tone:	Low (frq) 440	High (frq) 480	Low (lev) 13	High (lev) 13	On1 100	Off1 200	On2 100	Off2 200
Busy Tone:	Low (frq) 480	High (frq) 620	Low (lev) 8	High (lev) 8	On1 50	Off1 50	On2 50	Off2 50
Dial Tone:	Low (frq) 350	High (frq) 440	Low (lev) 8	High (lev) 8	On1 500	Off1 1023	On2 500	Off2 1023
2nd Dial Tone:	Low (frq) 350	High (frq) 440	Low (lev) 8	High (lev) 8	On1 25	Off1 25	On2 25	Off2 25
Flash Timer:	Low 800				High 100			
OK								

Figure 13-1 Phone Configuration

The following table describes this screen.

Table 13-1 Phone Configuration

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Ring Cadence	Setting the played tone type, when VoIP Gateway is receiving a call.
Ring Back Tone	Setting the played tone type, when VoIP Gateway receives a

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
	Q.931 Alerting message. In condition that VoIP Gateway is the originate side.
Busy Tone	Setting the played tone type, when destination is busy.
Dial Tone	Setting the played tone type, when hook off a phone set of workable VoIP Gateway.
2nd Dial Tone	To configure the value of the local 2nd dial tone (FXO only).
Flash Timer	Setting the detective flash range in ms, for example, 300-500 ms.
OK [button]	Click [OK] button to save your changes back to the VoIP Gateway volatile memory.

Note:

For tone simulation, VoIP Gateway adopts dual frequencies as traditional telephone does. If users want to have their own call progress tone, they can change the value of tones. High and Low frequency/level/cadence can be configured respectively.

- ringing frequency: 15 ~ 100 (Unit: Hz)
- ringing ring ON/OFF: 0 ~ 8000 (Unit: ms)
- ringing level: 0 ~ 94 (Unit: V)
- tone frequency: 0 ~ 65535 (Unit: Hz)
- tone freqLevel: 0 ~ 65535 (Unit: mVrms)
- tone Tone ON/OFF: 0 ~ 8000 (Unit: ms)

Chapter 14

RTP Payload Type Configuration Screen

This Chapter covers RTP Payload Type information and configuration

14.1 RTP Payload Type Configuration Overview

The web configurator provides Speed Dialing screen.

14.2 RTP Payload Type Configuration Screen

Click [RTP Payload Type Configuration] in the navigation panel and open the [RTP Payload Type Configuration] Screen.



Figure 14-1 RTP Payload Type Configuration

The following table describes this screen.

Table 14-1 RTP Payload Type Configuration List

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
RFC2833 Payload Type	Set the payload type for RFC2833 type.
DTMF Payload Type	Set the payload for the DTMF type.
FAX Payload Type	Set the payload for the FAX type.
FAXByPass	Set the payload for the FAX by Pass type.

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Payload type	
MODEMByPass Payload Type	Set the payload for the Modem by Pass type. (This is no use for the hardware as so far.)
Redundancy Payload Type	Set the payload for the Redundancy type.
MODEMRelay Payload Type	Set the payload for the FAX by Pass type. (This is no use for the hardware as so far.)
OK [button]	Click [OK] button to save your changes back to the VoIP Gateway volatile memory.

Chapter 15

IP Packet ToS Configuration Screen

This Chapter covers IP Packet ToS configuration.

15.1 IP Packet ToS Overview

The web configuration provides TOS Configuration screen.

15.2 IP Packet ToS Configuration Screen

Click [IP Packet ToS] in the navigation panel and open the [IP Packet ToS Configuration] Screen.



Figure 15-1 IP Packet ToS Configuration

The following table describes this screen.

Table 15-1 IP Packet ToS Configuration

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Signaling Packet DSCP Code	Set the Signaling Packet DSCP code value, the value of is from 0 to 63 e.g.0.
Media Packet DSCP Code	Set the Media Packet DSCP Code, the value of is from 0 to 63 e.g.0.
OK [button]	Click [OK] button to save your changes back to the VoIP Gateway volatile memory.

Note:

It's working if it supported by your network.

According to the RFC 1349 document, the TOS value as following:

1000 – minimize delay

0100 – maximize throughput

0010 – maximize reliability

0001 – minimize monetary cost

0000 – normal service

These values are the Binary format. Please change to the Decimal and put these values in to the correct table.

Chapter 16

DDNS Device Configuration Screen

This Chapter covers Display DDNS related information.

16.1 DDNS Device Configuration Overview

The web configuration provides DDNS Device Configuration screen.

16.2 DDNS Device Configuration Screen

Click [DDNS Configuration] in the navigation panel and open the [DDNS Device Configuration] Screen.

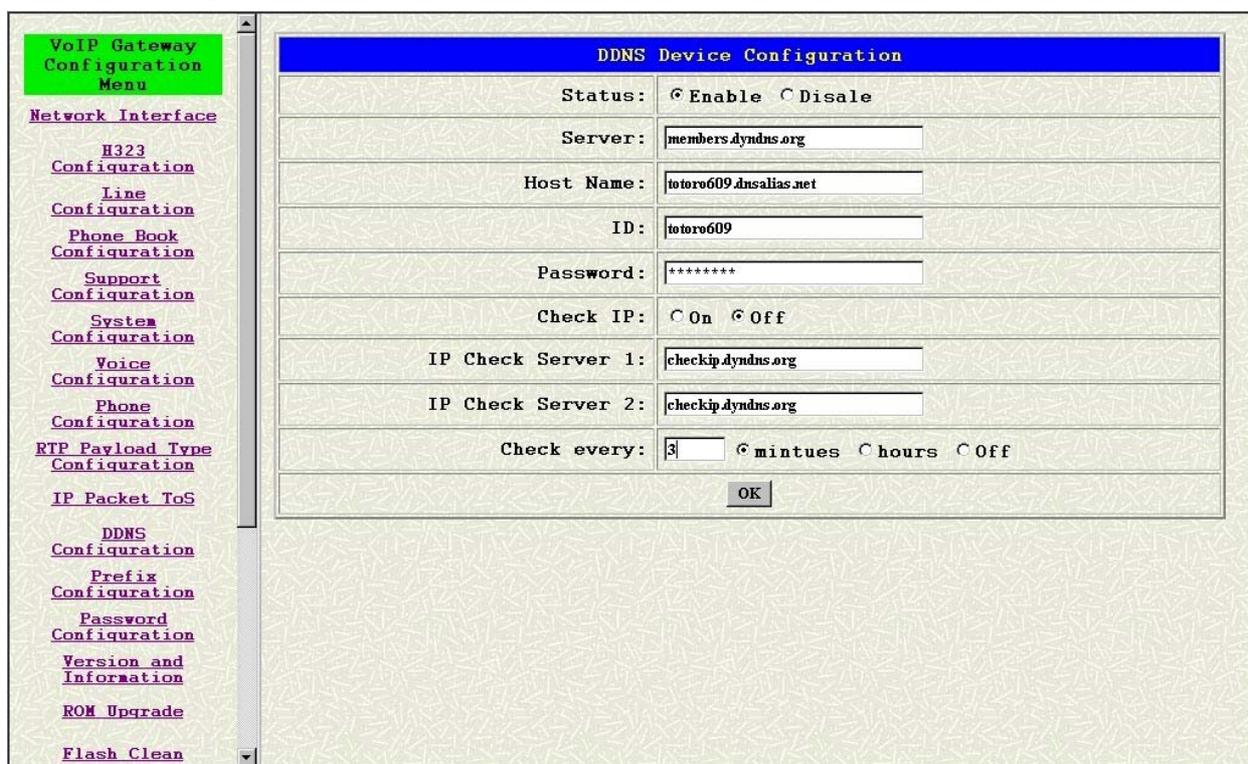


Figure 16-1 DDNS Device Configuration

The following table describes this screen.

Table 16-1 DDNS Device Configuration

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Status	Select enable or disable to use DDNS device function.
Server	Enter the server address of your DDNS server.
Host Name	Your Dynamic DNS name.
ID	Your Dynamic DNS Login account.
Password	Your Dynamic DNS Login password.
Check IP	Select On or Off to check IP function. If use IP Sharing machine

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
	will use check IP function. Then will get this information from your DDNS server.
IP Check Server 1	Set check the endpoints IP address.
IP Check Server 2	Set check the endpoints IP address.
Check Every	Set on/off function will check the server after a period. Set how long will check it (0~59) minutes or (1~24) hours check it.
OK [button]	Click [OK] button to save your changes back to the VoIP Gateway volatile memory.

Note:

Support DDNS Server: www.dyndns.org.

Chapter 17

Prefix Drop/Insert Configuration Screen

This Chapter covers to set Hotline function must be under Peer-to-Peer mode and switch to hotline mode.

17.1 Prefix Drop/Insert Configuration Overview

The web configurator provides Bureau screen.

17.2 Prefix Drop/Insert Configuration Screen

Click [Prefix configuration] in the navigation panel and open the [Prefix Drop/Insert Configuration] Screen.

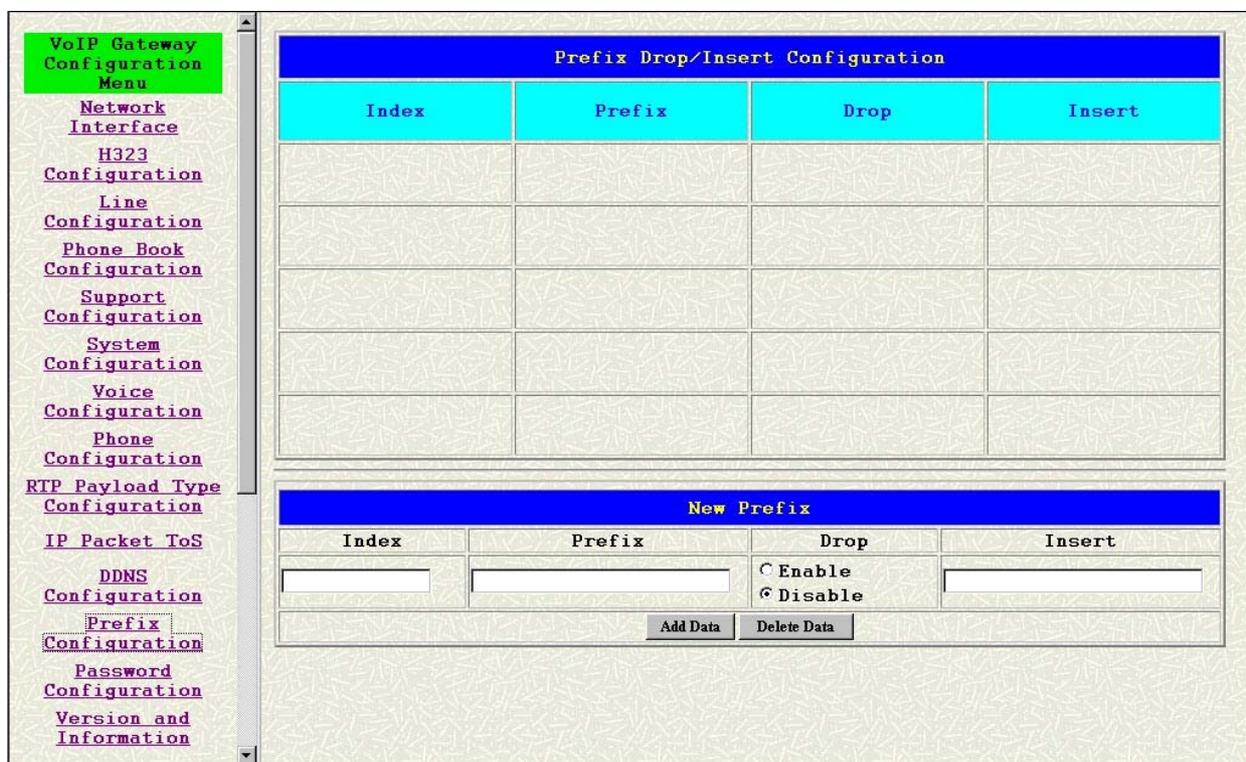


Figure 17-1 Prefix Drop/Insert Configuration

The following table describes this screen.

Table 17-1 Prefix Drop/Insert Configuration

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Index	This field refers to the index number.
Prefix	This field refers to the numbers that could be into VoIP gateway.
Drop	This field refers to the enable/disable drop function.
Insert	This field refers to the want to insert in this number.

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
New Prefix	
Index	Setting the index number for prefix record (max 100 record).
Prefix	Setting the prefix number of the whole numbers that could be into this VoIP gateway (1~20 digits).
Drop	Select enable or disable drop prefix function. The function is enable means to drop prefix number when dialing out. The function is disable means to keep prefix number.
Insert	Setting the digits that you want to insert in this number (1~30 digits).
Add Data [button]	Click [Add Data] button to insert the information table.
Delete Date [button]	Input the index number on index filed, and then click [Delete Data] button will to delete the record from the table.

Note:

This function is just like the Phone Book configuration. But it will make the drop and insert function in the GK routed mode. All the numbers into this gateway will check out the prefix table first.

Chapter 18

Password Configuration Screen

This Chapter explains how to change the VoIP Gateway password.

18.1 Password Configuration Overview

The Password screen allows you to configure the administrator password.

18.2 Password Configuration Screen

Click [Password configuration] in the navigation panel to open the [Password Configuration] screen.

Use the [Password Configuration] to set root and administrator password for the VoIP Gateway.

It is highly recommended that you change the default password ([Null]).

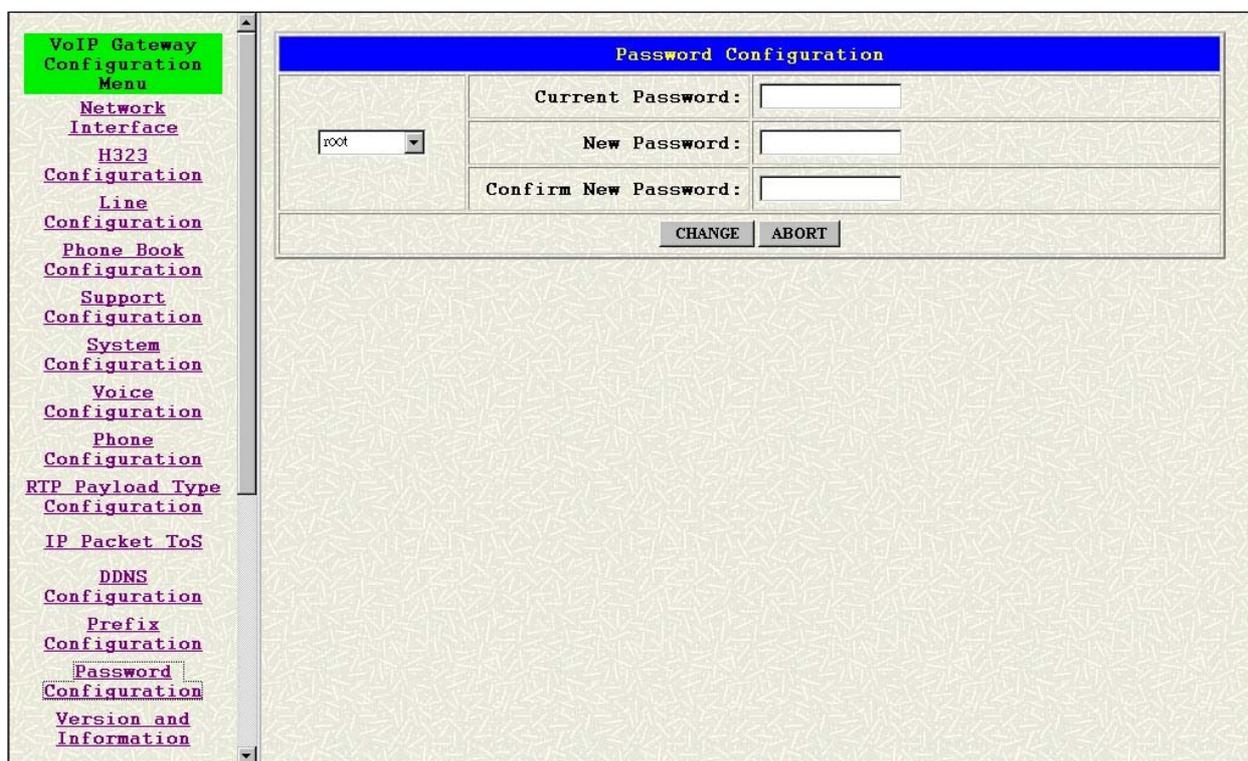


Figure 18-1 Password Configuration

The following table describes this screen.

Table 18-1 Password Configuration

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Username	Select root or administrator different options from the drop-down list box.

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Current Password	Type the existing system password ([Null] is the default password when shipped).
New Password	Type your new system password.
Confirm New Password	Confirm your new system password for confirmation.
CHANGE [button]	Click [CHANGE] to save your change back to the VoIP Gateway volatile memory.
ABORT [button]	Click [ABORT] to clean type data this page afresh.

Chapter 19

Version and Information Screen

This chapter explains the Version and Information Screen.

19.1 Version and Information Overview

The web configuration provides Version and Information screen to allow you to see VoIP Gateway Version Information.

19.2 Version and Information Screen

Click [Version and Information] in the navigation panel to open the [Version and Information] screen.

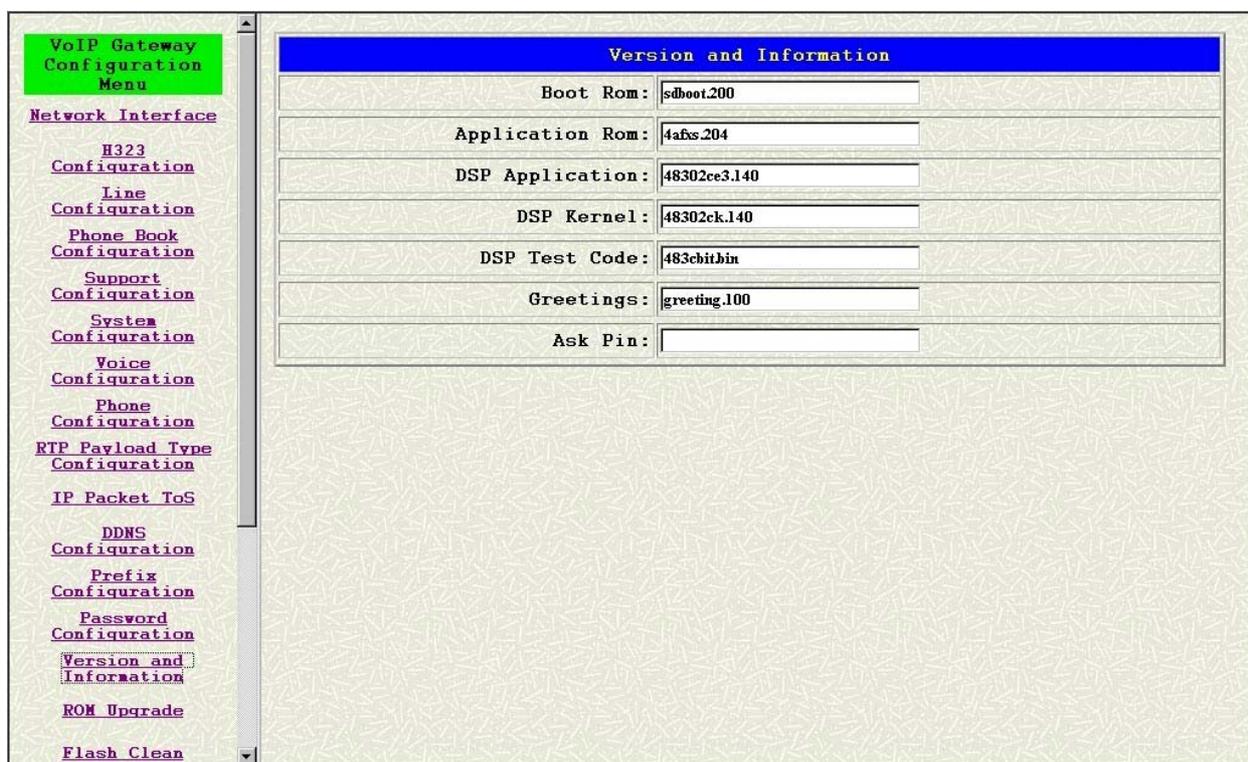


Figure 19–1 Version and Information

The following table describes this screen.

Table 19–1 Version and Information

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Boot Rom	This field refers to the Boot Rom Version.
Application Rom	This field refers to the Application Rom Version.
DSP Application	This field refers to the DSP Application Version.
DSP Kernel	This field refers to the DSP Kernel Version.
DSP Test Code	This field refers to the DSP Test Code Version.

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Greeting	This field refers to the Greeting file. (FXO only)
ASK Pin	This field refers to the ASK Pin file. (FXO only)

Chapter 20 ROM Upgrade Screen

This Chapter explains how to Update VoIP Gateway Version.

20.1 ROM Configuration Overview

The web configuration provides Update VoIP Gateway ROM Version.

20.2 ROM Configuration Screen

Click [ROM Upgrade] in the navigation panel and open the [ROM Configuration] Screen.

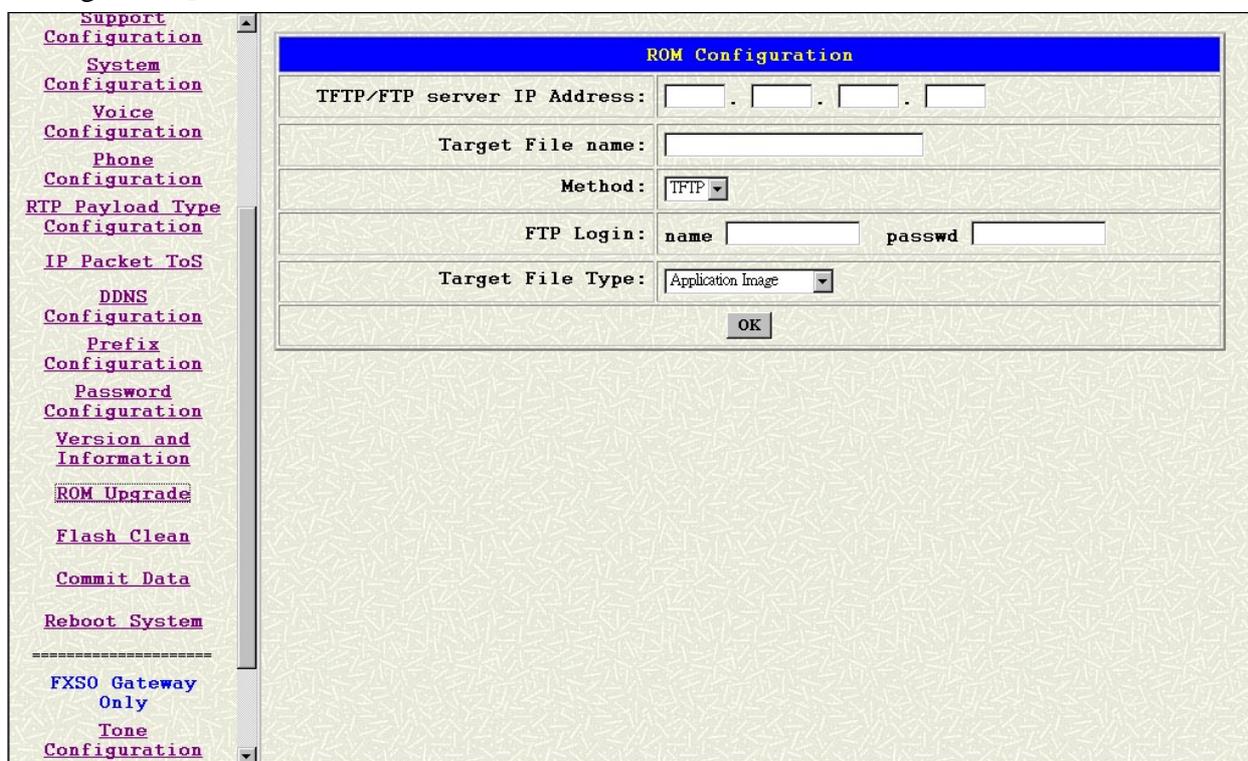


Figure 20-1 ROM Configuration

The following table describes this screen.

Table 20-1 ROM Configuration

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Server IP Address	Enter the FTP or TFTP Server IP Address.
Target File Name	Enter the file name prepared to upgrade.
Method	Select download method as FTP or TFTP.
FTP Login Name	Enter the FTP Login name (max 20 byte)
FTP Login Password	Enter the FTP Login password (max 20 byte)

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Target File Type	Select download Target File Type on 2M Boot Image, DSP Application Image, DSP Core Image, DSP Test Image different options from the drop-down list box.
OK [button]	Click [OK] to save your change back to the VoIP Gateway volatile memory.

Note:

Most of all, the Rom file needed to get upgrade is App or Boot2m. Please check the exactly Rom file before doing download procedure.

Chapter 21 Flash Clean Screen

This Chapter covers save change and clean the entire user defined value in factory default mode.

21.1 Flash Clean Overview

The web configuration provides Flash Clean screen.

21.2 Flash Clean Screen

Click [Flash Clean] in the navigation panel and open the [Flash Clean] Screen.

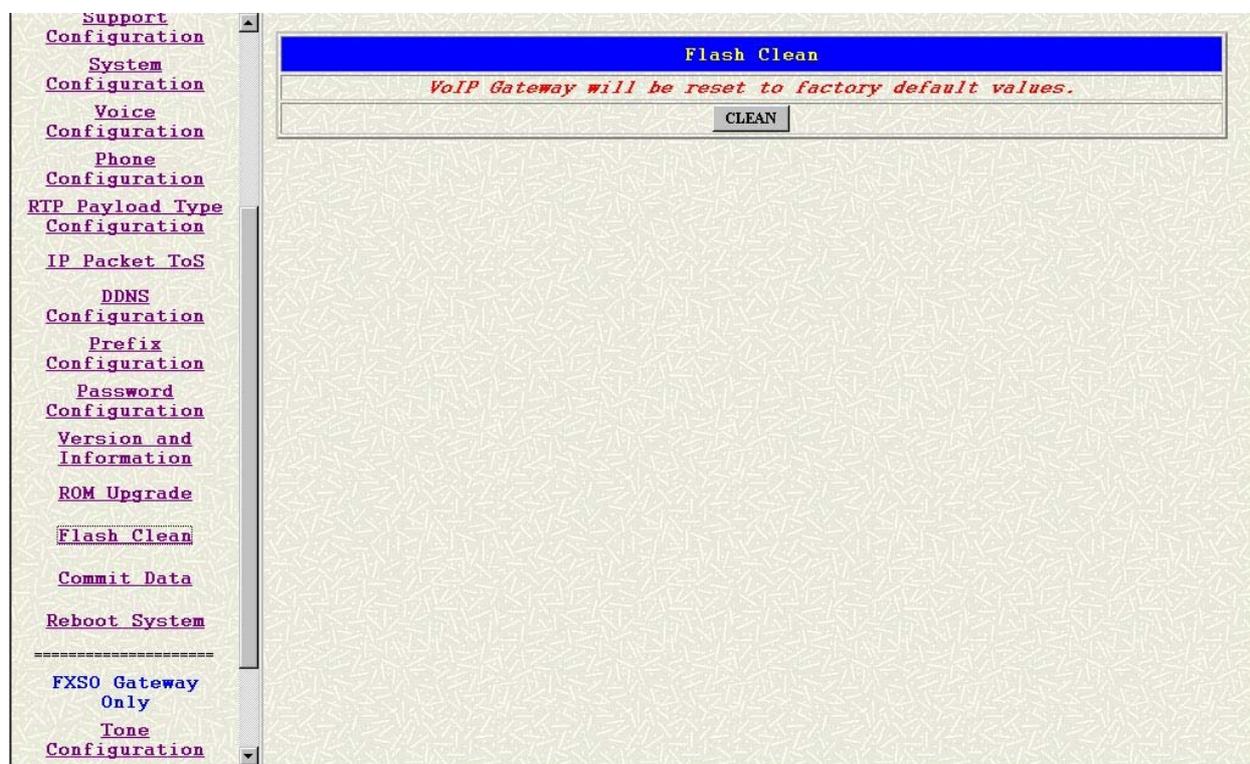


Figure 21-1 Flash Clean

The following table describes this screen.

Table 21-1 Flash Clean

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Clean [button]	Clean all configuring VoIP Gateway stored.

Note:

User whose login name is root only executes it. All configurations in [Network Interface] will be kept.

Chapter 22 Commit Data Screen

This Chapter covers save change after configuring VoIP Gateway.

22.1 Commit Configuration Data Overview

The web configuration provides Commit Configuration Data screen.

22.2 Commit Configuration Data Screen

Click [Commit Data] in the navigation panel and open the [Commit Configuration Data] Screen.

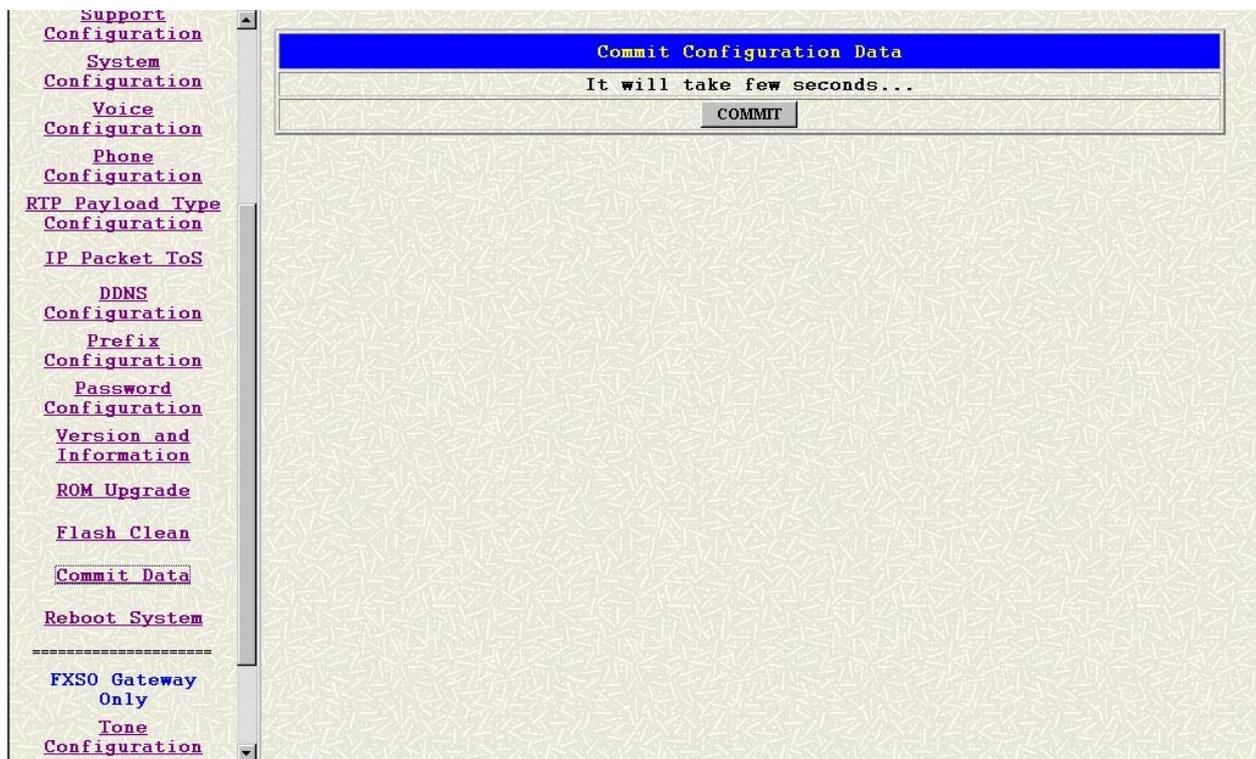


Figure 22-1 Commit Configuration Data

The following table describes this screen.

Table 22-1 Commit Configuration Data

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Commit [button]	Save changes after configuring VoIP Gateway.

Chapter 23 Reboot System Screen

This Chapter covers reboot to reload VoIP Gateway in new configuration.

23.1 Reboot VoIP Gateway Overview

The web configuration provides Reboot VoIP Gateway screen.

23.2 Reboot VoIP Gateway Screen

Click [Reboot System] in the navigation panel and open the [Reboot VoIP Gateway] Screen.

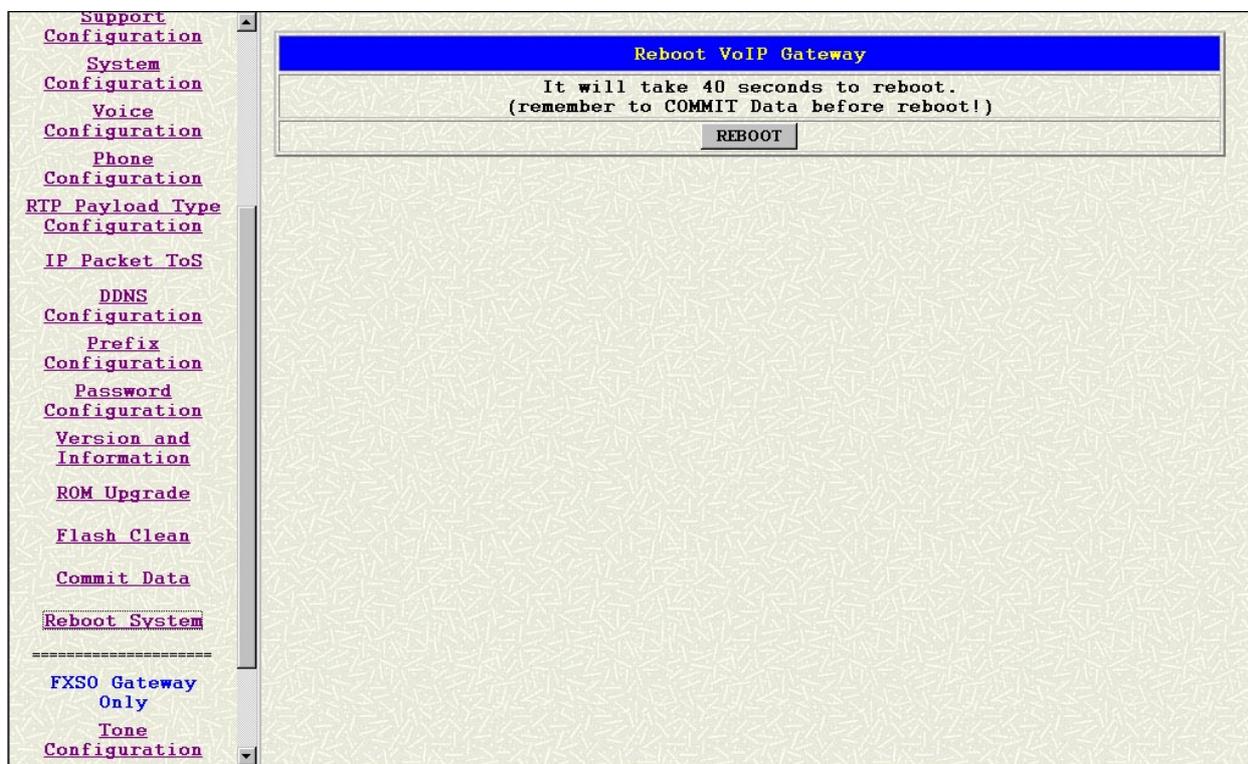


Figure 23-1 Reboot VoIP Gateway

The following table describes this screen.

Table 23-1 Reboot VoIP Gateway

LABEL	DESCRIPTION
Reboot [button]	After commit command, type reboot to reload VoIP Gateway in new configuration. The procedure is as below:

Part III:

Command with VoIP Gateway

This part gives information on commands to use.

Chapter 24 Command List

This section introduces the command line interface and lists all of the commands.

24.1 Hyper Terminal Setting

A terminal emulator is needed when using RS-232 port to configure Gateway. There are kinds of terminal emulator software. Here, we use Microsoft HyperTerminal to depict how to set up terminal emulator:

Step 1. Execute the Hyper Terminal program, and then the following windows will pop-up on the screen (START→Program files→Accessories→Communication →Hyper Terminal).



Figure 24-1 Connection Description

Step 2. Define a name such as [BOSSTELBOX2] for this new connection, after pressing [OK] button.



Figure 24-2 Connection Description

Step 3. The next windows appear, and then choose COM1/2 Port, which you are going to use.



Figure 24-3 Connect To

Step 4. Configure the COM Port Properties as following: Bits per second: 9600, Flow control: None, Press [OK] button, and then start to configure Gateway.

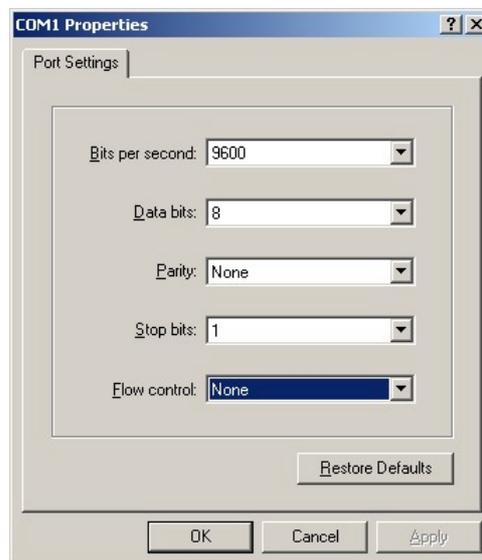


Figure 24-4 Com Properties

24.2 Power Up Your Gateway

At this point, you should have connected the console port, the LAN Port, the WAN port and the power port to the appropriate devices or lines. Plug the power adapter into a wall outlet. The Power LED should be on. The [Status LED] will come on after the system tests are complete. The WAN LED and one of the LAN LED come on immediately after the [Status LED] come on, if connections have been made to the LAN and WAN ports.

➤ Initial Screen

When you power on your Gateway it performs server internal tests as well as line initialization.

After the tests, the Gateway asks you to enter the Login, as shown.

...Attached TCP/IP interface to cpm unit 0

```
Attaching interface lo0...done
Hardware Type : 4FXS

HTTPD initialized...

AC4804[0] is ok
AC4804[1] is ok
successful 2 2
Initialize OSS libraries...OK!
VP v1.44 stack open sucessfully.
cmInitialize succeed!
Ras port:1024
CallSignal port:1720

login:
```

Figure 24-5 Initial Screen

➤ **Entering Login**

For you first login, enter the login [root] and default password [Null]. As you type the password, the screen displays and (*) for each character you type.

```
....Attached TCP/IP interface to cpm unit 0
Attaching interface lo0...done
Hardware Type : 4FXS

HTTPD initialized...

AC4804[0] is ok
AC4804[1] is ok
successful 2 2
Initialize OSS libraries...OK!
VP v1.44 stack open sucessfully.
cmInitialize succeed!
Ras port:1024
CallSignal port:1720

login: root
Welcome to Terminal Configuration Mode
Please enter your configuration item
```

```
usr/config$
```

Figure 24-6 Login Screen

Note:

Login account [root] or [administrator] is the default login account and there is no password needed.

➤ Set Password

To set your own password in root login name, just input command [passwd -set root ****]. For example, if password of root account is prepared as [voip], configuration it. When set password ok, you can see ok message.

```
usr/config$ passwd -set root voip

Setting
Login: root
Password: voip
OK

usr/config$
```

Figure 24-7 password -set command

24.3 Command Structure with Gateway

24.3.1 Setup IP Address

Use command [ifaddr] to configure Gateway IP Address and related information.

For example:**Step 1.** Setting ip address

```
usr/config$ ifaddr -ip 192.168.1.11 -mask 255.255.255.0 -gate
192.168.1.254
```

Description:

This is to configure Gateway IP Address as [192.168.1.11], subnet mask as [255.255.255.0], default router gateway as [192.168.1.254].

Step 2. After the configuration [commit] and [reboot] the device.

```
usr/config$ commit
usr/config$ reboot
```

Note:

After configured the IP Address and input the [commit], then [reboot] process, user can start to do other configurations via HTTPD.

Application Version 200 supports PPPoE function for user to set up the login ID and password to connect to Internet. Please refer to PPPoE mode for how to set up PPPoE.

24.3.2 Application Mode Configuration

It is including Basic mode, such as Gatekeeper and Peer-to-Peer, and Advanced mode, such as Hotline mode and IP-Sharing mode. It will be detailed in the next Chapter.

24.3.3 Saving Your Configuration

Save the change of configurations for Gateway and apply the new configurations by rebooting the device.

Step 1. Confirm the changed configurations, input [commit] and press [enter] key to save it.

Step 2. Input [reboot] then press [enter] key to restart Gateway.

Step 3. After around 40 seconds, Gateway will take effect in new configurations.

These commands save all system configuration into nonvolatile memory. Nonvolatile memory refers to the Gateway storage that remains even if the Gateway power is turned off. Run Time (memory) is lost when the Gateway power is turned off. You must use the command to save any configuration that you make, otherwise the Gateway will return to its default setting when it is restarted.

**Do not turn off your Gateway or remove the Gateway
while saving your configuration.**

24.4 Application modes

This Chapter will introduce the four application modes users often use. Particularly the Gatekeeper and Peer-to-Peer mode are the basic application mode. User would like to set as advanced application mode, such as Hotline Mode and Behind IP-Sharing mode, please refer to the basic application mode for more information.

24.4.1 Gatekeeper mode

User has to prepare a Gatekeeper Program. To assign a gatekeeper address for Gateway, and define it's own registered ID and phone number. For detail,

please refer to [h323] command.

Several important H323 parameters are listed below when setting gatekeeper mode: [-gk], [gwtype], [-prefix], [-line1], [-line2], [-line3], and [-line4].

Step 1. Setting gatekeeper mode, and line number

```
usr/config$ h323 -mode 0 (default gatekeeper mode)
usr/config$ h323 -gk 192.168.1.1 -prefix 1 -line1 11 -line2 12 -line3
13 -line4 14
```

For example:

```
usr/config$ h323 -print

H.323 stack relate information
  RAS mode                : GK mode
  Gatekeeper IP address   : 192.168.13.71
  Second Gatekeeper IP   : 192.168.13.71
  Gateway Type           : Gateway
  Registered prefix number : 1
  Line1                   : 11
  Line2                   : 12
  Line3                   : 13
  Line4                   : 14
  H.235 security token   : *
  Registered alias        : 4FXS-0015db
  Display Information     : 4FXS
  Gatekeeper discovery    : Off
  Gatekeeper ID          : GK
  RAS TTL time           : 60
  RTP port                : 16384
  Gatekeeper finding port : 1718
  GK RAS port            : 1719
  H225 RAS port          : 1024
  H225 Call signal port  : 1720
  Allocated port range   :
    start port           : 1024
    end port             : 1043
  Response timeOut       : 15
  Connect timeOut        : 200
```

```
usr/config$
```

Note:

This is to set gatekeeper IP address as [192.168.1.1], prefix as [1], line 1 number as [11], line 2 number as [12], line 3 number as [13], and line 4 number as [14]. The gateway type is kept as default value as Gateway Type.

Step 2. After the configuration [commit] and [reboot] the device.

```
usr/config$ commit
usr/config$ reboot
```

24.4.2 Peer-to-Peer Mode

Peer-to-Peer Mode allows users to call other VoIP devices without using a gatekeeper. When in Peer-To-Peer mode, Gateway will send SETUP message directly to the destination IP address once the dial is finished. Users have 2 methods of dial. One is IP Address dialing, and the other is [Phone Book] dial, which we will describe later. When using IP address as destination phone number, press [*] as [.] in IP address expression, and press [#] when dial is finished.

When using Phone Book, users can dial predefined phone number, and press [#] as end of dial.

To configure Peer-To-Peer Mode in Gateway, follow the steps below:

Step 1. Set Peer-To-Peer Mode, using [h323] command

```
usr/config$ h323 -mode 1 (Peer To Peer mode)
```

For example:

```
usr/config$ h323 -print
```

H.323 stack relate information

RAS mode	: Peer-to-Peer
Default Gateway	: x
Line1(TEL 1)	: 1001
Line2(LINE 1)	: 1002
Line3(TEL 2)	: 1003
Line4(LINE 2)	: 1004
Alias(H323-ID)	: 4FXS-0015db
Display Information	: 4FXS

```

RTP port                : 16384
H225 Call signal port  : 1720
Destination H225 call signal port : 1720
Allocated port range   :
    start port         : 1024
    end port           : 1043
Response timeOut       : 15
Connect timeOut        : 200
usr/config$

```

Step 2. Configure Phone Book, using [pbook] command.

Users can refer to [pbook] command for more information.

```
usr/config$ pbook -add name TEST1 ip 192.168.1.20 e164 20
```

Memo:

The command is to add a record onto PhoneBook. After the command completed, you can type [pbook -print] to see if the input record is correct.

Step 3. After the configuration [commit] and [reboot] the device.

```
usr/config$ commit
usr/config$ reboot
```

24.4.3 Hotline Mode

The Hotline Mode is applied in limited two peers. User just picks up the phone set and then hears ring back tone or dial tone depended on configurations of destination device.

➤ Gatekeeper Mode

Step 1. Set gateway under Gatekeeper mode.

Step 2. Create a Hotline table with [line] command.

```
usr/config$ line -config 1 hotline 1001
```

In this example means: if user picks up phone set of FXS Line1, gateway will automatically dial out [1001].

Step 3. After the configuration [commit] and [reboot] the device.

```
usr/config$ commit
usr/config$ reboot
```

➤ P2P Mode Usage:

Step 1. Set gateway under P2P mode.

Step 2. Create phone book table with [pbook] command.

Step 3. Create a Hotline table with [line] command.

```
usr/config$ h323 -mode 1
usr/config$ pbook -add name test ip 10.1.1.1 e164 1001
usr/config$ line -config 1 hotline 1001
```

In this example means: if user picks up phone set of FXS Line1, gateway will automatically dial out IP address of [1001].

Step 4. After the configuration [commit] and [reboot] the device.

```
usr/config$ commit
usr/config$ reboot
```

24.4.4 Forward Mode

Set no answer forward table provides No Answer Forward function. For call forward function, it can work under GK or P2P mode.

➤ GK Mode Usage:

Step 1. Setting Line1 busy forward Line2

```
usr/config$ line -config 1 forward 1002
```

In this example means: if user calls in FXS Line and hasn't been answered in forward time (please refer to [sysconf -forwardtime] command), gateway will automatically forward this call to phone number [1002].

Step 2. After the configuration [commit] and [reboot] the device.

```
usr/config$ commit
usr/config$ reboot
```

➤ P2P Mode Usage:

Step 1. Setting Line1 busy forward Line2

```
usr/config$ line -config 1 forward 1002
```

In this example means: if user calls in FXS Line1 when Line1 is busy, gateway will automatically forward this call to IP address of [1002] in Phone book.

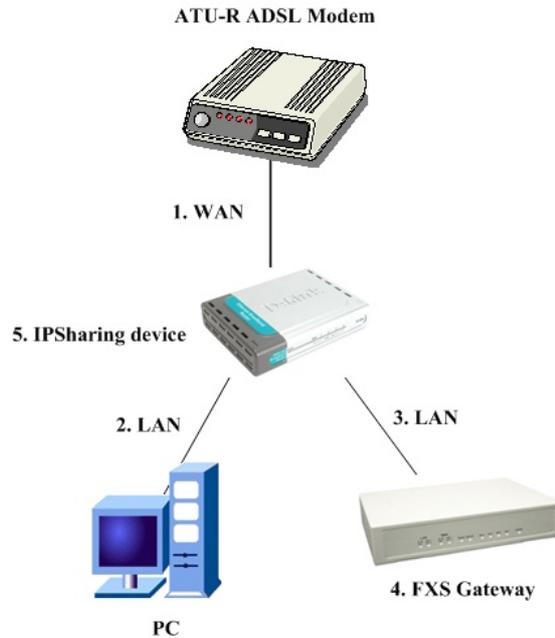
Step 2. After the configuration [commit] and [reboot] the device.

```
usr/config$ commit
usr/config$ reboot
```

24.4.5 Behind IP-Sharing Mode

The function is for user whose network environment is behind IP Sharing device. It is said Gateway is connected to the IP Sharing device.

An example such as ADSL network is in the following.



Step 1. The WAN IP Address obtained from ADSL has two kinds of methods. One is fixed IP Address, while user applies for one or more fixed IP Addresses. Another is dynamic IP Address while user applies for dial-up connection way.

Step 2. The LAN IP Address of User's PC can be set as DHCP client in order to gain a valid one.

Step 3. Another IP Address for Gateway must be set as an fixed one in order for that IP Sharing device pass forwarding the relevant information from WAN to LAN. Besides, a valid IP Address meets the IP Sharing device (LAN site) is the element.

Step 4. Gateway must enable the IP Sharing function for the fixed/dynamic WAN IP Address.

Fixed IP Address:

```
usr/config$ ifaddr -ipsharing 1 210.11.22.33
```

Dynamic IP Address:

```
usr/config$ ifaddr -ipsharing 1
```

Note:

With Dynamic WAN IP Address, a valid Gatekeeper for Gateway to get register on is a must. In other word, it is not workable in Peer-to-Peer mode while dynamic WAN IP Address.

Step 5. Ather the configuration [commit] and [reboot] the device.

```
usr/config$ commit
usr/config$ reboot
```

Step 6. IP Sharing device must have a function to do IP/Port mapping. Some is

named as DMZ, some is named as virtual server whatever. The VoIP messages from WAN have to completely pass forward to the LAN. It is said if the Gateway is assigned a virtual fixed IP Address such as 192.168.1.5, IP Sharing device must forward the VoIP message to 192.168.1.5.

Important Notes:

For some IP-Sharing devices do not support DMZ or virtual server function, but allowed user to allocate some particular TCP/UDP port range.

While a complete H.323 communication is established, the following ports are possibly to be used:

TCP port:

Q.931/H.225	1720
H.245	Dynamic, But range 1025 ~ 1029 (not in use if Fast Start or Tunnel mode is activated)

UDP port:

RAS	Device: 1024, Gatekeeper: 1719
RTP/RTCP	Adjustable, Default: 16384 ~ (16384 + 4*Line Numbers)

Note:

The port number allocation is for reference only. RTP/RTCP port may allocate on unexpected port. It is better to define the port in wider range than limited range

24.4.6 PPPoE Mode



Step 1. Set PPPoE mode, using [ifaddr]

```
usr/config$ ifaddr -mode 2 (PPPoE mode)
```

Step 2. Input the user id & password provided by your ISP, using [ifaddr]

```
usr/config$ ifaddr -id 123@hinet.net (PPPoE login account)
```

```
usr/config$ ifaddr -pwd 123 (PPPoE login Password)
```

Step 3. Reboot the device once after disconnection, using [ifaddr]

```
usr/config$ ifaddr -reboot 1 (Enable)
```

For example:

```
usr/config$ print

IP mode : PPPoE
PPPoE adapter information
  Status           : Not initialized
  DNS primary      : 168.95.1.1
  DNS secondary    : 168.95.1.2
  HTTP port        : 80
  SNTP
                  : mode=1
                  server 168.95.195.12
                  time zone : GMT+ 8
                  cycle=1024 mins
  IPSharing        : no IPSharing device.
  IP change        : Disable
  PPPoE user name  : 84460791@hinet.net
  PPPoE password   : *****
  PPPoE reboot     : Yes

usr/config$
```

Step 4. After the configuration [commit] and [reboot] the device.

```
usr/config$ commit
```

```
usr/config$ reboot
```

Step 5. When Gateway connection success.

For example:

```
usr/config$ ifaddr -print
```

```
IP mode : PPPoE
```

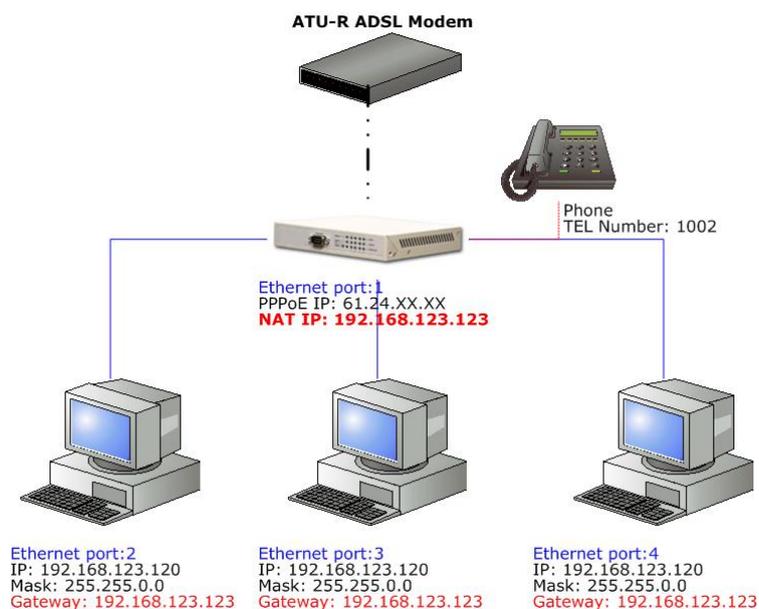
```
PPPoE adapter information
```

```

Status                : Ready
IP address             : 61.216.36.6
Destination           : 61.216.36.254
DNS primary            : 168.95.192.1
Subnet Mask           : 255.255.255.255
Authenticate          : PAP
Protocol              : TCP/IP
Device                : PPP/PPPoE
DNS primary            : 168.95.1.1
DNS secondary         : 168.95.1.2
HTTP port             : 80
SNTP                  : mode=1
                      server 168.95.195.12
                      time zone : GMT+ 8
                      cycle=1024 mins
IPSharing             : no IPSharing device.
IP change             : Disable
PPPoE user name       : 84460791@hinet.net
PPPoE password        : *****
PPPoE reboot         : Yes

usr/config$
    
```

24.4.7 PPPoE (NAT) mode (1AFXS only)



Step 1. Set PPPoE mode, using [ifaddr]

```
usr/config$ ifaddr -mode 2 (PPPoE mode)
```

Step 2. Input the user id & password provided by your ISP, using [ifaddr]

```
usr/config$ ifaddr -id 123@hinet.net (PPPoE login account)
```

```
usr/config$ ifaddr -pwd 123 (PPPoE login Password)
```

Step 3. Reboot the device once after disconnection, using [ifaddr]

```
usr/config$ ifaddr -reboot 1 (Enable)
```

For example:

```
usr/config$ print

IP mode : PPPoE
PPPoE adapter information
  Status           : Not initialized
  DNS primary      : 168.95.1.1
  DNS secondary    : 168.95.1.2
  LAN port IP (for NAT): 192.168.123.123
  HTTP port        : 80
  SNTP             : mode=1
                   server 168.95.195.12
                   time zone : GMT+ 8
                   cycle=1024 mins
  IPSharing        : no IPSharing device.
  IP change        : Disable
  PPPoE user name   : 84460791@hinet.net
  PPPoE password    : *****
  PPPoE reboot     : Yes

usr/config$
```

Step 4. After the configuration [commit] and [reboot] the device.

```
usr/config$ commit
```

```
usr/config$ reboot
```

Step 5. When Gateway connection success.

Step 6. Setup PC use LAN IP connection Network

Select [Specify an IP Address] and enter [192.168.123.111] in the [IP Address] location (where xxx is a number between 2 and 254 used by the VoIP Gateway to identify each computer), and the default [Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0]. Note that no two computers on the same LAN can have the same IP address. Gateway default gateway value 192.168.123.123 in the

[new gateway] field. Then save your change.

Note:

One Group only use only LAN IP address, if have two gateway on this group, you must change second gateway LAN IP Address different first gateway.

```
Gateway First:
usr/config$ ifaddr -lanip 192.168.124.124
Gateway Second:
usr/config$ ifaddr -lanip 192.168.124.125
```

Important Note:

This command function only 1FXS (FXS-01) VoIP Gateway used. So, other mode VoIP Gateway not sees it.

For example:

```
usr/config$ ifaddr -print

IP mode : PPPoE
PPPoE adapter information
  Status           : Ready
  IP address        : 61.216.36.6
  Destination       : 61.216.36.254
  LAN port IP (for NAT): 192.168.123.123
  DNS primary       : 168.95.192.1
  Subnet Mask       : 255.255.255.255
  Authenticate      : PAP
  Protocol          : TCP/IP
  Device            : PPP/PPPoE
  DNS primary       : 168.95.1.1
  DNS secondary     : 168.95.1.2
  HTTP port         : 80
  Sntp              : mode=1
                   server 168.95.195.12
                   time zone : GMT+ 8
                   cycle=1024 mins
  IPSharing         : no IPSharing device.
  IP change         : Disable
  PPPoE user name   : 84460791@hinet.net
  PPPoE password    : *****
  PPPoE reboot      : Yes
```

```
usr/config$
```

24.4.8 H.450 Call Hold, Transfer and Forward Mode

Gateway provides H.450 function including call hold, transfer and forward. Please be noted that both calling and called site have to support H.450 feature. For call forward function, it only works under GK mode. Of course, GK must support H.450 feature.

To enable H.450 feature, it is better for user to prepare a telephone set supported [FLASH] function on keypad. If telephone set does not support [FLASH] function on keypad, user is possible to click the Hook quickly by sending FLASH message. The default FLASH value for Gateway is between 100ms to 300 ms. It is said the value of Gateway is subject to the telephone set.

➤ **Call Hold – press [FLASH]**

By pressing the FLASH after making a call, both site shall hear the 2nd dial tone generated by Gateway. To retrieve the call back, just press the FLASH again.

➤ **Call Transfer – press [FLASH], then [transferring number]**

For example, A call B, B transfer to C

A make call to B, B press FLASH. A and B hear 2nd dial tone. B presses the C's number. C ringing and A hear the RingBack tone. B Hang up its call. A and C Make call.

➤ **Call Forward:**

- Activate – *147#
- Deactivate – *258#
- Busy Forward – [Forward No.] *#
- No response/ Answer – [Forward No.]*1#
- Unconditional – [Forward No.]*2#

It is important to send an activate/deactivate call forward message before setting up the forward number. This function is only available under GK mode, and the GK supports H.450 Call Forward function. There are three conditions for user to set a forwarding number.

Step 1. Busy Forward – while line is engaged or phone set is off-hook.

Step 2. No response/Answer – while no one answer the call.

Step 3. Unconditional – forward it unconditionally.

24.5 How to upgrade

➤ Before you start downloading

- Step 1.** Please confirm Host PC, which is installed as TFTP / FTP server and device is in available network.
- Step 2.** Remember the current configuration, such as [h323], [line], [pbook], and you change configuration data.
- Step 3.** It will list current version and default download method. Please check the **Application Rom** in particular, it is showed version list, as well as the most common one you have to upgrade.
- Step 4.** General speaking, App Rom is named including product name and version and size is under 1MB, such as 2fxs.115a. 2MB Rom is named such as 2m2fxs.115a. Please be very careful of the prepared Rom file while upgrading.
- Step 5.** Check Application Rom Version, input [rom -print] command

For example:

```
usr/config$ rom -print

Download Method : TFTP
      Boot Rom   : sdboot.200
Application Rom  : 4afx.203a
      DSP App    : 48302ce3.140
      DSP Kernel : 48302ck.140
      DSP Test Code : 483cbit.bin

usr/config$
```

- Step 6.** Prepare FTP or TFTP server ready.

➤ Upgrade steps: FTP Mode (Application Rom)

Step 1. Choose Download Method: FTP method

1. [-method]: Choose download method: FTP method,
2. input the FTP Login name and password
3. [rom -print]: check configuration data

```
usr/config$ rom -method 1
usr/config$ rom -ftp id password
usr/config$ rom -print
```

For example:

```
usr/config$ rom -print

Download Method : FTP
FTP username   : test
FTP password   : test

Boot Rom      : sdboot.200
Application Rom : 4afx.203a.bin
  DSP App     : 48302ce3.140
  DSP Kernel  : 48302ck.140
  DSP Test Code : 483cbit.bin

usr/config$
```

Step 2. Application Rom upgrade

1. [-app]: Choose means the prepared upgrade Rom.
2. [-s]: input the FTP Server IP Address.
3. [-f]: input the Rom files name

```
usr/config$ rom -app -s 192.168.1.1 -f 4afx.204
```

Step 3. flash -clean

Command [flash -clean] to clear old configurations. It will keep all configurations in [ifaddr].

```
usr/config$ flash -clean
```

Note:

Old version: such as 115a, will only keep IP Address and MAC Address.

➤ Upgrade steps: TFTP Mode (Boot2m)

Step 1. Choose Downlaod Method: TFTP method (default)

1. [-method]: Choose download method: TFTP method,
2. [rom -print]: check configuration data

```
usr/config$ rom -method 0
usr/config$ rom -print
```

For example:

```
usr/config$ rom -print
Download Method : TFTP
```

```
Boot Rom : sdboot.200
Application Rom : 4afx.203a
    DSP App : 48302ce3.140
    DSP Kernel : 48302ck.140
    DSP Test Code : 483cbit.bin

usr/config$
```

Step 2. Boot2m upgrade

1. [-boot2m]: Choose means the prepared upgrade Rom.
2. [-s]: input the FTP Server IP Address.
3. [f]: input the Rom files name

```
usr/config$ rom -boot2m -s 192.168.1.1 -f 2m4afx.204
```

Note:

If the version list is older than 113, all configurations will be back to default value, including IP Address. In other word, user has to set IP Address and MAC Address before [reboot] the device; otherwise, user cannot access to device any more via Telnet.

The version 200 and above support to keep every configurations after upgrade. If you upgrade version 200 over and above you check step 6.

Step 3. Find out MAC Address:

There are 12 digits on label on the back panel of the device, or command as [ifaddr -ifshow] (find the list information of Ethernet address, it is MAC Address).

```
usr/config$ ifaddr -ifshow
```

For example:

```
usr/config$ ifaddr -ifshow

cpm (unit number 0):
  Flags: (0x8063) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING
  Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
  Internet address: 192.168.13.80
  Broadcast address: 192.168.15.255
  Netmask 0xffff800 Subnetmask 0xffff800
  Ethernet address is 00:01:a8:00:27:43
  Metric is 0
  Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
  0 octets received
```

```

0 octets sent
221 packets received
0 packets sent
221 unicast packets received
0 unicast packets sent
0 non-unicast packets received
0 non-unicast packets sent
0 input discards
0 input unknown protocols
0 input errors
138 output errors
0 collisions; 0 dropped

```

Step 4. Set MAC Address:

```

usr/config$ setmac
- enter mac address (xxxxxxxxxxxx):

```

For example:

```

usr/config$ setmac
- enter mac address (xxxxxxxxxxxx):0001a8002743
- the mac address is 00 01 a8 00 27 43
- if mac address is correct,please press 'y' to
  setup configuration,else press 'n' to continue
y
- mac address configuraton OK.
usr/config$

```

Step 5. Set IP Address:

```

usr/config$ ifaddr -ip xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx -mask xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx -gate
xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx

```

Step 6. commit, reboot

```

usr/config$ commit
usr/config$ reboot

```

24.6 Commands with Gateway

The following table lists all of the commands that you can use with the Gateway. Refer to the following chapters for descriptions of commonly used commands.

This user's guide describes commands that are helpful for configuring the Gateway. Using commands not documented in the user's guide can damage the unit and possibly render it unusable.

Table 24-1 Commands with Gateway

Command	Description
help	help/man/? [command]
quit	quit/exit/close
debug	Show debug message
reboot	Reboot local machine
flash	Clean configuration from flash rom
commit	Commit flash rom data
ifaddr	Internet address manipulation
time	Show current time
ping	Test that a remote host is reachable
sysconf	System information manipulation
h323	H.323 information manipulation
line	Gateway line information and configuration
prefix	Prefix drop/insert information manipulation
pbook	Phonebook information and configuration
voice	Voice information manipulation
support	Special Voice function support manipulation
sysinfo	System information
phone	Setup of call progress tones and ringing (SLIC control)
tos	IP Packet ToS (Type of Service) values
ddns	Dynamic DNS update manipulation
pt	RTP payload type configuration and information
rom	ROM file update
Auth	Auth to customized the WEB configuration item for administrator.
passwd	Password setting information and configuration

24.7 System Commands Overview

24.7.1 [quit]

Type [quit] will quit the Gateway configuration mode. And turn back to login prompt.

```
usr/config$ quit

Disconnecting..
login: root
Welcome to Terminal Configuration Mode
Please enter your configuration item

usr/config$
```

Figure 24-8 quit command

Note:

It is recommended that type the [quit] command before you leave the console. If so, Gateway will ask password again when next user connects to console port.

24.7.2 [debug]

Open debug message will show up specific information while Gateway is in operation. After executing the debug command, it should execute command [debug -open] as well.

```
usr/config$ debug

Debug message information and configuration
Usage:
debug [-add type1 [[type2]..]] | -open | -close | -status
    -status    Display the enabled debug flags.
    -add       Add debug flag.
    -delete    Remove specified debug flag.
    -open      Start to show debug messages.
    -close     Stop showing debug messages.

Example:
    debug -add h323 h323vp
    debug -open

usr/config$
```

Figure 24-9 debug command list

Parameter Usages:

-status: Display the enabled debug flags.

- add: Add debug flag.
 - h323: h323 related information
 - vp: voice related information
- delete: Remove specified debug flag.
- open: Start to show debug messages.
- close: Stop showing debug messages.

In this example, user open debug flags including h323, vp, h323vp.

```
usr/config$ debug -add h323 vp h323vp
usr/config$ debug -open
```

For example:

```
usr/config$ debug -status

Current debug type enabled :
Debug Mode is open
DEBUG-> H323VP H323
usr/config$
```

Figure 24-10 debug -status commend

24.7.3 [reboot]

After [commit] command, type [reboot] to reload Gateway in new configuration. The procedure is as below:

```
usr/config$ reboot

....Attached TCP/IP interface to cpm unit 0
Attaching interface lo0...done
Hardware Type : 4FXS

HTTPD initialized...

AC4804[0] is ok
AC4804[1] is ok
successful 2 2
Initialize OSS libraries...OK!
VP v1.44 stack open sucessfully.
cmInitialize succeed!
Ras port:1024
CallSignal port:1720
```

```
login:
```

Figure 24-11 reboot commend

24.7.4 [flash]

Clean the configuration stored in flash.

```
usr/config$ flash

Flash memory information and configuration
Usage:
flash [-clean]
flash -clean  Clean the configuration stored.

Note:
    This command will clean the configuration stored in
    the flash and reboot it.

usr/config$
```

Figure 24-12 flash commend list

Parameter Usages:

-clean: clean all the user defined value, and reboot Gateway in factory default mode.

Note:

It is recommended that use [flash -clean] after application firmware id upgraded.

Warning:

User whose login name is root only executes it. All configurations in command [ifaddr] will be kept.

For example:

```
usr/config$ flash -clean

Flash clean ok!! Rebooting ...
Attached TCP/IP interface to cpm unit 0
Attaching interface lo0...done
```

```

Hardware Type : 4FXS

HTTPD initialized...
cmInitialize succeed!
Ras port:1024
CallSignal port:1720

AC4804[0] is ok
AC4804[1] is ok
successful 2 2
Initialize OSS libraries...OK!
VP v1.44 stack open sucessfully.

login:

```

Figure 24-13 flash -clean commend

24.7.5 [commit]

Save changes after configuring Gateway.

```

usr/config$ commit

This may take a few seconds, please wait..
Commit to flash memory ok!

usr/config$

```

Figure 24-14 commit commend

Note:

Users shall use [commit] to save modified value, or they will not be activated after system reboot.

24.7.6 [ifaddr]

Configure and display Gateway network information.

```

LAN information and configuration
Usage:
ifaddr [-print][-mode used][-ip IP Address][-mask Subnet Mask]
        [-gate Default Gateway][-dns 1 IP Address][-http portnumber]
        [-lanip IP Address][-sntp mode [server]][-timezone GMT]
        [-ipsharing used IP address][-ipchange used][-id PPPoE

```

```

username ]
    [-pwd PPPoE password][ -reboot used]

    -print      Display network information and configuration.
    -mode       Specify WAN IP mode (0=Static, 1=DHCP, 2=PPPoE).
    -ip         Specify WAN port static IP address.
    -mask       Set WAN port static IP subnet mask.
    -gate       Specify WAN port static IP default gateway IP address
    -autodns    Specify the way to obtain DNS Server (0=Manual,
1=Auto).
    -dns        Set DNS server IP address. Provide set DNS primary and
secondary IP address (1=primary IP address,
2=secondary).
    -http       Specify http port number.
    -lanip      Specify LAN port IP address (For NAT function).
    -sntp       Set SNTP server mode and specify IP address.
                SNTP mode (0=No update, 1=Specify server IP,
2=broadcast mode).
    -timezone   Set local timezone.
    -ipsharing  Specify usage of an IP sharing device and specify IP
address
                (0=Disable, 1=Enable).
    -ipchange   Replace IP address if the shared IP is changed
                (0=Disable, 1=Enable).
    -id         PPPoE connection user name.
    -pwd        PPPoE connection password.
    -reboot     Reboot after remote host disconnection in PPPoE mode
                (0=No Reboot, 1=Yes Reboot).
    -echo       PPPoE Echo Request (0=disable, 1=enable).
    -emsip      EMS server IP(x=IP null).
    -emsid      EMS user name.
    -emspwd     EMS user password.
    -emstime    EMS refresh time(0~1024 min).
Note:
    Range of IP address setting (0.0.0.0 ~ 255.255.255.255).
Example:
    ifaddr -mode 0
    ifaddr -ip 210.59.163.202 -mask 255.255.255.0 -gate

```

```

210.59.163.254
  ifaddr -dns 1 168.92.1.1 -dns 2 168.95.1.2
  ifaddr -http 80
  ifaddr -lanip 192.168.123.123
  ifaddr -sntp 1 210.59.163.254
  ifaddr -ipsharing 1 210.59.163.254
  ifaddr -ipchange 1
  ifaddr -id 123456@hinet.net -pwd 123456 -reboot 1

```

Figure 24-15 ifaddr commend list

Parameter Usages:

- print: Print current IP setting and status
- mode: Specify WAN IP mode (0=Static, 1=DHCP, 2=PPPoE), DHCP mode: Dynamic Host Configuration, PPPoE mode: PPPoE Dial-up function.
- ip: Assigned IP address for Gateway
- mask: Assigned internet subnet mask
- gate: Assigned IP default gateway
- autodns: Specify the way to obtain DNS Server (0=Manual, 1=Auto), this function is only usable in DHCP or PPPoE mode.
- dns: Setup DNS Server IP Address.
- http: Assiged Gateway web browser connection port number, default port number 80.
- lanip: Specify LAN port IP address (For NAT function), use this command setup lanip address assigned to PC or other machine. Setting IP address provide PC setup Default Gateway Address.**

```
usr/config$ ifaddr -lanip 192.168.124.124
```

Note:

One Group only use only LAN IP address, if have two gateway on this group, you must change second gateway LAN IP Address different first gateway.

```

Gateway First:
usr/config$ ifaddr -lanip 192.168.124.124
Gateway Second:
usr/config$ ifaddr -lanip 192.168.124.125

```

Important Note:

This command function only 1FXS (FXS-01) VoIP Gateway used. So, other mode VoIP Gateway not sees it.

-sntp: Simple Network Time Protocol (0=No update, 1=Specify server IP, 2=broadcast mode). When SNTP function is activated, users have to specify a SNTP server as network time source. An example is demonstrated below:

```
usr/config$ ifaddr -sntp 1 10.1.1.1
```

Note:

While 10.1.1.1 stands for SNTP server's IP address.

-timezone: set local time zone according to GMT

-ipsharing: To specify a global fixed IP address, user can add this IP address in the command.

```
usr/config$ ifaddr -ipsharing 1 210.11.22.33
```

Note:

If the IP address is not a fixed one, the dedicated IP address is not necessary in the command. However, dynamic IP Address is not working in Peer-to-Peer mode.

-ipchange: If the unit is behind the IP sharing device and the IP address for the WAN port of that IP sharing is using the dynamic IP address. This function has to be enabled.

```
usr/config$ ifaddr -ipchange 1
```

-id: This id is for the user name of the PPPoE usage.

-pwd: This password is for the user name of the PPPoE usage.

-reboot: If the connection disconnected by the ISP, the unit will reboot and get the ip again.

-echo: In the PPPoE mode, if the network connector or the ADSL modem was lost, after the connector and modem connected, it will reboot automatically for the re-connect with the PPPoE server.

-emsip: Set the EMS server IP address.

-emsid: Set the EMS login user name.

-emspwd: Set the EMS login password.

-emstime: Set the EMS search time. For example, if user configures the EMS time as 2, the IAD will search the EMS server every 2 minutes.

Note:

The EMS server is a managed center, user can use it to upgrade firmware or restore the configuration. For more information, please refer to the EMS user manual.

For example:

```
usr/config$ ifaddr -print

IP mode : Static
Internet address information
  IP address      : 192.168.13.78
  Subnet mask     : 255.255.248.0
  Default gateway : 192.168.8.254
  LAN port IP (for NAT): 192.168.123.123
  DNS primary     : 168.95.1.1
  DNS secondary   : 168.95.1.2
  HTTP port      : 80
  SNTP           : mode=1
                  server 168.95.195.12
                  time zone : GMT+ 8
                  cycle=1024 mins
  IPSharing      : no IPSharing device.
  IP change      : Disable
  PPPoE user name :
  PPPoE password :
  PPPoE reboot   : No
  PPPoE echo     : Enable
  EMS IP         : 10.1.1.2
  EMS user name  : totoro
  EMS password   : ***
  EMS time       : 0

usr/config$
```

Figure 24-16 ifaddr -print command

24.7.7 [time]

When SNTP function of Gateway is enabled and SNTP server can be found as well, type [time] command to show current network time.

```
usr/config$ time
Current time is WED SEP 17 12:36:49 2003

usr/config$
```

Figure 24-17 time command list

24.7.8 [ping]

Use [ping] to test whether a specific IP is reachable or not.

For example: if 192.168.1.2 is not existing while 210.63.15.32 exists. Users will have the following results:

```
usr/config$ ping 192.168.1.2
no answer from 192.168.1.2
usr/config$ ping192.168.1.254
PING 192.168.1.254: 56 data bytes
64 bytes from 192.168.1.254: icmp_seq=0. time=5. ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.254: icmp_seq=1. time=0. ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.254: icmp_seq=2. time=0. ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.254: icmp_seq=3. time=0. ms
----192.168.1.254 PING Statistics----
4 packets transmitted, 4 packets received, 0% packet loss
round-trIP (ms)  min/avg/max = 0/1/5
210.63.15.32 is alive
usr/config$
```

Figure 24-18 ping commend list

24.7.9 [sysconf]

This command displays system information and configurations.

```
usr/config$ sysconf

System information and configuration
Usage:
  sysconf [-print][-idtime digit][-forwardtime digit][-keypad used]
          [-prefixsw used][-prefixdisab used][-usrdefprefix digits]
          [-codec used][-reverse used][-localrbt used][-roundtrip
used]
          [-gwprefix used][-eod used]
  sysconf
    -print          Display system overall information and configuration.
    -idtime         Inter-Digits time (1~10 sec).
    -forwardtime   Forward time for FXS line if no answer (5~65535
sec).
    -keypad        Select DTMF type: 0=In-band, 1=H.245
Alphanumeric,
                  2=H.245 SignalType, 3=Q.931 UserInfo,
```

```

4=RFC2833.
  -prefixsw      User defined local zone prefix switch (0=OFF, 1=ON).
  -prefixdisab  Local zone prefix disable character (one character
                from 0~9, *, or NONE('-' key)).
  -usrdefprefix User defined local zone prefix (0 ~ 20 digits).
  -codec        Codec select method (0=Caller, 1=Master).
  -reverse      Reverse.(0=Disable, 1=Enable).
  -callerid     Caller ID.(0=Disable, 1=Enable).
  -sendiprbt    Send IP ring back tone (0=Disable, 1=Enable).
  -localrbt     Local ring back tone (0=Disable, 1=Enable).
  -roundtrip    Disconnect no connect in line busy.(0=Disable,
1=Enable).
  -gwprefix     Drop gateway prefix when call from IP (0=Keep,
1=Drop).
  -eod          End of dial (0=Disable, 1=Enable).
Example: sysconf -idtime 5
usr/config$

```

Figure 24-19 sysconf commend list

Parameter Usages:

- print: Print current sysconf settings.
- idtime: Set the duration (in second) of two pressed digits in dial mode as timed out. If after the duration user hasn't pressed next number, it will dial out all number pressed (1-10 seconds).
- forwardtime: Set forward time (5-65535 seconds) for FXS Line. If call hasn't answered the call in this time, call will be forward to assigned number in [line] command. (Please refer to [line] command for forward setting.)
- keypad: Select DTMF replay type (0=In-band, 1=H.245 Alphanumeric, 2=H.245 SignalType, 3=Q.931 UserInfo, 4=RFC2833), Users can adjust the value according to various applications. In-band: Gateway will transfer DTMF signal via RTP payload. H.245 Alphanumeric via H.245 UII Alphanumeric. H.245 SignalType FXS (VoIP) via H.245 UII Singal Type. Q.931 UserInfo via Q.931 UserInfo. RFC2833 via RFC2833.
- prefixsw: Switch on/off prefix function. If user enables prefix function, once user dials out, gateway will automatically add prefix number before number user dialed.
- prefixdisab: Set disable key (0,1~9, *) to disable the prefix function in this current call. For example, if user has set prefix as 100, and wants to dial

out 100123, user can only press 123, to dial out 100123. However, if user wants to dial 123 without prefix, user can press prefix disable key, for example [*], user can press [*], then dial 123, gateway will dial out 123 without adding prefix.

-usrdefprefix: Define prefix number.

Note:

The above three commands [prefixsw], [prefixdisab] and [usrdefprefix] have to work together. If user would like to dial 9 to replace 123456789, he can firstly switch on the command [sysconf -prefixsw 1], secondly to define the prefix digits as 12345678 [sysconf -usrdefprefix 12345678]. While user would like to dial other numbers, he can dial a defined digit - [*] to disable the function [sysconf -prefixdisab *], then dial to the number he wants to dial.

-codec: Set who is the one to determine voice codec during negotiation. 0 is caller will determine the codec, and 1 is master will determine the codec. (During negotiation 2 endpoints will compare gateway type level to determine who is master.)

-reverse: If the FXS is the calling party, it will generate the reverse signal to the analog side when it got the connect message from the IP side. It could be used in the pay phone application

-callerid: Enable or Disable the caller-id function.

-sendiprbt: Send IP ring back tone (0=Disable, 1=Enable).

-localrbt: Enable or Disable locally generate ring back tone. Disable means gateway will receive ring back tone from remote callee, Enable means gateway will generate ring back tone locally.

-roundtrip: The call will be disconnected automatically, if the network is failed, default value is 10 seconds.

-gwprefix: Drop or keep gateway prefix . Keep Means when gateway has incoming call from IP side, it will not drop prefix before searching for call number. Drop Means when gateway has incoming call from IP side, it will drop prefix before searching for called number.

-eod: It will transfer the DTMF in [#] if users disable the end of dial function. Users have to press the keypad in [#] if the end of dial function is enable.

Note:

User can also define IP address here in P2P mode, once user press "#", Gateway will call out this IP address.

For example:

```
usr/config$ sysconf -print

System information
  Inter-Digits time           : 3
  Forward time                : 30
  Keypad DTMF type           : H.245 SignalType
  User defined prefix switch  : OFF
  User defined prefix disable : *
  User defined prefix         : 0
  Codec select method        : Master
  Reverse                     : Enable
  Caller ID                   : Disable
  Send remote IP ring back tone : Enable
  Local generate ring back tone : Enable
  Round Trip                  : Disable
  Gateway prefix              : Keep
  End of dial                 : Enable

usr/config$
```

Figure 24-20 sysconf -print commend

24.7.10 [h323]

This command is to configure H.323 related parameters.

```
usr/config$ h323

H.323 stack information and configuration
Usage:
h323 [-print][-mode used][-gk IP address][-algk IP address][-gwtype
used]
      [-dfgw IP address][-prefix number][-line number][-passwd
number]
      [-alias h323id][-display information][-gkid ID][-gkdis used]

-print      Display H.323 stack information and configuration.
-mode       Configure as Gatekeeper mode or Peer-to-Peer mode
            (0=Gatekeeper, 1=Peer-to-Peer).
```

-gk	Gatekeeper IP address.
-algk	Second Gatekeeper IP address.
-gwtype	Gateway Type (0=Terminal, 1=Gateway).
-dfgw	Default Gateway IP address.
-prefix	Prefix number.
-line1	Line 1 E.164 number.
-line2	Line 2 E.164 number.
-line3	Line 3 E.164 number.
-line4	Line 4 E.164 number.
-passwd	H.235 security password.
-alias	IP side registered H323 ID.
-display	String representing display information for reporting to the called party.
-gkid	Gatekeeper ID.
-gkdis	Gatekeeper discovery (0=Off, 1=On).
-ttl	RAS TTL time (0~3600 second).
-rtp	RTP port number (1024~65532).
-gkfind	Gatekeeper finding port (1024~65535).
-gkras	Gatekeeper RAS port (1024~65535).
-h225	H225 ras port (1024~65535).
-q931	H225 call signal port (1024~65535).
-dstq931	Destination H225 call signal port (1024~65535).
-range	Dynamically allocated port range (1024~19999).
-respto	Max waiting time for 1st response to a new call (1~200).
-connto	Max waiting time for call establishment after receiving 1st response of a new call (1~20000).
Note:	Range of IP address setting (0.0.0.0 ~ 255.255.255.255).
Example:	h323 -gk 210.59.163.171 -line1 70 -line2 71 -line3 72 -line4 73 h323 -alias Your_Alias_Name -gkid GK -gkdis 1 -passwd 1234
usr/config\$	

Figure 24-21 h323 commend list

Parameter Usages:

-print: Print current h323 related settings

-mode: Alternatives for gatekeeper or peer-to-peer mode (0=gatekeeper mode; 1=peer-to-peer mode). If users select gatekeeper mode, an extra gatekeeper is needed when Gateway is in operation.

```
usr/config$ h323 -mode 1 (peer to peer mode)
```

-gk: Assign gatekeeper's IP address when Gateway is in gatekeeper mode.

-algk: Assign second gatekeeper's IP address as redundancy. If Gateway fails to register to main GK for 10 times, it will try to register to alternative GK.

-gwtype: Gateway type has two kinds, gateway and terminal. Gateway type: will register as H.323 defined Gateway; user has to define [prefix] in next command. Terminal type: will register as H.323 defined Terminal, [prefix] command is not necessary.

-dfgw: Default gateway is applied under Peer-to-Peer mode. User defines a constant default gateway IP address, then any number dialed will pass forward to this IP Address.

-prefix: Assign VoIP Gateway prefix number, as well as the registered number on the Gatekeeper.

-line1: Assign line 1 number.

-line2: Assign line 2 number.

-line3: Assign line 3 number.

-line4: Assign line 4 number.

Note:

Line number follow Gateway port number display, if you use FXS-02 Gateway you can only setup line1 & line2 number.

User can also set "x" in line number to disable the port. If the port is disabled, it can only receive calls but not calling out.

Line1 & line2 number must follow the prefix number if device is configured as Gateway type.

-alias: H.323 ID. If in gatekeeper mode, this h.323 ID must be different from others who are registering to the same gatekeeper.

-display: An addition name for user to recognize in called site.

-gkdis: Set auto discovery function on or off. If this function is enabled and IP address of GateKeeper is set as 255.255.255.255, Gateway will multicast to search a GateKeeper on network with configured GateKeeper name; if IP address of GateKeeper is set, before Gateway register to the assigned GateKeeper, it will send out GRQ (GateKeeper Request) message with configured GateKeeper name to GateKeeper first.

-gkid: Set GateKeeper name for GateKeeper discovery. When Gateway send out

GateKeeper discovery message will search GateKeeper with this GateKeeper name.

- rtp: To allocate RTP port range—NOT RECOMMENDED. This may be used when RTP port range conflicts with Firewall policy (1024~65532).
- ttl: To set timer for TTL (Time To Live). Gateway would send RRQ, with keep Alive, to gatekeeper periodically according to TTL timer, default:60 (0~3600 second).
- gkfind: Gatekeeper finding port. Which Gateway uses it to discover a gatekeeper. Default value is 1718 (1024~65535).
- gkras: To set default gatekeeper RAS port number. Default value, is 1719 well-known port for RAS communication.
- h225: To set the ras port.(1024~65535)
- q931: To set the call signal port.(1024~65535)
- dstq931: To specify destination H.225 signal port number.
- range: To allocate port range (1024-19999) Gateway may use it.
- respto: Maximum response time out
- connto: Maximum connection time out
- passwd: Set H.235 security password. If user's GK need H.235 security token password to authenticate, user have to input open password in this command.

For example:

```
usr/config$ h323 -print

H.323 stack relate information
RAS mode                : GK mode
Gatekeeper IP address   : 192.168.13.71
Second Gatekeeper IP    : 192.168.13.71
Gateway Type            : Gateway
Registered prefix number : 100
Line1                   : 1001
Line2                   : 1002
Line3                   : 1003
Line4                   : 1004
H.235 security token    : *
Registered alias        : 4FXS-0015db
Display Information     : 4FXS
Gatekeeper discovery    : Off
```

```

Gatekeeper ID          : GK
RAS TTL time           : 60
RTP port               : 16384
Gatekeeper finding port : 1718
GK RAS port            : 1719
H225 RAS port          : 1024
H225 Call signal port  : 1720
Allocated port range   :
    start port         : 1024
    end port           : 1043
Response timeOut       : 15
Connect timeOut        : 200

usr/config$

```

Figure 24-22 h323 -print commend (Gatekeeper mode)

```

usr/config$
H.323 stack relate information
RAS mode                : Peer-to-Peer
Default Gateway         : x
Line1                   : 000
Line2                   : 001
Line3                   : 002
Line4                   : 003
Alias(H323-ID)          : 4FXS-002743
Display Information     : 4FXS
RTP port                : 16384
H225 Call signal port   : 1720
Destination H225 call signal port : 1720
Allocated port range    :
    start port          : 1024
    end port            : 1043
Response timeOut        : 15
Connect timeOut         : 200

usr/config$

```

Figure 24-23 h323 -print commend (Peer to Peer mode)

24.7.11 [line]

Line information and configuration.

```
usr/config$ line

Gateway line information and configuration
Usage:
line [-config number [hunt number][hotline number][forward number]]

line -print    Gateway line information.
      -config  Set Gateway line information.
                hunt: Hunting group.
                hotline: Hot line configuration.
                forward: No answer forward for FXS line.

Example:
      line -config 1 hunt 1 hotline 1003 forward 1002

usr/config$
```

Figure 24-24 line commend list

Parameter Usages:

- print: print out all current settings of line
- config: determine which line to configure
 - hunt: Set hunting group flag of each line. User can assign different hunt group number represent different hunt group.
 - hotline: Set hotline table. The Hotline Mode is applied in limited two channels. User just picks up the phone set of one FXS TEL or calls in one FXO line, and gateway will automatically dial out a phone number. In the other hand, user will hear ring back tone or dial tone immediately depended on configurations of destination device.
 - forward: Set no answer forward table.

For example:

```
usr/config$ line -print

Line information and configuration
Index Type Hunt Hotline      No Answer Forward  Registration Status
=====
```

1	FXS	1	x	x	No	Ready
2	FXS	2	x	x	No	Ready
3	FXS	3	x	x	No	Ready
4	FXS	4	x	x	No	Ready

usr/config\$

Figure 24-25 line -print commend

24.7.12 [prefix]

This command is for make rules for drop or insert prefix digits.

```
usr/config$ prefix

Prefix drop/insert information and configuration
Usage:
prefix [-print]
    [-add [prefix number][drop used][insert digits]]
    [-modify index [prefix number][drop used][insert digits]]
    [-delete index number]

prefix -print  Display drop/insert information.
    -add      Add new prefix drop/insert information
              prefix : The prefix of dialed number.
              drop   : Drop prefix (0=Disable, 1=Enable).
              insert : 1~10 digits.
    -modify  Modify prefix drop/insert information
              index  : The prefix index number record.
              prefix : The prefix of dialed number.
              drop   : Drop prefix (0=Disable, 1=Enable).
              insert : 1~10 digits.
    -delete  Delete prefix index number record.

Example:
prefix -print
prefix -add prefix 100 drop 1 insert 2000
prefix -add prefix 100 drop 1
prefix -add prefix 100 drop 0 insert 200
prefix -modify 1 prefix 100 drop 0 insert 300
prefix -delete 1

usr/config$
```

Figure 24-26 prefix commend list

Parameter Usages:

- add: Add a rule to drop or insert prefix digits of incoming call.
 - prefix: Set which prefix number to implement prefix rule.
 - drop: Enable or disable drop function. If this function is enabled, Gateway will drop prefix number on incoming call.
 - insert: Set which digit to insert on incoming call.

```
usr/config$ prefix -add prefix 100 drop 1 insert 2000
```

- modify: Modify a rule to drop or insert prefix digits of incoming call.

```
usr/config$ prefix -modify 100 drop 0 insert 200
```

- delete: Delete a rule to drop or insert prefix digits of incoming call.

```
usr/config$ prefix -delte modify 100 drop 0 insert 200
```

For example:

```
usr/config$ prefix -print

Prefix drop/insert information and configuration
Index  Prefix                Drop    Insert
-----
1      100                    Enable  2000

usr/config$
```

Figure 24-27 prefix -print commend

24.7.13 [pbook]

Phone Book function allows users to define their own numbers, which mapping to real IP address. It is effective only in peer-to-peer mode. When adding a record to Phone Book, users do not have to reboot the machine, and the record will be effective immediately.

```
usr/config$ pbook

Phone book information and configuration
Usage:
pbook [-print]
      [-add [name string][e164 number][IP address][port number]
        [drop used][insert digits]]
      [-modify number [name string][e164 number][IP address][port
```

```

number]
        [drop used][insert digits]]
        [-delete number]

pbook -print    Display phone book information and configuration.
        -add     Add new phone book record.
                name   : 1 ~ 10 characters.
                e164   : 1 ~ 10 digits.
                ip     : IP address.
                port   : 1024 ~ 65535.
                drop   : Drop prefix (0=Disable, 1=Enable).
                insert : 1 ~ 10 digits.
        -modify  Modify phone book record.
                name   : 1 ~ 10 characters.
                e164   : 1 ~ 10 digits.
                ip     : IP address.
                port   : 1024 ~ 65535.
                drop   : Drop prefix (0=Disable, 1=Enable).
                insert : 1 ~ 10 digits.
        -delete  Delete phone book index record.

Note:
Range of IP address setting (0.0.0.0~255.255.255.255).
Range of index setting value (1~100).

Example:
pbook -print
pbook -add name test e164 1234 ip 192.168.1.10
pbook -add name test e164 1234 ip 192.168.1.10 port 1720 drop 1
insert 5678
pbook -modify 1 name test e164 5678 ip 192.168.1.10 port 1720 drop 0
pbook -delete 1

usr/config$

```

Figure 24-28 pbook commend list

Parameter Usages:

-print: Print out current contents of Phone Book. Users can also add index number, from 1 to 100, to the parameter to show specific phone number.

Note:

Index number: means the sequence number in phone book. If users do request a specific index number in phone book, Gateway will give each record a automatic sequence number as index.

-add: add a new record to phone book. When adding a record, users have to specify name, IP, and e164 number to complete the command.

--name: Name to represent caller.

--e164: e.164 number for mapping with IP address of caller

--ip: IP address of caller

--port: Call signal port number of caller

--drop : Drop e.164 number when dial out. 0 means to keep e.164 number, 1 means to drop e.164 number when dialing out.

--inert: Insert digits.(1~10 digits)

```
usr/config$ pbook -add name test e164 100 ip 192.168.13.78
```

-modify: modify an existing record. When using this command, users have to specify the record's index number, and then make the change.

```
usr/config$ pbook -modify 1 name test e164 5678 ip 192.168.1.10 port 1730 drop 0
```

-delete: delete a specific record. [pbook -delete 3] means delete index 3 record.

```
usr/config$ pbook -delete 3
```

PhoneBook Rules:

The e164 number defined in phone book will fully carry to destination. It is not just a representative number for destination's IP Address. In other words, user dial this e164 number to reach destination, destination will receive the number and find out if it is matched to its e164, including Line number in some particular device.

For example:

```
usr/config$ pbook -print

Phone book information and configuration
Index  Name      E.164      IP          Port  Drop   Insert
=====
1      test       100        192.168.13.78  1720  Disable
usr/config$
```

Figure 24-29 pbook -print commend

24.7.14 [voice]

The voice command is associated with the audio setting information. There are four voice codecs supported by Gateway.

```
usr/config$ voice

Voice codec setting information and configuration
Usage:
voice [-print]
      [-send [G723 ms] [G729 ms] [G729A ms] [G729B ms] [G729AB
ms] [G711U ms] [G
711A ms] ]
voice [-priority [G723] [G729] [G729A] [G729B] [G729AB] [G711U]
[G711A] ]
      [-volume line [voice level][input level][dtmf level]]
      [-nscng [G711U used1][G711A used2][G723 used3]]
      [-echo used][-mindelay t1][-maxdelay t2]

-print      Display voice codec information and configuration.
-send       Specify sending packet size.
            G.723 (30/60/90 ms)
            G.729 (20/40/60 ms)
            G.729A (20/40/60 ms)
            G.729B (20/40/60 ms)
            G.729AB (20/40/60 ms)
            G.711U (20/40/60 ms)
            G.711A (20/40/60 ms)
-priority   Priority preference of installed codecs.
            G.723
            G.729
            G.729A
            G.729B
            G.729AB
            G.711U
            G.711A
-volume     Specify the following levels:
            voice volume (0~63, default: 30),
```

```

        input gain (0~63, default: 30),
        dtmf volume (0~31, default: 23),
    -nscng    No sound compression and CNG (G.723.1 only, 0=Off,
1=On).
    -echo     Setting of echo canceller. (0=Off, 1=On, per port basis).
    -mindelay Setting of jitter buffer min delay. (0~150, default: 90).
    -maxdelay Setting of jitter buffer max delay. (0~150, default: 150).
Example:
    voice -send g723 60 g729 60 g729a 60 g729b 60 g729ab 60 g711u 60
g711a 60
    voice -volume 1 voice 20 input 32 dtmf 27
    voice -echo 1 1 1 1
usr/config$

```

Figure 24-30 voice command list

Parameter Usages:

- print: Print current voice information and configurations.
- send: To define packet size for each codec. 20/40/60ms means to send a voice packet per 20/40/60 milliseconds. The smaller the packet size, the shorter the delay time. If network is in good condition, smaller sending packet size is recommended. In this parameter, 20/40/60ms is applicable to G.711u/a law, and G.729 codec, while 30/60ms is applicable to G.723.1 codec.
- priority: Codec priority while negotiating with other h323 device. This parameter determines the listed sequence in h.245 TCS message. The codec listed in left side has the highest priority when both parties determining final codec. User can also select the particular codec without others.

```

usr/config$ voice -priority g723 (only select this codec)
usr/config$ voice -priority g723 g729 g711u g711a (select four codecs,
and g723 is the first choice)

```

- volume: There are three adjustable value.
 - voice volume stands for volume, which can be heard from Gateway side(range 0~63, default: 28).
 - input gain stands for volume, which the opposite party hears (range 0~38, default: 28).
 - dtmf volume stands for DTMF volume/level, which sends to its own

Line (range 0~31, default: 23).

-nscng: Silence suppression and comfort noise generation setting (1 = ON; 0 = OFF). It is applicable to G.723 codec only.

```
usr/config$ voice -nscng g723 1
```

-echo: On or Off the activate each canceler.

-mindelay: The minimum jitter buffer size (Default value= 90 ms).

-maxdelay: The minimum jitter buffer size (Default value= 150 ms).

```
usr/config$ voice -mindelay 90 -maxdelay 150
```

Note:

Be sure to know well the application before you change voice parameters because this might cause incompatibility.

For example:

```
usr/config$ voice -print

Voice codec setting relate information
  Sending packet size  :
    G.723.1           : 60 ms
    G.729             : 60 ms
    G.729A            : 60 ms
    G.729B            : 60 ms
    G.729AB           : 60 ms
    G.711U            : 40 ms
    G.711A            : 40 ms
  Priority order codec :
    g7231 g729 g729a g729b g729ab g711u g711a
  Volume levels       :
    voice volume : 29 28 29 28
    input gain   : 36 36 36 36
    dtmf volume  : 23 23 23 23
  No sound compress & CNG :
    G.723.1      : Off
    G.729        : There is no setting
    G.729A       : There is no setting
    G.729B       : There is no setting
    G.729AB      : There is no setting
    G.711(U-Law) : There is no setting
```

```

G.711(A-Law) : There is no setting
Echo canceller      : On On On On
Jitter buffer      :
    Min Delay       : 90
    Max Delay       : 150

usr/config$

```

Figure 24-31 voice -print commend

24.7.15 [support]

This command provides some extra functions that might be needed by users.

```

usr/config$ support

Special Voice function support manipulation
Usage:
support [-print][-t38 used][-t38ecm used][-t38asn1 used][-faxrdd
digits]
    [-fstart used][-tunnel used][-h245fs used][-earlyh245 used]
    [-h450 used]

support -print Display support information and configuration.
    -t38      T.38(FAX) (0=Disabled, 1=Enabled).
    -t38ecm   T.38(FAX) ECM (0=Disabled, 1=Enabled).
    -t38asn1  T.38(FAX) ASN.1 support (0=Disabled, 1=Enabled).
    -faxrdd   FAX redundancy depth (0 ~ 2).
    -fstart   Fast start (0=Disabled, 1=Enabled).
    -tunnel   H245 Tunneling (0=Disabled, 1=Enabled).
    -h245fs   H245 message after FastStart support (0=Disabled,
1=Enabled).
    -earlyh245 EarlyH245 support (0=Disabled, 1=Enabled).
    -h450     H450 support (0=Disabled, 1=Enabled).

Example:
    support -t38 1
    support -t38ecm 1
    support -t38asn1 1
    support -faxrdd 1
    support -fstart 1

```

```
support -tunnel 1
support -h245fs 1
support -earlyh245 1
support -h450 1

usr/config$
```

Figure 24-32 support commend list

Parameter Usages:

- print: print current settings in support command.
- t38: Enable or disable T.38 fax ability. The function is will automatically defer codec (G.723 or G.729a) to T.38 when FAX signal is detected.
- t38ecm: Enable or disable t38ecm function. The function is support the error correction in the high-speed fax mode.
- t38asn1: Enable or disable Enable ASN.1 function. The function is support with the FAX.
- faxrdd: Set fax redundancy depth. User can increase FAX redundancy depth when network traffic is heavy. For example, if user set fax redundancy as 2, Gateway will resend fax packets every 2 packets.
- fstart: Enable or disable fstartStart function. The function is can shorten the connection time if the opposite party also supports fastStart.
- tunnel: Enable or disable H.245 tunneling function. The function is send H.245 (Call Control messages) via H.225's (Call Signal messages) link. The function is effective only when both side support h245 tunnel.
- h245fs: Enable or disable Gateway H.245 FastStart. The function is send h.245 messages after FastStart.
- earlyh245: Enable or disable early H.245 function. The function is effective only when both sides support early H.245.
- h450: Enable or disable H.450 related features, which include transfer, hold and forward.

Note:

It is not recommended to change the value in this command, only if users do know well the application. This might cause incompatibility with other devices.

For example:

```
usr/config$ support -print
```

```

Special Voice function support manipulation
  T.38(FAX) support      : Disabled
  T.38(FAX) ECM         : Disabled
  T.38(FAX) ASN.1       : Disabled
  FAX redundancy depth  : 0
  FastStart support     : Enabled
  Tunneling support     : Disabled
  H.245 message after FastStart support : Enabled
  EarlyH245 support     : Disabled
  H450 support          : Disabled

usr/config$

```

Figure 24-33 support -print commend

24.7.16 [sysinfo]

This command could show up the line is busy or not.

```

usr/config$ sysinfo

System information
Index Reg. Status
=====
1      No   Ready
2      No   Ready
3      No   Ready
4      No   Ready

usr/config$

```

Figure 24-34 sysinfo commend list

Note:

Index: Line channel.

Reg: Line registration Gatekeeper status. If you use registration Gatekeeper server, then display registration status [No] or [OK].

Status: Line status in use display [busy] or not use display [Ready]. When you set h323 line number [x] disable, the status field not check h323 line number setup.

24.7.17 [phone]

Gateway progress tone is configurable. Default tone value is set according

to U.S. tone specification. Users may adjust the values according to their own country's tone specification or users-defined tone specification.

```
usr/config$ phone
```

Phone ringing , ringback tone , busy tone , dial tone setting and notes

Usage:

```
phone [-print [ring][rbt][bt][dt][flash]]
      [-ring [freq ][ringON ][ringOFF ][ringLevel]]
      [-rbt  [freqLo ][freqHi ][freqLoLev][freqHiLev]
           [Tone1ON][Tone1OFF][Tone2ON ][Tone2OFF ]]
      [-bt   [freqLo ][freqHi ][freqLoLev][freqHiLev]
           [Tone1ON][Tone1OFF][Tone2ON ][Tone2OFF ]]
      [-dt   [freqLo ][freqHi ][freqLoLev][freqHiLev]
           [Tone1ON][Tone1OFF][Tone2ON ][Tone2OFF ]]
      [-flash [freqLo ][freqHi ]]
```

phone -print Display phone ringing/tone configuration.

```
ring  : ringing
rbt   : ringback tone
bt    : busy tone
dt    : dial tone
flash : flash tone
```

```
-ring  ringing configuration set.
-rbt   ringback tone configuration set.
-bt    busy tone configuration set.
-dt    dial tone configuration set.
-flash flash configuration set.
```

Note:

```
ringing frequency   : 15 ~ 100 (Unit : Hz)
ringing ring ON/OFF : 0 ~ 8000 (Unit : ms)
ringing level       : 0 ~ 94 (Unit : V)
tone frequency      : 0 ~ 65535 (Unit : Hz)
tone freqLevel      : 0 ~ 65535 (Unit : mVrms)
tone Tone ON/OFF    : 0 ~ 8000 (Unit : ms)
```

Example:

```
phone -print rbt
phone -ring 20 2000 4000 94
phone -rbt 440 480 8 8 2000 4000 2000 4000
```

```

phone -bt 620 480 8 8 500 500 1023 1023
phone -dt 440 350 8 8 500 1023 500 1023
phone -flash 100 300

usr/config$

```

Figure 24-35 phone command list

Parameter Usages:

- print: Print current call progress tone configurations (ring: ring tone, rbt: ring back tone, bt: busy tone, dt: dial tone). This parameter should be accompanied with tone type.
- ring: To set RING tone value. The played tone type, when Gateway is receiving a call.
- rbt: To set RingBackTone value. The played tone type, when Gateway receives a Q.931 Alerting message. In condition that Gateway is the originate side.
- bt: To set BusyTone value. The played tone type, when destination is busy.
- dt: To set DialTone value. The played tone type, when hook off a phone set of workable Gateway.
- flash: Set the detective flash range in ms, for example, 300-500 ms.

Note:

For tone simulation, Gateway adopts dual frequencies as traditional telephone does. If users want to have their own call progress tone, they can change the value of tones. High and Low frequency/level/cadence can be configured respectively.

For example:

```

usr/config$ phone -print rbt
Phone ringback tone paramter
  Ringback Tone frequency high      : 480
  Ringback Tone frequency low       : 440
  Ringback Tone frequency high level : 155
  Ringback Tone frequency low level  : 155
  Ringback Tone tone1 on            : 2000
  Ringback Tone tone1 off           : 4000
  Ringback Tone tone2 on            : 2000
  Ringback Tone tone2 off           : 4000

```

Figure 24-36 phone -print rbt commend

```
usr/config$ phone -print rbt

Phone ring back tone paramter
  Ringback Tone frequency high      : 440
  Ringback Tone frequency low       : 480
  Ringback Tone frequency high level : 13
  Ringback Tone frequency low level  : 13
  Ringback Tone tone1 on            : 100
  Ringback Tone tone1 off           : 200
  Ringback Tone tone2 on            : 100
  Ringback Tone tone2 off           : 200

usr/config$
```

Figure 24-37 phone -print rbt commend

```
usr/config$ phone -print bt

Phone busy tone paramter
  Busy Tone frequency low           : 480
  Busy Tone frequency high          : 620
  Busy Tone frequency low level     : 8
  Busy Tone frequency high level    : 8
  Busy Tone tone1 on                : 50
  Busy Tone tone1 off               : 50
  Busy Tone tone2 on                : 50
  Busy Tone tone2 off               : 50

usr/config$
```

Figure 24-38 phone -print bt commend

```
usr/config$ phone -print dt

Phone dial tone paramter
  Dial Tone frequency low           : 350
  Dial Tone frequency high          : 440
  Dial Tone frequency low level     : 8
```

```

Dial Tone frequency high level : 8
Dial Tone tone1 on             : 500
Dial Tone tone1 off           : 1023
Dial Tone tone2 on             : 500
Dial Tone tone2 off           : 1023

usr/config$

```

Figure 24-39 phone -print dt command

```

usr/config$ phone -print flash

Phone flash paramter
  Flash frequency high : 300
  Flash frequency low  : 100

usr/config$

```

Figure 24-40 phone -print flash command

24.7.18 [tos]

IP Packet ToS (Type of Service)/ Differentiated Service configuration.

```

Usr/config$ tos

IP Packet ToS (Type of Service)/Differentiated Service configuration
Usage:
tos [-print][-rtptype dscp][-sigtype dscp]

tos -print    Display IP packet Tos configuration.
  -rtptype    The packages of voice (0~63).
  -sigtype    The package of call signal (0~63).
Example:
  tos -rtptype 7 -sigtype 0

usr/config$

```

Figure 24-41 tos command list

Parameter Usages:

- rtptype: the packages of voice (0~63).
- sigtype: the package of call signal (0~63).

Note:

The value of `rttype` and `sigtype` is from 0 to 63. It's working if it supported by your network.

For example:

```
usr/config$ tos -print

IP Packet ToS information:
  Signalling Packet:
    DSCP Code : 0
  Media Packet      :
    DSCP Code : 0

usr/config$
```

Figure 24-42 `tos -print` commend**24.7.19 [ddns]**

The dynamic DNS service information and configuration

```
usr/config$ ddns

The dynamic DNS service information and configuration
Usage:
ddns [-print][-enable used][-server Address][-hostname Name][-id
Account]
      [-passwd Password][-checkip used][-checkipsrv Address][-delay
time]
      [-force IP]

ddns -print      Display Dynamic DNS information and configuration.
  -enable        Use the dynamic DNS service(0=Disable, 1=Enabled).
  -server         Specify DDNS server address.
  -hostname      Registered domain name.
  -id            Registered account ID.
  -passwd        Registered account password.
  -checkip       Check the host current IP address(0=Disable,
1=Enabled).
  -checkipsv1    Specify IP address check server.
```

```

    -checkiprv2  Specify secondary IP address check server.
    -delay       Setting the service delay time (1~59 minutes or 1~24
    hours).
    -force       Force execute the dynamic DNS service.
Example:
    ddns -print
    ddns -enable 1
    ddns -server member.dyndns.org -hostname ipphone.dyndns.org
    ddns -delay 30 m (30 minutes)
    ddns -delay 12 h (12 hours)
    ddns -force 11.22.33.44
usr/config$

```

Figure 24-43 ddns commend list

Parameter Usages:

- enable: Enable or disable the DDNS function.
- server: Enter the server address of the DDNS server you use.
- hostname: Enter the domain name address which you get from the DDNS server.
- id: Enter your login DDNS server id.
- passwd: Enter your login DDNS server password.
- checkIP: Enable or disable the check current user's IP address.
- checkIPsrv1: Enter the IP address of the check server.
- checkIPsrv2: Enter the secondary IP address of the check server.
- delay: Enable or disable the service delay time.
- force: Execute the DDNS function all the times.

Note:

Support DDNS Server: www.dyndns.org.

For example:

```

usr/config$ ddns -print

Dynamic DNS service information
  Status           : Enable
  Server           : www.dyndns.org
  Host Name        : totoro609.dnsalias.net

```

```

ID                : totoro609
Password          : 123456789
Check IP          : Disable
IP Check Server1 : checkip.dyndns.org
IP Check Server2 : checkip.dyndns.org
Delay             : Off

usr/config$

```

Figure 24-44 ddns -print commend

24.7.20 [pt]

RTP payload type configuration and information

```

usr/config$ pt

RTP payload type configuration and information
Usage:
pt [-print][-rfc2833 type][-dtmf type][-fax type][-faxbypass type]
  [-modembypass type][-redundancy type][-modemrelayp type]

pt -print          Display the RTP payload type information.
  -rfc2833         Configure the DTMF RFC2833 payload type.
  -dtmf            Configure the DTMF payload type.
  -fax             Configure the FAX payload type.
  -faxbypass       Configure the FAX ByPass payload type.
  -modembypass     Configure the MODEM ByPass payload type.
  -redundancy      Configure the Redundancy payload type.
  -modemrelay      Configure the MODEM Relay payload type.

Example:
  pt -rfc2833 96 -fax 101

usr/config$

```

Figure 24-45 pt commend List

For example:

```

usr/config$ pt -print

RTP payload type information
  RFC2833 payload type      : 96

```

```

DTMF payload type      : 100
FAX payload type       : 101
FAX ByPass payload type : 102
MODEM ByPass payload type : 103
Redundancy payload type : 104
MODEM Relay payload type : 105

usr/config$

```

Figure 24-46 pt -print commend

24.7.21 [rom]

ROM file information and firmware upgrade function.

```

usr/config$ rom

ROM files updating commands
Usage:
rom [-print][-app][-boot][-boot2m][-dsptest][-dspcore][-dspapp]
    [-s TFTP/FTP server ip][-f filename][-method used]
    [-ftp [username][passwd]]

rom -print      Show versions of rom files (optional).
  -app          Update main application code (optional).
  -boot         Update main boot code (optional).
  -boot2m       Update 2M code (optional).
  -dsptest      Update DSP testing code (optional).
  -dspcore      Update DSP kernel code (optional).
  -dspapp       Update DSP application code (optional).
  -s            IP address of TFTP/FTP server (mandatory).
  -f            File name (mandatory).
  -method       Download via TFTP/FTP (0=TFTP, 1=FTP)
  -ftp          specify username and password for FTP.

Note:
  This command can run select one option in 'app', 'boot',
  'dsptest', 'dspcore', and 'dspapp'.

Example:
rom -method 1
rom -ftp vwusr vwusr
rom -app -s 192.168.4.101 -f app.bin

```

```
usr/config$
```

Figure 24-47 rom commend List

Parameter Usages:

- print: show versions of all rom files
- app, boot, boot2m, dsptest, dspcore, dspapp: To update main Application program code, Boot code, DSP testing code, DSP kernel code, or DSP application code.

Note:

Most of all, the Rom file needed to get upgrade is App or Boot2m. Please check the exactly Rom file before doing download procedure.

- s: To specify TFTP server's IP address when upgrading ROM files.
- f: To specify the target file name, which will replace the old one.
- method: To decide using TFTP or FTP as file transfer server. [0] stands for TFTP, while [1] stands for FTP.
- ftp: If users choose FTP in above item, it is necessary to specify pre-defined username and password when upgrading files.

For example:

```
usr/config$ rom -print

Download Method : TFTP
  Boot Rom      : sdboot.200
Application Rom : 4afx.204.bin
  DSP App       : 48302ce3.140
  DSP Kernel    : 48302ck.140
  DSP Test Code : 483cbit.bin

usr/config$
```

Figure 24-48 rom -print commend

24.7.22 [auth]

For security concern, the "root" user can customize some configurable items for "administrator" user.

```
usr/config$ auth

Auth to customized the WEB configuration item for administrator.
Usage:
```

```
auth -print Display auth switch configuration.  
          Use item name to do config name (0=Disable, 1=Enabled).  
Example: auth -ifaddr 1  
  
usr/config$
```

Figure 24-49 auth command list

Parameter Usages:

- “item name”: Assign the configurable item for “administrator” user.

```
usr/config$ auth -ifaddr 1  
usr/config$ auth -h323 1  
usr/config$ auth -voice 1
```

- print: Display the configurable items for “administrator” user.

For example:

```
usr/config$ auth -print  
  
Auth to customized the WEB configuration item for administrator.  
ifaddr   : Enable  
h323     : Enable  
line     : Disable  
pbook    : Enable  
support  : Disable  
sysconf  : Disable  
voice    : Enable  
phone    : Disable  
rtp      : Disable  
tos      : Disable  
ddns     : Disable  
prefix   : Disable  
passwd   : Enable  
version  : Enable  
rom      : Disable  
flash    : Disable  
  
usr/config$
```

Figure 24-50 auth -print command

24.7.23 [passwd]

For security concern, users have to input the password before entering configuration mode. [passwd] command is for password setting purpose.

```
usr/config$ passwd

Password setting information and configuration
Usage:
passwd [-set [Login name] [Password]][-clean]

passwd -set    Loginname Password.
             -clean  Clear all password stored in flash.
Note:
  1. Loginname can be only 'root' or 'administrator'
  2. passwd -clean will clear all passwd stored in flash,
     please use it with care.
Example:
  passwd -set root Your_Passwd_Setting
  passwd -clean

usr/config$
```

Figure 24-51 passwd commend List

Parameter Usages:

-set: Set login name and password, input login name then input new password.
-clean: Will clear all password setup, and change null.

Note:

Gateway Login name only use [root] or [administrator]. [root] and [administrator] have the same authorization, except commands that can be excuted by [Login name: root] only [passwd -set root], [rom -boot], [room-boot2m] and [flash -clean].

For example:

```
usr/config$ passwd -set root root1234

Setting
login: root
Password: root1234
```

```
OK  
usr/config$
```

Figure 24-52 passwd -set commend

```
sr/config$ passwd -clean  
  
Please wait a moment!!  
  
Clean password OK.  
usr/config$
```

Figure 24-53 passwd -clean commend